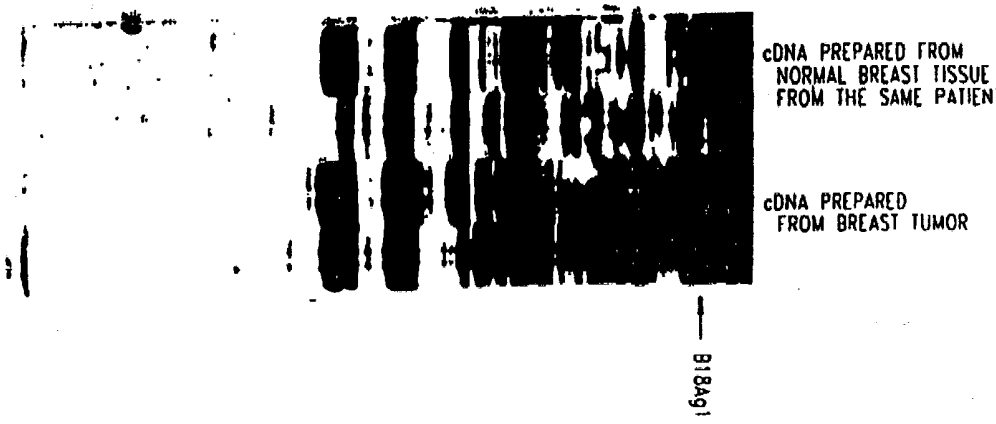


## INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

<b>(51) International Patent Classification <sup>7</sup> :</b> C12N 15/12, C07K 14/47, 16/18, 19/00, C12N 15/62, A61K 38/17, 39/395, 48/00, C12N 5/08, G01N 33/574, C12Q 1/68	<b>A2</b>	<b>(11) International Publication Number:</b> <b>WO 00/61753</b>  <b>(43) International Publication Date:</b> 19 October 2000 (19.10.00)								
<b>(21) International Application Number:</b> PCT/US00/09312  <b>(22) International Filing Date:</b> 7 April 2000 (07.04.00)  <b>(30) Priority Data:</b> <table border="0"> <tr> <td>09/289,198</td> <td>9 April 1999 (09.04.99)</td> <td>US</td> </tr> <tr> <td>09/429,755</td> <td>28 October 1999 (28.10.99)</td> <td>US</td> </tr> <tr> <td>09/534,825</td> <td>23 March 2000 (23.03.00)</td> <td>US</td> </tr> </table> <b>(71) Applicant:</b> CORIXA CORPORATION [US/US]; Suite 200, 1124 Columbia Street, Seattle, WA 98104 (US).  <b>(72) Inventors:</b> FRUDAKIS, Tony, N.; 7937 Broadmoor Pines Boulevard, Sarasota, FL 34243 (US). SMITH, John, M.; 208 - 116th Place S.E., Everett, WA 98208 (US). REED, Steven, G.; 2843 - 122nd Place N.E., Bellevue, WA 98005 (US). MISHNER, Lynda, E.; 6251 53rd Avenue N.E., Seattle, WA 98115 (US). RETTER, Marc, W.; 33402 N.E. 43rd Place, Carnation, WA 98014 (US). DILLON, Davin, C.; 21607 N.E. 24th Street, Redmond, WA 98053 (US).  <b>(74) Agents:</b> POTTER, Jane, E., R.; Seed Intellectual Property Law Group PLLC, Suite 6300, 701 Fifth Avenue, Seattle, WA 98104-7092 (US) et al.	09/289,198	9 April 1999 (09.04.99)	US	09/429,755	28 October 1999 (28.10.99)	US	09/534,825	23 March 2000 (23.03.00)	US	<b>(81) Designated States:</b> AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).  <b>Published</b> <i>Without international search report and to be republished          upon receipt of that report.</i>
09/289,198	9 April 1999 (09.04.99)	US								
09/429,755	28 October 1999 (28.10.99)	US								
09/534,825	23 March 2000 (23.03.00)	US								
<b>(54) Title:</b> COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS FOR THE TREATMENT AND DIAGNOSIS OF BREAST CANCER  <div style="text-align: center;">  </div> <b>(57) Abstract</b>  Compositions and methods for the detection and therapy of breast cancer are disclosed. The compounds provided include nucleotide sequences that are preferentially expressed in breast tumor tissue, as well as polypeptides encoded by such nucleotide sequences. Vaccines and pharmaceutical compositions comprising such compounds are also provided and may be used, for example, for the prevention and treatment of breast cancer. The polypeptides may also be used for the production of antibodies, which are useful for diagnosing and monitoring the progression of breast cancer in a patient.										

**FOR THE PURPOSES OF INFORMATION ONLY**

Codes used to identify States party to the PCT on the front pages of pamphlets publishing international applications under the PCT.

AL	Albania	ES	Spain	LS	Lesotho	SI	Slovenia
AM	Armenia	FI	Finland	LT	Lithuania	SK	Slovakia
AT	Austria	FR	France	LU	Luxembourg	SN	Senegal
AU	Australia	GA	Gabon	LV	Latvia	SZ	Swaziland
AZ	Azerbaijan	GB	United Kingdom	MC	Monaco	TD	Chad
BA	Bosnia and Herzegovina	GE	Georgia	MD	Republic of Moldova	TG	Togo
BB	Barbados	GH	Ghana	MG	Madagascar	TJ	Tajikistan
BE	Belgium	GN	Guinea	MK	The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	TM	Turkmenistan
BF	Burkina Faso	GR	Greece	ML	Mali	TR	Turkey
BG	Bulgaria	HU	Hungary	MN	Mongolia	TT	Trinidad and Tobago
BJ	Benin	IE	Ireland	MR	Mauritania	UA	Ukraine
BR	Brazil	IL	Israel	MW	Malawi	UG	Uganda
BY	Belarus	IS	Iceland	MX	Mexico	US	United States of America
CA	Canada	IT	Italy	NE	Niger	UZ	Uzbekistan
CF	Central African Republic	JP	Japan	NL	Netherlands	VN	Viet Nam
CG	Congo	KE	Kenya	NO	Norway	YU	Yugoslavia
CH	Switzerland	KG	Kyrgyzstan	NZ	New Zealand	ZW	Zimbabwe
CI	Côte d'Ivoire	KP	Democratic People's Republic of Korea	PL	Poland		
CM	Cameroon	KR	Republic of Korea	PT	Portugal		
CN	China	KZ	Kazakhstan	RO	Romania		
CU	Cuba	LC	Saint Lucia	RU	Russian Federation		
CZ	Czech Republic	LI	Liechtenstein	SD	Sudan		
DE	Germany	LK	Sri Lanka	SE	Sweden		
DK	Denmark	LR	Liberia	SG	Singapore		
EE	Estonia						

## COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS FOR THE TREATMENT AND DIAGNOSIS OF BREAST CANCER

### TECHNICAL FIELD

The present invention relates generally to the detection and therapy of breast cancer. The invention is more specifically related to nucleotide sequences that are preferentially expressed in breast tumor tissue and to polypeptides encoded by such nucleotide sequences. The nucleotide sequences and polypeptides may be used in vaccines and pharmaceutical compositions for the prevention and treatment of breast cancer. The polypeptides may also be used for the production of compounds, such as antibodies, useful for diagnosing and monitoring the progression of breast cancer in a patient.

### BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Breast cancer is a significant health problem for women in the United States and throughout the world. Although advances have been made in detection and treatment of the disease, breast cancer remains the second leading cause of cancer-related deaths in women, affecting more than 180,000 women in the United States each year. For women in North America, the life-time odds of getting breast cancer are now one in eight.

No vaccine or other universally successful method for the prevention or treatment of breast cancer is currently available. Management of the disease currently relies on a combination of early diagnosis (through routine breast screening procedures) and aggressive treatment, which may include one or more of a variety of treatments such as surgery, radiotherapy, chemotherapy and hormone therapy. The course of treatment for a particular breast cancer is often selected based on a variety of prognostic parameters, including an analysis of specific tumor markers. See, e.g., Porter-Jordan and Lippman, *Breast Cancer* 8:73-100 (1994). However, the use of established markers often leads to a result that is difficult to interpret, and the high mortality observed in

breast cancer patients indicates that improvements are needed in the treatment, diagnosis and prevention of the disease.

Accordingly, there is a need in the art for improved methods for therapy and diagnosis of breast cancer. The present invention fulfills these needs and further provides other related advantages.

## SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Briefly stated, the subject invention provides compositions and methods for the diagnosis and therapy of breast cancer. In one aspect, isolated polynucleotides are provided, comprising (a) a nucleotide sequence preferentially expressed in breast cancer tissue, relative to normal tissue; (b) a variant of such a sequence, as defined below; or (c) a nucleotide sequence encoding an epitope of a polypeptide encoded by at least one of the above sequences. In one embodiment, the isolated polynucleotide comprises a human endogenous retroviral sequence recited in SEQ ID NO: 1. In other embodiments, the isolated polynucleotide comprises a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 3-26, 28-77, 142, 143, 146-152, 154-166, 168-176, 178-192, 194-198, 200-204, 206, 207, 209-214, 216, 218, 219, 221-240, 243-245, 247, 250, 251, 253, 255, 257-266, 268, 269, 271-273, 275, 276, 278, 280, 281, 284, 288, 291-298, 301-303, 307, 313, 314, 316 and 317.

In related embodiments, the isolated polynucleotide encodes an epitope of a polypeptide, wherein the polypeptide is encoded by a nucleotide sequence that: (a) hybridizes to a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 1, 3-26, 28-77, 142, 143, 146-152, 154-166, 168-176, 178-192, 194-198, 200-204, 206, 207, 209-214, 216, 218, 219, 221-240, 243-245, 247, 250, 251, 253, 255, 257-266, 268, 269, 271-273, 275, 276, 278, 280, 281, 284, 288, 291-298, 301-303, 307, 313, 314, 316 and 317 under stringent conditions; and (b) is at least 80% identical to a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 1, 3-26, 28-77, 142, 143, 146-152, 154-166, 168-176, 178-192, 194-198, 200-204, 206, 207, 209-214, 216, 218, 219, 221-240, 243-245, 247, 250, 251, 253, 255, 257-266, 268, 269, 271-273, 275, 276, 278, 280, 281, 284, 288, 291-298, 301-303, 307, 313, 314, 316 and 317.



In another embodiment, the present invention provides an isolated polynucleotide encoding an epitope of a polypeptide, the polypeptide being encoded by:

(a) a nucleotide sequence transcribed from the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 141; or (b) a variant of said nucleotide sequence that contains one or more nucleotide substitutions, deletions, insertions and/or modifications at no more than 20% of the nucleotide positions, such that the antigenic and/or immunogenic properties of the polypeptide encoded by the nucleotide sequence are retained. Isolated DNA and RNA molecules comprising a nucleotide sequence complementary to a polynucleotide as described above are also provided.

In related aspects, the present invention provides recombinant expression vectors comprising a polynucleotide as described above and host cells transformed or transfected with such expression vectors.

In further aspects, polypeptides comprising an amino acid sequence encoded by a polynucleotide as described above, and monoclonal antibodies that bind to such polypeptides are provided. In certain embodiments, the inventive polypeptides comprise an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 299, 300, 304-306, 308 and 315, and variants thereof as defined below.

In yet another aspect, methods are provided for determining the presence of breast cancer in a patient. In one embodiment, the method comprises detecting, within a biological sample, a polypeptide as described above. In another embodiment, the method comprises detecting, within a biological sample, an RNA molecule encoding a polypeptide as described above. In yet another embodiment, the method comprises (a) intradermally injecting a patient with a polypeptide as described above; and (b) detecting an immune response on the patient's skin and therefrom detecting the presence of breast cancer in the patient. In further embodiments, the present invention provides methods for determining the presence of breast cancer in a patient as described above wherein the polypeptide is encoded by a nucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 78-86, 144, 145, 153, 167, 177, 193, 199, 205, 208, 215, 217, 220, 241, 242, 246, 248, 249, 252, 256, 267, 270, 274, 277, 279, 282, 283, 285-287, 289, 290 and sequences that hybridize thereto under stringent conditions.

In a related aspect, diagnostic kits useful in the determination of breast cancer are provided. The diagnostic kits generally comprise either one or more monoclonal antibodies as described above, or one or more monoclonal antibodies that bind to a polypeptide encoded by a nucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of sequences provided in SEQ ID NO: 78-86, 144, 145, 153, 167, 177, 193, 199, 205, 208, 215, 217, 220, 241, 242 and 246, 248, 249, 252, 256, 267, 270, 274, 277, 279, 282, 283, 285-287, 289, 290 and a detection reagent.

Diagnostic kits are also provided that comprise a first polymerase chain reaction primer and a second polymerase chain reaction primer, at least one of the primers being specific for a polynucleotide described herein. In one embodiment, at least one of the primers comprises at least about 10 contiguous nucleotides of a polynucleotide as described above, or a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide encoded by a sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 78-86, 144, 145, 153, 167, 177, 193, 199, 205, 208, 215, 217, 220, 241, 242, 246, 248, 249, 252, 256, 267, 270, 274, 277, 279, 282, 283, 285-287, 289 and 290.

Within another related aspect, the diagnostic kit comprises at least one oligonucleotide probe, the probe being specific for a polynucleotide described herein. In one embodiment, the probe comprises at least about 15 contiguous nucleotides of a polynucleotide as described above, or a polynucleotide selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 78-86, 144, 145, 153, 167, 177, 193, 199, 205, 208, 215, 217, 220, 241, 242, 246, 248, 249, 252, 256, 267, 270, 274, 277, 279, 282, 283, 285-287, 289 and 290.

In another related aspect, the present invention provides methods for monitoring the progression of breast cancer in a patient. In one embodiment, the method comprises: (a) detecting an amount, in a biological sample, of a polypeptide as described above at a first point in time; (b) repeating step (a) at a subsequent point in time; and (c) comparing the amounts of polypeptide detected in steps (a) and (b), and therefrom monitoring the progression of breast cancer in the patient. In another embodiment, the method comprises (a) detecting an amount, within a biological sample, of an RNA molecule encoding a polypeptide as described above at a first point in time; (b) repeating

step (a) at a subsequent point in time; and (c) comparing the amounts of RNA molecules detected in steps (a) and (b), and therefrom monitoring the progression of breast cancer in the patient. In yet other embodiments, the present invention provides methods for monitoring the progression of breast cancer in a patient as described above wherein the polypeptide is encoded by a nucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 78-86, 144, 145, 153, 167, 177, 193, 199, 205, 208, 215, 217, 220, 241, 242, 246, 248, 249, 252, 256, 267, 270, 274, 277, 279, 282, 283, 285-287, 289, 290 and sequences that hybridize thereto under stringent conditions.

In still other aspects, pharmaceutical compositions, which comprise a polypeptide as described above in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier, and vaccines, which comprise a polypeptide as described above in combination with an immunostimulant or adjuvant, are provided. In yet other aspects, the present invention provides pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines comprising a polypeptide encoded by a nucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 78-86, 144, 145, 153, 167, 177, 193, 199, 205, 208, 215, 217, 220, 241, 242 and 246, 248, 249, 252, 256, 267, 270, 274, 277, 279, 282, 283, 285-287, 289, 290 and sequences that hybridize thereto under stringent conditions.

In related aspects, the present invention provides methods for inhibiting the development of breast cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient a pharmaceutical composition or vaccine as described above.

These and other aspects of the present invention will become apparent upon reference to the following detailed description and attached drawings. All references disclosed herein are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety as if each was incorporated individually.

## BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Figure 1 shows the differential display PCR products, separated by gel electrophoresis, obtained from cDNA prepared from normal breast tissue (lanes 1 and 2) and from cDNA prepared from breast tumor tissue from the same patient (lanes 3 and 4). The arrow indicates the band corresponding to B18Ag1.

Figure 2 is a northern blot comparing the level of B18Ag1 mRNA in breast tumor tissue (lane 1) with the level in normal breast tissue.

Figure 3 shows the level of B18Ag1 mRNA in breast tumor tissue compared to that in various normal and non-breast tumor tissues as determined by RNase protection assays.

Figure 4 is a genomic clone map showing the location of additional retroviral sequences obtained from ends of XbaI restriction digests (provided in SEQ ID NO:3 - SEQ ID NO:10) relative to B18Ag1.

Figures 5A and 5B show the sequencing strategy, genomic organization and predicted open reading frame for the retroviral element containing B18Ag1.

Figure 6 shows the nucleotide sequence of the representative breast tumor-specific cDNA B18Ag1.

Figure 7 shows the nucleotide sequence of the representative breast tumor-specific cDNA B17Ag1.

Figure 8 shows the nucleotide sequence of the representative breast tumor-specific cDNA B17Ag2.

Figure 9 shows the nucleotide sequence of the representative breast tumor-specific cDNA B13Ag2a.

Figure 10 shows the nucleotide sequence of the representative breast tumor-specific cDNA B13Ag1b.

Figure 11 shows the nucleotide sequence of the representative breast tumor-specific cDNA B13Ag1a.

Figure 12 shows the nucleotide sequence of the representative breast tumor-specific cDNA B11Ag1.

Figure 13 shows the nucleotide sequence of the representative breast tumor-specific cDNA B3CA3c.

Figure 14 shows the nucleotide sequence of the representative breast tumor-specific cDNA B9CG1.

Figure 15 shows the nucleotide sequence of the representative breast tumor-specific cDNA B9CG3.

Figure 16 shows the nucleotide sequence of the representative breast tumor-specific cDNA B2CA2.

Figure 17 shows the nucleotide sequence of the representative breast tumor-specific cDNA B3CA1.

5 Figure 18 shows the nucleotide sequence of the representative breast tumor-specific cDNA B3CA2.

Figure 19 shows the nucleotide sequence of the representative breast tumor-specific cDNA B3CA3.

10 Figure 20 shows the nucleotide sequence of the representative breast tumor-specific cDNA B4CA1.

Figure 21A depicts RT-PCR analysis of breast tumor genes in breast tumor tissues (lanes 1-8) and normal breast tissues (lanes 9-13) and H<sub>2</sub>O (lane 14).

15 Figure 21B depicts RT-PCR analysis of breast tumor genes in prostate tumors (lane 1, 2), colon tumors (lane 3), lung tumor (lane 4), normal prostate (lane 5), normal colon (lane 6), normal kidney (lane 7), normal liver (lane 8), normal lung (lane 9), normal ovary (lanes 10, 18), normal pancreases (lanes 11, 12), normal skeletal muscle (lane 13), normal skin (lane 14), normal stomach (lane 15), normal testes (lane 16), normal small intestine (lane 17), HBL-100 (lane 19), MCF-12A (lane 20), breast tumors (lanes 21-23), H<sub>2</sub>O (lane 24), and colon tumor (lane 25).

20 Figure 22 shows the recognition of a B11Ag1 peptide (referred to as B11-8) by an anti-B11-8 CTL line.

Figure 23 shows the recognition of a cell line transduced with the antigen B11Ag1 by the B11-8 specific clone A1.

25 Figure 24 shows recognition of a lung adenocarcinoma line (LT-140-22) and a breast adenocarcinoma line (CAMA-1) by the B11-8 specific clone A1.

## DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

As noted above, the present invention is generally directed to compositions and methods for the diagnosis, monitoring and therapy of breast cancer. The compositions described herein include polypeptides, polynucleotides and antibodies.

Polypeptides of the present invention generally comprise at least a portion of a protein that is expressed at a greater level in human breast tumor tissue than in normal breast tissue (*i.e.*, the level of RNA encoding the polypeptide is at least 2-fold higher in tumor tissue). Such polypeptides are referred to herein as breast tumor-specific polypeptides, and cDNA molecules encoding such polypeptides are referred to as breast tumor-specific cDNAs. Polynucleotides of the subject invention generally comprise a DNA or RNA sequence that encodes all or a portion of a polypeptide as described above, or that is complementary to such a sequence. Antibodies are generally immune system proteins, or fragments thereof, that are capable of binding to a portion of a polypeptide as described above. Antibodies can be produced by cell culture techniques, including the generation of monoclonal antibodies as described herein, or via transfection of antibody genes into suitable bacterial or mammalian cell hosts, in order to allow for the production of recombinant antibodies.

Polypeptides within the scope of this invention include, but are not limited to, polypeptides (and epitopes thereof) encoded by a human endogenous retroviral sequence, such as the sequence designated B18Ag1 (Figure 5 and SEQ ID NO:1). Also within the scope of the present invention are polypeptides encoded by other sequences within the retroviral genome containing B18Ag1 (SEQ ID NO: 141). Such sequences include, but are not limited to, the sequences recited in SEQ ID NO:3 - SEQ ID NO:10. B18Ag1 has homology to the *gag* p30 gene of the endogenous human retroviral element S71, as described in Werner et al., *Virology* 174:225-238 (1990) and also shows homology to about thirty other retroviral *gag* genes. As discussed in more detail below, the present invention also includes a number of additional breast tumor-specific polypeptides, such as those encoded by the nucleotide sequences recited in SEQ ID NO: 11-26, 28-77, 142, 143, 146-152, 154-166, 168-176, 178-192, 194-198, 200-204, 206, 207, 209-214, 216, 218, 219, 221-240, 243-245, 247, 250, 251, 253, 255, 257-266, 268, 269, 271-273, 275, 276, 278, 280, 281, 284, 288, 291-298, 301-303, 307, 313, 314, 316 and 317.

As used herein, the term "polypeptide" encompasses amino acid chains of any length, including full length proteins containing the sequences recited herein. A

polypeptide comprising an epitope of a protein containing a sequence as described herein may consist entirely of the epitope, or may contain additional sequences. The additional sequences may be derived from the native protein or may be heterologous, and such sequences may (but need not) possess immunogenic or antigenic properties.

5 An "epitope," as used herein, is a portion of a polypeptide that is recognized (*i.e.*, specifically bound) by a B-cell and/or T-cell, surface antigen receptor. Epitopes may generally be identified using well known techniques, such as those summarized in Paul, *Fundamental Immunology*, 3rd ed., 243-247 (Raven Press, 1993) and references cited therein. Such techniques include screening polypeptides derived  
10 from the native polypeptide for the ability to react with antigen-specific antisera and/or T-cell lines or clones. An epitope of a polypeptide is a portion that reacts with such antisera and/or T-cells at a level that is similar to the reactivity of the full length polypeptide (*e.g.*, in an ELISA and/or T-cell reactivity assay). Such screens may generally be performed using methods well known to those of ordinary skill in the art,  
15 such as those described in Harlow and Lane, *Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 1988. B-cell and T-cell epitopes may also be predicted via computer analysis. Polypeptides comprising an epitope of a polypeptide that is preferentially expressed in a tumor tissue (with or without additional amino acid sequence) are within the scope of the present invention.

20 The term "polynucleotide(s)," as used herein, means a single or double-stranded polymer of deoxyribonucleotide or ribonucleotide bases and includes DNA and corresponding RNA molecules, including HnRNA and mRNA molecules, both sense and anti-sense strands, and comprehends cDNA, genomic DNA and recombinant DNA, as well as wholly or partially synthesized polynucleotides. An HnRNA molecule contains  
25 introns and corresponds to a DNA molecule in a generally one-to-one manner. An mRNA molecule corresponds to an HnRNA and DNA molecule from which the introns have been excised. A polynucleotide may consist of an entire gene, or any portion thereof. Operable anti-sense polynucleotides may comprise a fragment of the corresponding polynucleotide, and the definition of "polynucleotide" therefore includes  
30 all such operable anti-sense fragments.

The compositions and methods of the present invention also encompass variants of the above polypeptides and polynucleotides.

A polypeptide "variant," as used herein, is a polypeptide that differs from the recited polypeptide only in conservative substitutions and/or modifications, such that the antigenic properties of the polypeptide are retained. In a preferred embodiment, variant polypeptides differ from an identified sequence by substitution, deletion or addition of five amino acids or fewer. Such variants may generally be identified by modifying one of the above polypeptide sequences, and evaluating the antigenic properties of the modified polypeptide using, for example, the representative procedures described herein. Polypeptide variants preferably exhibit at least about 70%, more preferably at least about 90% and most preferably at least about 95% identity (determined as described below) to the identified polypeptides.

As used herein, a "conservative substitution" is one in which an amino acid is substituted for another amino acid that has similar properties, such that one skilled in the art of peptide chemistry would expect the secondary structure and hydrophobic nature of the polypeptide to be substantially unchanged. In general, the following groups of amino acids represent conservative changes: (1) ala, pro, gly, glu, asp, gln, asn, ser, thr; (2) cys, ser, tyr, thr; (3) val, ile, leu, met, ala, phe; (4) lys, arg, his; and (5) phe, tyr, trp, his.

Variants may also, or alternatively, contain other modifications, including the deletion or addition of amino acids that have minimal influence on the antigenic properties, secondary structure and hydrophobic nature of the polypeptide. For example, a polypeptide may be conjugated to a signal (or leader) sequence at the N-terminal end of the protein which co-translationally or post-translationally directs transfer of the protein. The polypeptide may also be conjugated to a linker or other sequence for ease of synthesis, purification or identification of the polypeptide (e.g., poly-His), or to enhance binding of the polypeptide to a solid support. For example, a polypeptide may be conjugated to an immunoglobulin Fc region.

A nucleotide "variant" is a sequence that differs from the recited nucleotide sequence in having one or more nucleotide deletions, substitutions or



additions. Such modifications may be readily introduced using standard mutagenesis techniques, such as oligonucleotide-directed site-specific mutagenesis as taught, for example, by Adelman et al. (*DNA*, 2:183, 1983). Nucleotide variants may be naturally occurring allelic variants, or non-naturally occurring variants. Variant nucleotide sequences preferably exhibit at least about 70%, more preferably at least about 80% and most preferably at least about 90% identity (determined as described below) to the recited sequence.

The breast tumor antigens provided by the present invention include variants that are encoded by DNA sequences which are substantially homologous to one or more of the DNA sequences specifically recited herein. "Substantial homology," as used herein, refers to DNA sequences that are capable of hybridizing under moderately stringent conditions. Suitable moderately stringent conditions include prewashing in a solution of 5X SSC, 0.5% SDS, 1.0 mM EDTA (pH 8.0); hybridizing at 50°C-65°C, 5X SSC, overnight or, in the event of cross-species homology, at 45°C with 0.5X SSC; followed by washing twice at 65°C for 20 minutes with each of 2X, 0.5X and 0.2X SSC containing 0.1% SDS. Such hybridizing DNA sequences are also within the scope of this invention, as are nucleotide sequences that, due to code degeneracy, encode an immunogenic polypeptide that is encoded by a hybridizing DNA sequence.

Two nucleotide or polypeptide sequences are said to be "identical" if the sequence of nucleotides or amino acid residues in the two sequences is the same when aligned for maximum correspondence as described below. Comparisons between two sequences are typically performed by comparing the sequences over a comparison window to identify and compare local regions of sequence similarity. A "comparison window" as used herein, refers to a segment of at least about 20 contiguous positions, usually 30 to about 75, 40 to about 50, in which a sequence may be compared to a reference sequence of the same number of contiguous positions after the two sequences are optimally aligned.

Optimal alignment of sequences for comparison may be conducted using the Megalign program in the Lasergene suite of bioinformatics software (DNASTAR, Inc., Madison, WI), using default parameters. This program embodies several alignment

from suitable host/vector systems which secrete recombinant protein or polypeptide into culture media may be first concentrated using a commercially available filter. Following concentration, the concentrate may be applied to a suitable purification matrix such as an affinity matrix or an ion exchange resin. Finally, one or more reverse phase HPLC steps  
5 can be employed to further purify a recombinant polypeptide.

In general, any of a variety of expression vectors known to those of ordinary skill in the art may be employed to express recombinant polypeptides of this invention. Expression may be achieved in any appropriate host cell that has been transformed or transfected with an expression vector containing a polynucleotide that  
10 encodes a recombinant polypeptide. Suitable host cells include prokaryotes, yeast and higher eukaryotic cells. Preferably, the host cells employed are *E. coli*, yeast or a mammalian cell line such as COS or CHO.

Such techniques may also be used to prepare polypeptides comprising epitopes or variants of the native polypeptides. For example, variants of a native  
15 polypeptide may generally be prepared using standard mutagenesis techniques, such as oligonucleotide-directed site-specific mutagenesis, and sections of the DNA sequence may be removed to permit preparation of truncated polypeptides. Portions and other variants having fewer than about 100 amino acids, and generally fewer than about 50 amino acids, may also be generated by synthetic means, using techniques well known to  
20 those of ordinary skill in the art. For example, such polypeptides may be synthesized using any of the commercially available solid-phase techniques, such as the Merrifield solid-phase synthesis method, where amino acids are sequentially added to a growing amino acid chain. See Merrifield, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* 85:2149-2146 (1963). Equipment for automated synthesis of polypeptides is commercially available from suppliers such as  
25 Perkin Elmer/Applied BioSystems Division, Foster City, CA, and may be operated according to the manufacturer's instructions.

In specific embodiments, polypeptides of the present invention encompass amino acid sequences encoded by a polynucleotide having a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NO:1, 3-26, 28-77, 142, 143, 146-152, 154-166, 168-176, 178-192, 194-198,  
30 200-204, 206, 207, 209-214, 216, 218, 219, 221-240, 243-245, 247, 250, 251, 253, 255,

257-266, 268, 269, 271-273, 275, 276, 278, 280, 281, 284, 288, 291-298, 301-303, 307, 313, 314, 316 and 317, and variants of such polypeptides. Polypeptides within the scope of the present invention also include polypeptides (and epitopes thereof) encoded by DNA sequences that hybridize to a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NO:1, 3-26, 28-77, 142, 143, 146-152, 154-166, 168-176, 178-192, 194-198, 200-204, 206, 207, 209-214, 216, 218, 219, 221-240, 243-245, 247, 250, 251, 253, 255, 257-266, 268, 269, 271-273, 275, 276, 278, 280, 281, 284, 288, 291-298, 301-303, 307, 313, 314, 316 and 317 under stringent conditions, wherein the DNA sequences are at least 80% identical in overall sequence to a recited sequence and wherein RNA corresponding to the nucleotide sequence is expressed at a greater level in human breast tumor tissue than in normal breast tissue. As used herein, "stringent conditions" refers to prewashing in a solution of 6X SSC, 0.2% SDS; hybridizing at 65°C, 6X SSC, 0.2% SDS overnight; followed by two washes of 30 minutes each in 1X SSC, 0.1% SDS at 65°C and two washes of 30 minutes each in 0.2 X SSC, 0.1% SDS at 65°C. Polynucleotides according to the present invention include molecules that encode any of the above polypeptides.

In another aspect of the present invention, antibodies are provided. Such antibodies may be prepared by any of a variety of techniques known to those of ordinary skill in the art. See, e.g., Harlow and Lane, *Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 1988. In one such technique, an immunogen comprising the polypeptide is initially injected into any of a wide variety of mammals (e.g., mice, rats, rabbits, sheep or goats). In this step, the polypeptides of this invention may serve as the immunogen without modification. Alternatively, particularly for relatively short polypeptides, a superior immune response may be elicited if the polypeptide is joined to a carrier protein, such as bovine serum albumin or keyhole limpet hemocyanin. The immunogen is injected into the animal host, preferably according to a predetermined schedule incorporating one or more booster immunizations, and the animals are bled periodically. Polyclonal antibodies specific for the polypeptide may then be purified from such antisera by, for example, affinity chromatography using the polypeptide coupled to a suitable solid support.

Monoclonal antibodies specific for the antigenic polypeptide of interest may be prepared, for example, using the technique of Kohler and Milstein, *Eur. J. Immunol.* 6:511-519 (1976), and improvements thereto. Briefly, these methods involve the preparation of immortal cell lines capable of producing antibodies having the desired specificity (*i.e.*, reactivity with the polypeptide of interest). Such cell lines may be produced, for example, from spleen cells obtained from an animal immunized as described above. The spleen cells are then immortalized by, for example, fusion with a myeloma cell fusion partner, preferably one that is syngeneic with the immunized animal. A variety of fusion techniques may be employed. For example, the spleen cells and myeloma cells may be combined with a nonionic detergent for a few minutes and then plated at low density on a selective medium that supports the growth of hybrid cells, but not myeloma cells. A preferred selection technique uses HAT (hypoxanthine, aminopterin, thymidine) selection. After a sufficient time, usually about 1 to 2 weeks, colonies of hybrids are observed. Single colonies are selected and their culture supernatants tested for binding activity against the polypeptide. Hybridomas having high reactivity and specificity are preferred.

Monoclonal antibodies may be isolated from the supernatants of growing hybridoma colonies. In addition, various techniques may be employed to enhance the yield, such as injection of the hybridoma cell line into the peritoneal cavity of a suitable vertebrate host, such as a mouse. Monoclonal antibodies may then be harvested from the ascites fluid or the blood. Contaminants may be removed from the antibodies by conventional techniques, such as chromatography, gel filtration, precipitation, and extraction. The polypeptides of this invention may be used in the purification process in, for example, an affinity chromatography step.

Antibodies may be used, for example, in methods for detecting breast cancer in a patient. Such methods involve using an antibody to detect the presence or absence of a breast tumor-specific polypeptide as described herein in a suitable biological sample. As used herein, suitable biological samples include tumor or normal tissue biopsy, mastectomy, blood, lymph node, serum or urine samples, or other tissue, homogenate, or extract thereof obtained from a patient.

There are a variety of assay formats known to those of ordinary skill in the art for using an antibody to detect polypeptide markers in a sample. See, e.g., Harlow and Lane, *Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 1988. For example, the assay may be performed in a Western blot format, wherein a protein  
5 preparation from the biological sample is submitted to gel electrophoresis, transferred to a suitable membrane and allowed to react with the antibody. The presence of the antibody on the membrane may then be detected using a suitable detection reagent, as described below.

In another embodiment, the assay involves the use of antibody  
10 immobilized on a solid support to bind to the polypeptide and remove it from the remainder of the sample. The bound polypeptide may then be detected using a second antibody or reagent that contains a reporter group. Alternatively, a competitive assay may be utilized, in which a polypeptide is labeled with a reporter group and allowed to bind to the immobilized antibody after incubation of the antibody with the sample. The  
15 extent to which components of the sample inhibit the binding of the labeled polypeptide to the antibody is indicative of the reactivity of the sample with the immobilized antibody, and as a result, indicative of the concentration of polypeptide in the sample.

The solid support may be any material known to those of ordinary skill in the art to which the antibody may be attached. For example, the solid support may be a  
20 test well in a microtiter plate or a nitrocellulose filter or other suitable membrane. Alternatively, the support may be a bead or disc, such as glass, fiberglass, latex or a plastic material such as polystyrene or polyvinylchloride. The support may also be a magnetic particle or a fiber optic sensor, such as those disclosed, for example, in U.S. Patent No. 5,359,681.

25 The antibody may be immobilized on the solid support using a variety of techniques known to those in the art, which are amply described in the patent and scientific literature. In the context of the present invention, the term "immobilization" refers to both noncovalent association, such as adsorption, and covalent attachment (which may be a direct linkage between the antigen and functional groups on the support  
30 or may be a linkage by way of a cross-linking agent). Immobilization by adsorption to a

well in a microtiter plate or to a membrane is preferred. In such cases, adsorption may be achieved by contacting the antibody, in a suitable buffer, with the solid support for a suitable amount of time. The contact time varies with temperature, but is typically between about 1 hour and 1 day. In general, contacting a well of a plastic microtiter plate (such as polystyrene or polyvinylchloride) with an amount of antibody ranging from about 10 ng to about 1  $\mu$ g, and preferably about 100-200 ng, is sufficient to immobilize an adequate amount of polypeptide.

Covalent attachment of antibody to a solid support may also generally be achieved by first reacting the support with a bifunctional reagent that will react with both the support and a functional group, such as a hydroxyl or amino group, on the antibody. For example, the antibody may be covalently attached to supports having an appropriate polymer coating using benzoquinone or by condensation of an aldehyde group on the support with an amine and an active hydrogen on the binding partner (*see, e.g.*, Pierce Immunotechnology Catalog and Handbook (1991) at A12-A13).

In certain embodiments, the assay for detection of polypeptide in a sample is a two-antibody sandwich assay. This assay may be performed by first contacting an antibody that has been immobilized on a solid support, commonly the well of a microtiter plate, with the biological sample, such that the polypeptide within the sample are allowed to bind to the immobilized antibody. Unbound sample is then removed from the immobilized polypeptide-antibody complexes and a second antibody (containing a reporter group) capable of binding to a different site on the polypeptide is added. The amount of second antibody that remains bound to the solid support is then determined using a method appropriate for the specific reporter group.

More specifically, once the antibody is immobilized on the support as described above, the remaining protein binding sites on the support are typically blocked. Any suitable blocking agent known to those of ordinary skill in the art, such as bovine serum albumin or Tween 20™ (Sigma Chemical Co., St. Louis, MO). The immobilized antibody is then incubated with the sample, and polypeptide is allowed to bind to the antibody. The sample may be diluted with a suitable diluent, such as phosphate-buffered saline (PBS) prior to incubation. In general, an appropriate contact time (*i.e.*, incubation

time) is that period of time that is sufficient to detect the presence of polypeptide within a sample obtained from an individual with breast cancer. Preferably, the contact time is sufficient to achieve a level of binding that is at least 95% of that achieved at equilibrium between bound and unbound polypeptide. Those of ordinary skill in the art will  
 5 recognize that the time necessary to achieve equilibrium may be readily determined by assaying the level of binding that occurs over a period of time. At room temperature, an incubation time of about 30 minutes is generally sufficient.

Unbound sample may then be removed by washing the solid support with an appropriate buffer, such as PBS containing 0.1% Tween 20™. The second antibody,  
 10 which contains a reporter group, may then be added to the solid support. Preferred reporter groups include enzymes (such as horseradish peroxidase), substrates, cofactors, inhibitors, dyes, radionuclides, luminescent groups, fluorescent groups and biotin. The conjugation of antibody to reporter group may be achieved using standard methods known to those of ordinary skill in the art.

15 The second antibody is then incubated with the immobilized antibody-polypeptide complex for an amount of time sufficient to detect the bound polypeptide. An appropriate amount of time may generally be determined by assaying the level of binding that occurs over a period of time. Unbound second antibody is then removed and bound second antibody is detected using the reporter group. The method employed  
 20 for detecting the reporter group depends upon the nature of the reporter group. For radioactive groups, scintillation counting or autoradiographic methods are generally appropriate. Spectroscopic methods may be used to detect dyes, luminescent groups and fluorescent groups. Biotin may be detected using avidin, coupled to a different reporter group (commonly a radioactive or fluorescent group or an enzyme). Enzyme reporter  
 25 groups may generally be detected by the addition of substrate (generally for a specific period of time), followed by spectroscopic or other analysis of the reaction products.

To determine the presence or absence of breast cancer, the signal detected from the reporter group that remains bound to the solid support is generally compared to a signal that corresponds to a predetermined cut-off value established from non-tumor  
 30 tissue. In one preferred embodiment, the cut-off value is the average mean signal

obtained when the immobilized antibody is incubated with samples from patients without breast cancer. In general, a sample generating a signal that is three standard deviations above the predetermined cut-off value may be considered positive for breast cancer. In an alternate preferred embodiment, the cut-off value is determined using a Receiver Operator Curve, according to the method of Sackett et al., *Clinical Epidemiology: A Basic Science for Clinical Medicine*, p. 106-7 (Little Brown and Co., 1985). Briefly, in this embodiment, the cut-off value may be determined from a plot of pairs of true positive rates (i.e., sensitivity) and false positive rates (100%-specificity) that correspond to each possible cut-off value for the diagnostic test result. The cut-off value on the plot that is the closest to the upper left-hand corner (i.e., the value that encloses the largest area) is the most accurate cut-off value, and a sample generating a signal that is higher than the cut-off value determined by this method may be considered positive. Alternatively, the cut-off value may be shifted to the left along the plot, to minimize the false positive rate, or to the right, to minimize the false negative rate. In general, a sample generating a signal that is higher than the cut-off value determined by this method is considered positive for breast cancer.

In a related embodiment, the assay is performed in a flow-through or strip test format, wherein the antibody is immobilized on a membrane, such as nitrocellulose. In the flow-through test, the polypeptide within the sample bind to the immobilized antibody as the sample passes through the membrane. A second, labeled antibody then binds to the antibody-polypeptide complex as a solution containing the second antibody flows through the membrane. The detection of bound second antibody may then be performed as described above. In the strip test format, one end of the membrane to which antibody is bound is immersed in a solution containing the sample. The sample migrates along the membrane through a region containing second antibody and to the area of immobilized antibody. Concentration of second antibody at the area of immobilized antibody indicates the presence of breast cancer. Typically, the concentration of second antibody at that site generates a pattern, such as a line, that can be read visually. The absence of such a pattern indicates a negative result. In general, the amount of antibody immobilized on the membrane is selected to generate a visually



discernible pattern when the biological sample contains a level of polypeptide that would be sufficient to generate a positive signal in the two-antibody sandwich assay, in the format discussed above. Preferably, the amount of antibody immobilized on the membrane ranges from about 25 ng to about 1  $\mu$ g, and more preferably from about 50 ng to about 1  $\mu$ g. Such tests can typically be performed with a very small amount of biological sample.

The presence or absence of breast cancer in a patient may also be determined by evaluating the level of mRNA encoding a breast tumor-specific polypeptide as described herein within the biological sample (e.g., a biopsy, mastectomy and/or blood sample from a patient) relative to a predetermined cut-off value. Such an evaluation may be achieved using any of a variety of methods known to those of ordinary skill in the art such as, for example, *in situ* hybridization and amplification by polymerase chain reaction.

For example, polymerase chain reaction may be used to amplify sequences from cDNA prepared from RNA that is isolated from one of the above biological samples. Sequence-specific primers for use in such amplification may be designed based on the sequences provided in any one of SEQ ID NO: 1, 11-86, 142-298 301-303, 307, 313, 314, 316 and 317, and may be purchased or synthesized. In the case of B18Ag1, as noted herein, one suitable primer pair is B18Ag1-2 (5'ATG GCT ATT TTC GGG GGC TGA CA) (SEQ ID NO:126) and B18Ag1-3 (5'CCG GTA TCT CCT CGT GGG TAT T) (SEQ ID NO:127). The PCR reaction products may then be separated by gel electrophoresis and visualized according to methods well known to those of ordinary skill in the art. Amplification is typically performed on samples obtained from matched pairs of tissue (tumor and non-tumor tissue from the same individual) or from unmatched pairs of tissue (tumor and non-tumor tissue from different individuals). The amplification reaction is preferably performed on several dilutions of cDNA spanning two orders of magnitude. A two-fold or greater increase in expression in several dilutions of the tumor sample as compared to the same dilution of the non-tumor sample is considered positive.

As used herein, the term "primer/probe specific for a polynucleotide" means an oligonucleotide sequence that has at least about 80% identity, preferably at least about 90% and more preferably at least about 95%, identity to the polynucleotide in question, or an oligonucleotide sequence that is anti-sense to a sequence that has at least about 80% identity, preferably at least about 90% and more preferably at least about 95%, identity to the polynucleotide in question. Primers and/or probes which may be usefully employed in the inventive diagnostic methods preferably have at least about 10-40 nucleotides. In a preferred embodiment, the polymerase chain reaction primers comprise at least about 10 contiguous nucleotides of a polynucleotide that encodes one of the polypeptides disclosed herein or that is anti-sense to a sequence that encodes one of the polypeptides disclosed herein. Preferably, oligonucleotide probes for use in the inventive diagnostic methods comprise at least about 15 contiguous oligonucleotides of a polynucleotide that encodes one of the polypeptides disclosed herein or that is anti-sense to a sequence that encodes one of the polypeptides disclosed herein. Techniques for both PCR based assays and *in situ* hybridization assays are well known in the art.

Conventional RT-PCR protocols using agarose and ethidium bromide staining, while important in defining gene specificity, do not lend themselves to diagnostic kit development because of the time and effort required in making them quantitative (i.e., construction of saturation and/or titration curves), and their sample throughput. This problem is overcome by the development of procedures such as real time RT-PCR which allows for assays to be performed in single tubes, and in turn can be modified for use in 96 well plate formats. Instrumentation to perform such methodologies are available from Perkin, Elmer/Applied Biosystems Division. Alternatively, other high throughput assays using labeled probes (e.g., digoxigenin) in combination with labeled (e.g., enzyme fluorescent, radioactive) antibodies to such probes can also be used in the development of 96 well plate assays.

In yet another method for determining the presence or absence of breast cancer in a patient, one or more of the breast tumor-specific polypeptides described may be used in a skin test. As used herein, a "skin test" is any assay performed directly on a patient in which a delayed-type hypersensitivity (DTH) reaction (such as swelling,

reddening or dermatitis) is measured following intradermal injection of one or more polypeptides as described above. Such injection may be achieved using any suitable device sufficient to contact the polypeptide or polypeptides with dermal cells of the patient, such as a tuberculin syringe or 1 mL syringe. Preferably, the reaction is measured at least 48 hours after injection, more preferably 48-72 hours.

The DTH reaction is a cell-mediated immune response, which is greater in patients that have been exposed previously to a test antigen (*i.e.*, an immunogenic portion of a polypeptide employed, or a variant thereof). The response may be measured visually, using a ruler. In general, a response that is greater than about 0.5 cm in diameter, preferably greater than about 5.0 cm in diameter, is a positive response, indicative of breast cancer.

The breast tumor-specific polypeptides described herein are preferably formulated, for use in a skin test, as pharmaceutical compositions containing at least one polypeptide and a physiologically acceptable carrier, such as water, saline, alcohol, or a buffer. Such compositions typically contain one or more of the above polypeptides in an amount ranging from about 1  $\mu$ g to 100  $\mu$ g, preferably from about 10  $\mu$ g to 50  $\mu$ g in a volume of 0.1 mL. Preferably, the carrier employed in such pharmaceutical compositions is a saline solution with appropriate preservatives, such as phenol and/or Tween 80™.

In other aspects of the present invention, the progression and/or response to treatment of a breast cancer may be monitored by performing any of the above assays over a period of time, and evaluating the change in the level of the response (*i.e.*, the amount of polypeptide or mRNA detected or, in the case of a skin test, the extent of the immune response detected). For example, the assays may be performed every month to every other month for a period of 1 to 2 years. In general, breast cancer is progressing in those patients in whom the level of the response increases over time. In contrast, breast cancer is not progressing when the signal detected either remains constant or decreases with time.

In further aspects of the present invention, the compounds described herein may be used for the immunotherapy of breast cancer. In these aspects, the

compounds (which may be polypeptides, antibodies or polynucleotides) are preferably incorporated into pharmaceutical compositions or vaccines. Pharmaceutical compositions comprise one or more such compounds and a physiologically acceptable carrier. Vaccines may comprise one or more such compounds in combination with an immunostimulant, such as an adjuvant or a liposome (into which the compound is incorporated). An immunostimulant may be any substance that enhances or potentiates an immune response (antibody and/or cell-mediated) to an exogenous antigen. Examples of immunostimulants include adjuvants, biodegradable microspheres (e.g., polylactic galactide) and liposomes (into which the compound is incorporated; see e.g., Fullerton, U.S. Patent No. 4,235,877). Vaccine preparation is generally described in, for example, M.F. Powell and M.J. Newman, eds., "Vaccine Design (the subunit and adjuvant approach)," Plenum Press (NY, 1995). Pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines within the scope of the present invention may also contain other compounds, which may be biologically active or inactive. For example, one or more immunogenic portions of other tumor antigens may be present, either incorporated into a fusion polypeptide or as a separate compound, within the composition or vaccine.

Alternatively, a vaccine may contain DNA encoding one or more of the polypeptides as described above, such that the polypeptide is generated *in situ*. In such vaccines, the DNA may be present within any of a variety of delivery systems known to those of ordinary skill in the art, including nucleic acid expression systems, bacteria and viral expression systems. Appropriate nucleic acid expression systems contain the necessary DNA sequences for expression in the patient (such as a suitable promoter and terminating signal). Bacterial delivery systems involve the administration of a bacterium (such as *Bacillus-Calmette-Guerrin*) that expresses an immunogenic portion of the polypeptide on its cell surface. In a preferred embodiment, the DNA may be introduced using a viral expression system (e.g., vaccinia or other pox virus, retrovirus, or adenovirus), which may involve the use of a non-pathogenic (defective), replication competent virus. Techniques for incorporating DNA into such expression systems are well known to those of ordinary skill in the art. The DNA may also be "naked," as described, for example, in Ulmer et al., *Science* 259:1745-1749 (1993), and reviewed by

Cohen, *Science* 259:1691-1692 (1993). The uptake of naked DNA may be increased by coating the DNA onto biodegradable beads, which are efficiently transported into the cells.

While any suitable carrier known to those of ordinary skill in the art may be employed in the pharmaceutical compositions of this invention, the type of carrier will vary depending on the mode of administration. For parenteral administration, such as subcutaneous injection, the carrier preferably comprises water, saline, alcohol, a fat, a wax or a buffer. For oral administration, any of the above carriers or a solid carrier, such as mannitol, lactose, starch, magnesium stearate, sodium saccharine, talcum, cellulose, glucose, sucrose, and magnesium carbonate, may be employed. Biodegradable microspheres (e.g., polylactate polyglycolate) may also be employed as carriers for the pharmaceutical compositions of this invention.

Any of a variety of immunostimulants may be employed in the vaccines of this invention. For example, an adjuvant may be included. Most adjuvants contain a substance designed to protect the antigen from rapid catabolism, such as aluminum hydroxide or mineral oil, and a stimulator of immune responses, such as lipid A, *Bordetella pertussis* or *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* derived proteins. Suitable adjuvants are commercially available as, for example, Freund's Incomplete Adjuvant and Complete Adjuvant (Difco Laboratories, Detroit, MI); Merck Adjuvant 65 (Merck and Company, Inc., Rahway, NJ); AS-2 (SmithKline Beecham, Philadelphia, PA); aluminum salts such as aluminum hydroxide gel (alum) or aluminum phosphate; salts of calcium, iron or zinc; an insoluble suspension of acylated tyrosine; acylated sugars; cationically or anionically derivatized polysaccharides; polyphosphazenes; biodegradable microspheres; monophosphoryl lipid A and quil A. Cytokines, such as GM-CSF or interleukin-2, -7, or -12, may also be used as adjuvants.

Within the vaccines provided herein, the adjuvant composition is preferably designed to induce an immune response predominantly of the Th1 type. High levels of Th1-type cytokines (e.g., IFN- $\gamma$ , TNF $\alpha$ , IL-2 and IL-12) tend to favor the induction of cell mediated immune responses to an administered antigen. In contrast, high levels of Th2-type cytokines (e.g., IL-4, IL-5, IL-6 and IL-10) tend to favor the

induction of humoral immune responses. Following application of a vaccine as provided herein, a patient will support an immune response that includes Th1- and Th2-type responses. Within a preferred embodiment, in which a response is predominantly Th1-type, the level of Th1-type cytokines will increase to a greater extent than the level of Th2-type cytokines. The levels of these cytokines may be readily assessed using standard assays. For a review of the families of cytokines, see Mosmann and Coffman, *Ann. Rev. Immunol.* 7:145-173, 1989.

Preferred adjuvants for use in eliciting a predominantly Th1-type response include, for example, a combination of monophosphoryl lipid A, preferably 3-de-O-acylated monophosphoryl lipid A (3D-MPL), together with an aluminum salt. MPL adjuvants are available from Corixa Corporation (Seattle, WA; see US Patent Nos. 4,436,727; 4,877,611; 4,866,034 and 4,912,094). CpG-containing oligonucleotides (in which the CpG dinucleotide is unmethylated) also induce a predominantly Th1 response. Such oligonucleotides are well known and are described, for example, in WO 96/02555 and WO 99/33488. Immunostimulatory DNA sequences are also described, for example, by Sato et al., *Science* 273:352, 1996. Another preferred adjuvant is a saponin, preferably QS21 (Aquila Biopharmaceuticals Inc., Framingham, MA), which may be used alone or in combination with other adjuvants. For example, an enhanced system involves the combination of a monophosphoryl lipid A and saponin derivative, such as the combination of QS21 and 3D-MPL as described in WO 94/00153, or a less reactogenic composition where the QS21 is quenched with cholesterol, as described in WO 96/33739. Other preferred formulations comprise an oil-in-water emulsion and tocopherol. A particularly potent adjuvant formulation involving QS21, 3D-MPL and tocopherol in an oil-in-water emulsion is described in WO 95/17210.

Other preferred adjuvants include Montanide ISA 720 (Seppic, France), SAF (Chiron, California, United States), ISCOMS (CSL), MF-59 (Chiron), the SBAS series of adjuvants (e.g., SBAS-2 or SBAS-4, available from SmithKline Beecham, Rixensart, Belgium), Detox (Ribi ImmunoChem Research Inc., Hamilton, MT), RC-529 (Ribi ImmunoChem Research Inc., Hamilton, MT) and Aminoalkyl glucosaminide 4-phosphates (AGPs).

Any vaccine provided herein may be prepared using well known methods that result in a combination of antigen, immunostimulant and a suitable carrier or excipient. The compositions described herein may be administered as part of a sustained release formulation (*i.e.*, a formulation such as a capsule, sponge or gel (composed of polysaccharides, for example) that effects a slow release of compound following administration). Such formulations may generally be prepared using well known technology (*see, e.g.*, Coombes et al., *Vaccine* 14:1429-1438, 1996) and administered by, for example, oral, rectal or subcutaneous implantation, or by implantation at the desired target site. Sustained-release formulations may contain a polypeptide, polynucleotide or antibody dispersed in a carrier matrix and/or contained within a reservoir surrounded by a rate controlling membrane.

Carriers for use within such formulations are biocompatible, and may also be biodegradable; preferably the formulation provides a relatively constant level of active component release. Such carriers include microparticles of poly(lactide-co-glycolide), as well as polyacrylate, latex, starch, cellulose and dextran. Other delayed-release carriers include supramolecular biovectors, which comprise a non-liquid hydrophilic core (*e.g.*, a cross-linked polysaccharide or oligosaccharide) and, optionally, an external layer comprising an amphiphilic compound, such as a phospholipid (*see e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 5,151,254 and PCT applications WO 94/20078, WO/94/23701 and WO 96/06638). The amount of active compound contained within a sustained release formulation depends upon the site of implantation, the rate and expected duration of release and the nature of the condition to be treated or prevented.

Any of a variety of delivery vehicles may be employed within pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines to facilitate production of an antigen-specific immune response that targets tumor cells. Delivery vehicles include antigen presenting cells (APCs), such as dendritic cells, macrophages, B cells, monocytes and other cells that may be engineered to be efficient APCs. Such cells may, but need not, be genetically modified to increase the capacity for presenting the antigen, to improve activation and/or maintenance of the T cell response, to have anti-tumor effects *per se* and/or to be immunologically compatible with the receiver (*i.e.*, matched HLA

haplotype). APCs may generally be isolated from any of a variety of biological fluids and organs, including tumor and peritumoral tissues, and may be autologous, allogeneic, syngeneic or xenogeneic cells.

Certain preferred embodiments of the present invention use dendritic cells or progenitors thereof as antigen-presenting cells. Dendritic cells are highly potent APCs (Banchereau and Steinman, *Nature* 392:245-251, 1998) and have been shown to be effective as a physiological adjuvant for eliciting prophylactic or therapeutic antitumor immunity (see Timmerman and Levy, *Ann. Rev. Med.* 50:507-529, 1999). In general, dendritic cells may be identified based on their typical shape (stellate *in situ*, with marked cytoplasmic processes (dendrites) visible *in vitro*), their ability to take up, process and present antigens with high efficiency and their ability to activate naïve T cell responses. Dendritic cells may, of course, be engineered to express specific cell-surface receptors or ligands that are not commonly found on dendritic cells *in vivo* or *ex vivo*, and such modified dendritic cells are contemplated by the present invention. As an alternative to dendritic cells, secreted vesicles antigen-loaded dendritic cells (called exosomes) may be used within a vaccine (see Zitvogel et al., *Nature Med.* 4:594-600, 1998).

Dendritic cells and progenitors may be obtained from peripheral blood, bone marrow, tumor-infiltrating cells, peritumoral tissues-infiltrating cells, lymph nodes, spleen, skin, umbilical cord blood or any other suitable tissue or fluid. For example, dendritic cells may be differentiated *ex vivo* by adding a combination of cytokines such as GM-CSF, IL-4, IL-13 and/or TNF $\alpha$  to cultures of monocytes harvested from peripheral blood. Alternatively, CD34 positive cells harvested from peripheral blood, umbilical cord blood or bone marrow may be differentiated into dendritic cells by adding to the culture medium combinations of GM-CSF, IL-3, TNF $\alpha$ , CD40 ligand, LPS, flt3 ligand and/or other compound(s) that induce differentiation, maturation and proliferation of dendritic cells.

Dendritic cells are conveniently categorized as "immature" and "mature" cells, which allows a simple way to discriminate between two well characterized phenotypes. However, this nomenclature should not be construed to exclude all possible



intermediate stages of differentiation. Immature dendritic cells are characterized as APC with a high capacity for antigen uptake and processing, which correlates with the high expression of Fcγ receptor and mannose receptor. The mature phenotype is typically characterized by a lower expression of these markers, but a high expression of cell surface molecules responsible for T cell activation such as class I and class II MHC, adhesion molecules (e.g., CD54 and CD11) and costimulatory molecules (e.g., CD40, CD80, CD86 and 4-1BB).

APCs may generally be transfected with a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide of the present invention (or portion or other variant thereof) such that the polypeptide, or an immunogenic portion thereof, is expressed on the cell surface. Such transfection may take place *ex vivo*, and a composition or vaccine comprising such transfected cells may then be used for therapeutic purposes, as described herein. Alternatively, a gene delivery vehicle that targets a dendritic or other antigen presenting cell may be administered to a patient, resulting in transfection that occurs *in vivo*. *In vivo* and *ex vivo* transfection of dendritic cells, for example, may generally be performed using any methods known in the art, such as those described in WO 97/24447, or the gene gun approach described by Mahvi et al., *Immunology and cell Biology* 75:456-460, 1997. Antigen loading of dendritic cells may be achieved by incubating dendritic cells or progenitor cells with the polypeptide, DNA (naked or within a plasmid vector) or RNA; or with antigen-expressing recombinant bacterium or viruses (e.g., vaccinia, fowlpox, adenovirus or lentivirus vectors). Prior to loading, the polypeptide may be covalently conjugated to an immunological partner that provides T cell help (e.g., a carrier molecule). Alternatively, a dendritic cell may be pulsed with a non-conjugated immunological partner, separately or in the presence of the polypeptide.

Vaccines and pharmaceutical compositions may be presented in unit-dose or multi-dose containers, such as sealed ampoules or vials. Such containers are preferably hermetically sealed to preserve sterility of the formulation until use. In general, formulations may be stored as suspensions, solutions or emulsions in oily or aqueous vehicles. Alternatively, a vaccine or pharmaceutical composition may be stored in a freeze-dried condition requiring only the addition of a sterile liquid carrier

immediately prior to use.

The above pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines may be used, for example, for the therapy of breast cancer in a patient. As used herein, a "patient" refers to any warm-blooded animal, preferably a human. A patient may or may not be afflicted with breast cancer. Accordingly, the above pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines may be used to prevent the development of breast cancer or to treat a patient afflicted with breast cancer. In a preferred embodiment, the compounds are administered either prior to or following surgical removal of primary tumors and/or treatment by administration of radiotherapy and conventional chemotherapeutic drugs. To prevent or slow the development of breast cancer, a pharmaceutical composition or vaccine comprising one or more polypeptides as described herein may be administered to a patient. Alternatively, naked DNA or plasmid or viral vector encoding the polypeptide may be administered. For treating a patient with breast cancer, the pharmaceutical composition or vaccine may comprise one or more polypeptides, antibodies or polynucleotides complementary to DNA encoding a polypeptide as described herein (e.g., antisense RNA or antisense deoxyribonucleotide oligonucleotides).

Routes and frequency of administration, as well as dosage, will vary from individual to individual. In general, the pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines may be administered by injection (e.g., intracutaneous, intramuscular, intravenous or subcutaneous), intranasally (e.g., by aspiration) or orally. Between 1 and 10 doses may be administered for a 52-week period. Preferably, 6 doses are administered, at intervals of 1 month, and booster vaccinations may be given periodically thereafter. Alternate protocols may be appropriate for individual patients. A suitable dose is an amount of a compound that, when administered as described above, is capable of promoting an anti-tumor immune response. Such response can be monitored by measuring the anti-tumor antibodies in a patient or by vaccine-dependent generation of cytolytic effector cells capable of killing the patient's tumor cells *in vitro*. Such vaccines should also be capable of causing an immune response that leads to an improved clinical outcome (e.g., more frequent remissions, complete or partial or longer disease-free survival) in vaccinated patients as compared to non-vaccinated patients. In general, for pharmaceutical

compositions and vaccines comprising one or more polypeptides, the amount of each polypeptide present in a dose ranges from about 100  $\mu$ g to 5 mg. Suitable dose sizes will vary with the size of the patient, but will typically range from about 0.1 mL to about 5 mL.

Polypeptides disclosed herein may also be employed in adoptive immunotherapy for the treatment of cancer. Adoptive immunotherapy may be broadly classified into either active or passive immunotherapy. In active immunotherapy, treatment relies on the *in vivo* stimulation of the endogenous host immune system to react against tumors with the administration of immune response-modifying agents (for example, tumor vaccines, bacterial adjuvants, and/or cytokines).

In passive immunotherapy, treatment involves the delivery of biologic reagents with established tumor-immune reactivity (such as effector cells or antibodies) that can directly or indirectly mediate antitumor effects and does not necessarily depend on an intact host immune system. Examples of effector cells include T lymphocytes (for example, CD8+ cytotoxic T-lymphocyte, CD4+ T-helper, tumor-infiltrating lymphocytes), killer cells (Natural Killer cells, lymphokine-activated killer cells), B cells, or antigen presenting cells (such as dendritic cells and macrophages) expressing the disclosed antigens. The polypeptides disclosed herein may also be used to generate antibodies or anti-idiotypic antibodies (as in U.S. Patent No. 4,918,164), for passive immunotherapy.

The predominant method of procuring adequate numbers of T-cells for adoptive immunotherapy is to grow immune T-cells *in vitro*. Culture conditions for expanding single antigen-specific T-cells to several billion in number with retention of antigen recognition *in vivo* are well known in the art. These *in vitro* culture conditions typically utilize intermittent stimulation with antigen, often in the presence of cytokines, such as IL-2, and non-dividing feeder cells. As noted above, the immunoreactive polypeptides described herein may be used to rapidly expand antigen-specific T cell cultures in order to generate sufficient number of cells for immunotherapy. In particular, antigen-presenting cells, such as dendritic, macrophage or B-cells, may be pulsed with immunoreactive polypeptides or transfected with a polynucleotide sequence(s), using

standard techniques well known in the art. For cultured T-cells to be effective in therapy, the cultured T-cells must be able to grow and distribute widely and to survive long term *in vivo*. Studies have demonstrated that cultured T-cells can be induced to grow *in vivo* and to survive long term in substantial numbers by repeated stimulation with antigen supplemented with IL-2 (see, for example, Cheever et al. *Ibid*).

The polypeptides disclosed herein may also be employed to generate and/or isolate tumor-reactive T-cells, which can then be administered to the patient. In one technique, antigen-specific T-cell lines may be generated by *in vivo* immunization with short peptides corresponding to immunogenic portions of the disclosed polypeptides. The resulting antigen specific CD8+ CTL clones may be isolated from the patient, expanded using standard tissue culture techniques, and returned to the patient.

Alternatively, peptides corresponding to immunogenic portions of the polypeptides may be employed to generate tumor reactive T cell subsets by selective *in vitro* stimulation and expansion of autologous T cells to provide antigen-specific T cells which may be subsequently transferred to the patient as described, for example, by Chang et al. (*Crit. Rev. Oncol. Hematol.*, 22(3), 213, 1996).

In another embodiment, syngeneic or autologous dendritic cells may be pulsed with peptides corresponding to at least an immunogenic portion of a polypeptide disclosed herein. The resulting antigen-specific dendritic cells may either be transferred into a patient, or employed to stimulate T cells to provide antigen-specific T cells which may, in turn, be administered to a patient. The use of peptide-pulsed dendritic cells to generate antigen-specific T cells and the subsequent use of such antigen-specific T cells to eradicate tumors in a murine model has been demonstrated by Cheever et al. ("Therapy With Cultured T Cells: Principles Revisited," *Immunological Reviews*, 157:177, 1997).

Additionally vectors expressing the disclosed polynucleotides may be introduced into stem cells taken from the patient and clonally propagated *in vitro* for autologous transplant back into the same patient. In one embodiment, cells of the immune system, such as T cells, may be isolated from the peripheral blood of a patient, using a commercially available cell separation system, such as CellPro Incorporated's (Bothell,

WA) CEPRATE™ system (see U.S. Patent No. 5,240,856; U.S. Patent No. 5,215,926; WO 89/06280; WO 91/16116 and WO 92/07243). The separated cells are stimulated with one or more of the immunoreactive polypeptides contained within a delivery vehicle, such as a microsphere, to provide antigen-specific T cells. The population of tumor antigen-specific T cells is then expanded using standard techniques and the cells are administered back to the patient.

The following Examples are offered by way of illustration and not by way of limitation.

## EXAMPLES

### EXAMPLE 1

#### PREPARATION OF BREAST TUMOR-SPECIFIC CDNAs USING DIFFERENTIAL DISPLAY RT-PCR

This Example illustrates the preparation of cDNA molecules encoding breast tumor-specific polypeptides using a differential display screen.

##### A. Preparation of B18Ag1 cDNA and Characterization of mRNA Expression

Tissue samples were prepared from breast tumor and normal tissue of a patient with breast cancer that was confirmed by pathology after removal from the patient. Normal RNA and tumor RNA was extracted from the samples and mRNA was isolated and converted into cDNA using a (dT)<sub>12</sub>AG (SEQ ID NO:130) anchored 3' primer. Differential display PCR was then executed using a randomly chosen primer (CTTCAACCTC) (SEQ ID NO:103). Amplification conditions were standard buffer containing 1.5 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, 20 pmol of primer, 500 pmol dNTP, and 1 unit of *Taq* DNA polymerase (Perkin-Elmer, Branchburg, NJ). Forty cycles of amplification were performed using 94°C denaturation for 30 seconds, 42°C annealing for 1 minute, and 72°C extension for 30 seconds. An RNA fingerprint containing 76 amplified products was

obtained. Although the RNA fingerprint of breast tumor tissue was over 98% identical to that of the normal breast tissue, a band was repeatedly observed to be specific to the RNA fingerprint pattern of the tumor. This band was cut out of a silver stained gel, subcloned into the T-vector (Novagen, Madison, WI) and sequenced.

5           The sequence of the cDNA, referred to as B18Ag1, is provided in SEQ ID NO:1. A database search of GENBANK and EMBL revealed that the B18Ag1 fragment initially cloned is 77% identical to the endogenous human retroviral element S71, which is a truncated retroviral element homologous to the Simian Sarcoma Virus (SSV). S71 contains an incomplete *gag* gene, a portion of the *pol* gene and an LTR-like structure at  
10 the 3' terminus (*see* Werner et al., *Virology* 174:225-238 (1990)). B18Ag1 is also 64% identical to SSV in the region corresponding to the P30 (*gag*) locus. B18Ag1 contains three separate and incomplete reading frames covering a region which shares considerable homology to a wide variety of *gag* proteins of retroviruses which infect mammals. In addition, the homology to S71 is not just within the *gag* gene, but spans  
15 several kb of sequence including an LTR.

B18Ag1-specific PCR primers were synthesized using computer analysis guidelines. RT-PCR amplification (94°C, 30 seconds; 60°C → 42°C, 30 seconds; 72°C, 30 seconds for 40 cycles) confirmed that B18Ag1 represents an actual mRNA sequence present at relatively high levels in the patient's breast tumor tissue. The primers used in  
20 amplification were B18Ag1-1 (CTG CCT GAG CCA CAA ATG) (SEQ ID NO:128) and B18Ag1-4 (CCG GAG GAG GAA GCT AGA GGA ATA) (SEQ ID NO:129) at a 3.5 mM magnesium concentration and a pH of 8.5, and B18Ag1-2 (ATG GCT ATT TTC GGG GCC TGA CA) (SEQ ID NO:126) and B18Ag1-3 (CCG GTA TCT CCT CGT GGG TAT T) (SEQ ID NO:127) at 2 mM magnesium at pH 9.5. The same experiments  
25 showed exceedingly low to nonexistent levels of expression in this patient's normal breast tissue (*see* Figure 1). RT-PCR experiments were then used to show that B18Ag1 mRNA is present in nine other breast tumor samples (from Brazilian and American patients) but absent in, or at exceedingly low levels in, the normal breast tissue corresponding to each cancer patient. RT-PCR analysis has also shown that the B18Ag1  
30 transcript is not present in various normal tissues (including lymph node, myocardium

and liver) and present at relatively low levels in PBMC and lung tissue. The presence of B18Ag1 mRNA in breast tumor samples, and its absence from normal breast tissue, has been confirmed by Northern blot analysis, as shown in Figure 2.

The differential expression of B18Ag1 in breast tumor tissue was also confirmed by RNase protection assays. Figure 3 shows the level of B18Ag1 mRNA in various tissue types as determined in four different RNase protection assays. Lanes 1-12 represent various normal breast tissue samples, lanes 13-25 represent various breast tumor samples; lanes 26-27 represent normal prostate samples; lanes 28-29 represent prostate tumor samples; lanes 30-32 represent colon tumor samples; lane 33 represents normal aorta; lane 34 represents normal small intestine; lane 35 represents normal skin, lane 36 represents normal lymph node; lane 37 represents normal ovary; lane 38 represents normal liver; lane 39 represents normal skeletal muscle; lane 40 represents a first normal stomach sample, lane 41 represents a second normal stomach sample; lane 42 represents a normal lung; lane 43 represents normal kidney; and lane 44 represents normal pancreas. Interexperimental comparison was facilitated by including a positive control RNA of known  $\beta$ -actin message abundance in each assay and normalizing the results of the different assays with respect to this positive control.

RT-PCR and Southern Blot analysis has shown the B18Ag1 locus to be present in human genomic DNA as a single copy endogenous retroviral element. A genomic clone of approximately 12-18 kb was isolated using the initial B18Ag1 sequence as a probe. Four additional subclones were also isolated by XbaI digestion. Additional retroviral sequences obtained from the ends of the XbaI digests of these clones (located as shown in Figure 4) are shown as SEQ ID NO:3 - SEQ ID NO:10, where SEQ ID NO:3 shows the location of the sequence labeled 10 in Figure 4, SEQ ID NO:4 shows the location of the sequence labeled 11-29, SEQ ID NO:5 shows the location of the sequence labeled 3, SEQ ID NO:6 shows the location of the sequence labeled 6, SEQ ID NO:7 shows the location of the sequence labeled 12, SEQ ID NO:8 shows the location of the sequence labeled 13, SEQ ID NO:9 shows the location of the sequence labeled 14 and SEQ ID NO:10 shows the location of the sequence labeled 11-22.

Subsequent studies demonstrated that the 12-18 kb genomic clone contains a retroviral element of about 7.75 kb, as shown in Figures 5A and 5B. The sequence of this retroviral element is shown in SEQ ID NO: 141. The numbered line at the top of Figure 5A represents the sense strand sequence of the retroviral genomic clone. The box below this line shows the position of selected restriction sites. The arrows depict the different overlapping clones used to sequence the retroviral element. The direction of the arrow shows whether the single-pass subclone sequence corresponded to the sense or anti-sense strand. Figure 5B is a schematic diagram of the retroviral element containing B18Ag1 depicting the organization of viral genes within the element. The open boxes correspond to predicted reading frames, starting with a methionine, found throughout the element. Each of the six likely reading frames is shown, as indicated to the left of the boxes, with frames 1-3 corresponding to those found on the sense strand.

Using the cDNA of SEQ ID NO:1 as a probe, a longer cDNA was obtained (SEQ ID NO:227) which contains minor nucleotide differences (less than 1%) compared to the genomic sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:141.

**B. Preparation of cDNA Molecules Encoding Other Breast Tumor-Specific Polypeptides**

Normal RNA and tumor RNA was prepared and mRNA was isolated and converted into cDNA using a (dT)<sub>12</sub>AG anchored 3' primer, as described above. Differential display PCR was then executed using the randomly chosen primers of SEQ ID NO: 87-125. Amplification conditions were as noted above, and bands observed to be specific to the RNA fingerprint pattern of the tumor were cut out of a silver stained gel, subcloned into either the T-vector (Novagen, Madison, WI) or the pCRII vector (Invitrogen, San Diego, CA) and sequenced. The sequences are provided in SEQ ID NO:11 - SEQ ID NO:86. Of the 79 sequences isolated, 67 were found to be novel (SEQ ID NO:11-26 and 28-77) (*see also* Figures 6-20).

An extended DNA sequence (SEQ ID NO: 290) for the antigen B15Ag1 (originally identified partial sequence provided in SEQ ID NO: 27) was obtained in further studies. Comparison of the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 290 with those in the gene bank as described above, revealed homology to the known human  $\beta$ -A activin gene.



5 Further studies led to the isolation of a splice variant of B311D. The B311D clone of SEQ ID NO: 316 was sequenced and a XhoI/NotI fragment from this clone was gel purified and <sup>32</sup>P-cDTP labeled by random priming for use as a probe for further screening to obtain additional B311D gene sequence. Two fractions of a human breast tumor cDNA bacterial library were screened using standard techniques. One of the clones isolated in this manner yielded additional sequence which includes a poly A+ tail. 10 The determined cDNA sequence of this clone (referred to as B311D\_BT1\_1A) is provided in SEQ ID NO: 317. The sequences of SEQ ID NO: 316 and 317 were found to share identity over a 464 bp region, with the sequences diverging near the poly A+ sequence of SEQ ID NO: 317.

In further studies, several different splice forms of the antigen B11Ag1 (also referred to as B305D) were isolated, with each of the various splice forms containing slightly different versions of the B11Ag1 coding frame. Splice junction sequences define individual exons which, in various patterns and arrangements, make up the various splice forms. Primers were designed to examine the expression pattern of each of the exons using RT-PCR as described below. Each exon was found to show the same expression pattern as the original B11Ag1 clone, with expression being breast tumor-, normal prostate- and normal testis-specific. The determined cDNA sequences for the isolated protein coding exons are provided in SEQ ID NO: 292-298, respectively.

The predicted amino acid sequences corresponding to the sequences of SEQ ID NO: 292 and 298 are provided in SEQ ID NO: 299 and 300. Additional studies using rapid amplification of cDNA ends (RACE), a 5' specific primer to one of the splice forms of B11Ag1 provided above and a breast adenocarcinoma, led to the isolation of three additional, related, splice forms referred to as isoforms B11C-15, B11C-8 and B11C-9,16. The determined cDNA sequences for these isoforms are provided in SEQ ID NO: 301-303, with the corresponding predicted amino acid sequences being provided in SEQ ID NO: 304-306.

In subsequent studies on B305D isoform A (cDNA sequence provided in SEQ ID NO: 292), the cDNA sequence (provided in SEQ ID NO: 313) was found to contain an additional guanine residue at position 884, leading to a frameshift in the open reading frame. The determined DNA sequence of this ORF is provided in SEQ ID NO: 314. This frameshift generates a protein sequence (provided in SEQ ID NO: 315) of 293 amino acids that contains the C-terminal domain common to the other isoforms of B305D but that differs in the N-terminal region.

## EXAMPLE 2

### PREPARATION OF B18AG1 DNA FROM HUMAN GENOMIC DNA

This Example illustrates the preparation of B18Ag1 DNA by amplification from human genomic DNA.

B18Ag1 DNA may be prepared from 250 ng human genomic DNA using 20 pmol of B18Ag1 specific primers, 500 pmol dNTPS and 1 unit of *Taq* DNA polymerase (Perkin Elmer, Branchburg, NJ) using the following amplification parameters: 94°C for 30 seconds denaturing, 30 seconds 60°C to 42°C touchdown annealing in 2°C increments every two cycles and 72°C extension for 30 seconds. The last increment (a 42°C annealing temperature) should cycle 25 times. Primers were selected using computer analysis. Primers synthesized were B18Ag1-1, B18Ag1-2, B18Ag1-3, and B18Ag1-4. Primer pairs that may be used are 1+3, 1+4, 2+3, and 2+4.

Following gel electrophoresis, the band corresponding to B18Ag1 DNA may be excised and cloned into a suitable vector.

### EXAMPLE 3

#### 5 PREPARATION OF B18Ag1 DNA FROM BREAST TUMOR cDNA

This Example illustrates the preparation of B18Ag1 DNA by amplification from human breast tumor cDNA.

First strand cDNA is synthesized from RNA prepared from human breast  
10 tumor tissue in a reaction mixture containing 500 ng poly A<sup>+</sup> RNA, 200 pmol of the primer (T)<sub>12</sub>AG (*i.e.*, TTT TTT TTT TTT AG) (SEQ ID NO: 130), 1X first strand reverse transcriptase buffer, 6.7 mM DTT, 500 mmol dNTPs, and 1 unit AMV or MMLV reverse transcriptase (from any supplier, such as Gibco-BRL (Grand Island, NY)) in a final volume of 30  $\mu$ l. After first strand synthesis, the cDNA is diluted approximately 25  
15 fold and 1  $\mu$ l is used for amplification as described in Example 2. While some primer pairs can result in a heterogeneous population of transcripts, the primers B18Ag1-2 (5'ATG GCT ATT TTC GGG GGC TGA CA) (SEQ ID NO: 126) and B18Ag1-3 (5'CCG GTA TCT CCT CGT GGG TAT T) (SEQ ID NO: 127) yield a single 151 bp amplification product.

20

### EXAMPLE 4

#### IDENTIFICATION OF B-CELL AND T-CELL EPITOPES OF B18Ag1

This Example illustrates the identification of B18Ag1 epitopes.

25 The B18Ag1 sequence can be screened using a variety of computer algorithms. To determine B-cell epitopes, the sequence can be screened for hydrophobicity and hydrophilicity values using the method of Hopp, *Prog. Clin. Biol. Res.* 172B:367-77 (1985) or, alternatively, Cease et al., *J. Exp. Med.* 164:1779-84 (1986) or Spouge et al., *J. Immunol.* 138:204-12 (1987). Additional Class II MHC (antibody or  
30 B-cell) epitopes can be predicted using programs such as AMPHI (*e.g.*, Margalit et al., *J.*

*Immunol.* 138:2213 (1987)) or the methods of Rothbard and Taylor (e.g., *EMBO J.* 7:93 (1988)).

Once peptides (15-20 amino acids long) are identified using these techniques, individual peptides can be synthesized using automated peptide synthesis equipment (available from manufacturers such as Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems Division, Foster City, CA) and techniques such as Merrifield synthesis. Following synthesis, the peptides can be used to screen sera harvested from either normal or breast cancer patients to determine whether patients with breast cancer possess antibodies reactive with the peptides. Presence of such antibodies in breast cancer patient would confirm the immunogenicity of the specific B-cell epitope in question. The peptides can also be tested for their ability to generate a serologic or humoral immune response in animals (mice, rats, rabbits, chimps etc.) following immunization *in vivo*. Generation of a peptide-specific antiserum following such immunization further confirms the immunogenicity of the specific B-cell epitope in question.

To identify T-cell epitopes, the B18Ag1 sequence can be screened using different computer algorithms which are useful in identifying 8-10 amino acid motifs within the B18Ag1 sequence which are capable of binding to HLA Class I MHC molecules. (see, e.g., Rammensee et al., *Immunogenetics* 41:178-228 (1995)). Following synthesis such peptides can be tested for their ability to bind to class I MHC using standard binding assays (e.g., Sette et al., *J. Immunol.* 153:5586-92 (1994)) and more importantly can be tested for their ability to generate antigen reactive cytotoxic T-cells following *in vitro* stimulation of patient or normal peripheral mononuclear cells using, for example, the methods of Bakker et al., *Cancer Res.* 55:5330-34 (1995); Visseren et al., *J. Immunol.* 154:3991-98 (1995); Kawakami et al., *J. Immunol.* 154:3961-68 (1995); and Kast et al., *J. Immunol.* 152:3904-12 (1994). Successful *in vitro* generation of T-cells capable of killing autologous (bearing the same Class I MHC molecules) tumor cells following *in vitro* peptide stimulation further confirms the immunogenicity of the B18Ag1 antigen. Furthermore, such peptides may be used to generate murine peptide and B18Ag1 reactive cytotoxic T-cells following *in vivo* immunization in mice rendered

transgenic for expression of a particular human MHC Class I haplotype (Vitiello et al., *J. Exp. Med.* 173:1007-15 (1991)).

A representative list of predicted B18Ag1 B-cell and T-cell epitopes, broken down according to predicted HLA Class I MHC binding antigen, is shown below:

5

Predicted Th Motifs (B-cell epitopes) (SEQ ID NOS.: 131-133)

SSGGRTFDDFHRVLLVG  
QGAAQKPINLSKXIEVVQGHDE  
SPGVFLEHLQEAYRIYTPFDLSA

10

Predicted HLA A2.1 Motifs (T-cell epitopes) (SEQ ID NOS.: 134-140)

YLLVGIQGA  
GAAQKPINL  
NLSKXIEVV  
EVVQGHDES  
HLQEAYRIY  
NLAFAVAQAA  
FVAQAAPDS

15

20

**EXAMPLE 5**

**IDENTIFICATION OF T-CELL EPITOPES OF B11Ag1**

This Example illustrates the identification of B11Ag1 (also referred to as B305D) epitopes. Four peptides, referred to as B11-8, B11-1, B11-5 and B11-12 (SEQ ID NO: 309-312, respectfully) were derived from the B11Ag1 gene.

25

Human CD8 T cells were primed *in vitro* to the peptide B11-8 using dendritic cells according to the protocol of Van Tsai et al. (*Critical Reviews in Immunology* 18:65-75, 1998). The resulting CD8 T cell cultures were tested for their ability to recognize the B11-8 peptide or a negative control peptide, presented by the B-LCL line, JY. Briefly, T cells were incubated with autologous monocytes in the presence  
30 of 10 ug/ml peptide, 10 ng/ml IL-7 and 10 ug/ml IL-2, and assayed for their ability to

specifically lyse target cells in a standard  $^{51}\text{-Cr}$  release assay. As shown in Fig. 22, the bulk culture line demonstrated strong recognition of the B11-8 peptide with weaker recognition of the peptide B11-1.

A clone from this CTL line was isolated following rapid expansion using the monoclonal antibody OKT3 and human IL-2. As shown in Fig. 23, this clone (referred to as A1), in addition to being able to recognize specific peptide, recognized JY LCL transduced with the B11Ag1 gene. This data demonstrates that B11-8 is a naturally processed epitope of the B11Ag1 gene. In addition these T cells were further found to recognize and lyse, in an HLA-A2 restricted manner, an established tumor cell line naturally expressing B11Ag1 (Fig. 24). The T cells strongly recognize a lung adenocarcinoma (LT-140-22) naturally expressing B11Ag1 transduced with HLA-A2, as well as an A2+ breast carcinoma (CAMA-1) transduced with B11Ag1, but not untransduced lines or another negative tumor line (SW620).

These data clearly demonstrate that these human T cells recognize not only B11-specific peptides but also transduced cells, as well as naturally expressing tumor lines.

CTL lines raised against the antigens B11-5 and B11-12, using the procedures described above, were found to recognize corresponding peptide-coated targets.

## Example 6

CHARACTERIZATION OF BREAST TUMOR GENES DISCOVERED BY  
DIFFERENTIAL DISPLAY PCR

5           The specificity and sensitivity of the breast tumor genes discovered by differential display PCR were determined using RT-PCR. This procedure enabled the rapid evaluation of breast tumor gene mRNA expression semiquantitatively without using large amounts of RNA. Using gene specific primers, mRNA expression levels in a variety of tissues were examined, including 8 breast tumors, 5 normal breasts, 2 prostate  
10 tumors, 2 colon tumors, 1 lung tumor, and 14 other normal adult human tissues, including normal prostate, colon, kidney, liver, lung, ovary, pancreas, skeletal muscle, skin, stomach and testes.

To ensure the semiquantitative nature of the RT-PCR,  $\beta$ -actin was used as internal control for each of the tissues examined. Serial dilutions of the first strand  
15 cDNAs were prepared and RT-PCR assays performed using  $\beta$ -actin specific primers. A dilution was then selected that enabled the linear range amplification of  $\beta$ -actin template, and which was sensitive enough to reflect the difference in the initial copy number. Using this condition, the  $\beta$ -actin levels were determined for each reverse transcription reaction from each tissue. DNA contamination was minimized by DNase treatment and  
20 by assuring a negative result when using first strand cDNA that was prepared without adding reverse transcriptase.

Using gene specific primers, the mRNA expression levels were determined in a variety of tissues. To date, 38 genes have been successfully examined by RT-PCR, five of which exhibit good specificity and sensitivity for breast tumors  
25 (B15AG-1, B31GA1b, B38GA2a, B11A1a and B18AG1a). Figures 21A and 21B depict the results for three of these genes: B15AG-1 (SEQ ID NO:27), B31GA1b (SEQ ID NO:148) and B38GA2a (SEQ ID NO. 157). Table I summarizes the expression level of all the genes tested in normal breast tissue and breast tumors, and also in other tissues.

TABLE I

Percentage of Breast Cancer Antigens that are Expressed in Various Tissues

5	Breast Tissues	Over-expressed in Breast Tumors	84%
		Equally Expressed in Normals and Tumor	16%
10	Other Tissues	Over-expressed in Breast Tumors but not in any Normal Tissues	9%
		Over-expressed in Breast Tumors but Expressed in Some Normal Tissues	30%
15		Over-expressed in Breast Tumors but Equally Expressed in All Other Tissues	61%

20 From the foregoing, it will be appreciated that, although specific embodiments of the invention have been described herein for the purpose of illustration, various modifications may be made without deviating from the spirit and scope of the invention.



## CLAIMS

1. An isolated polypeptide, comprising at least an immunogenic portion of a protein, or a variant thereof, wherein the protein comprises an amino acid  
5 sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of:

(a) sequences recited in SEQ ID NOs: 1, 3-26, 28-77, 142, 143, 146-152, 154-166, 168-176, 178-192, 194-198, 200-204, 206, 207, 209-214, 216, 218, 219, 221-240, 243-245, 247, 250, 251, 253, 255, 257-266,  
10 268, 269, 271-273, 275, 276, 278, 280, 281, 284, 288, 291-298, 301-303, 307, 313, 314, 316 and 317;

(b) sequences that hybridize to a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs: 1, 3-26, 28-77, 142, 143, 146-152, 154-166, 168-176, 178-192, 194-198, 200-204, 206, 207, 209-214, 216, 218, 219, 221-240, 243-245, 247, 250, 251, 253, 255, 257-266, 268, 269, 271-273, 275,  
15 276, 278, 280, 281, 284, 288, 291-298, 301-303, 307, 313, 314, 316 and 317 under moderately stringent conditions; and

(c) complements of sequences of (a) or (b).

2. An isolated polypeptide according to claim 1, wherein the polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs: 1, 3-26, 28-77, 142, 143, 146-152, 154-166, 168-176, 178-192, 194-198, 200-204, 206, 207, 209-214, 216, 218, 219, 221-240, 243-245, 247, 250, 251, 253, 255, 257-266, 268, 269, 271-273, 275, 276, 278, 280, 281,  
20 284, 288, 291-298, 301-303, 307, 313, 314, 316 and 317 or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotide sequences.

3. An isolated polypeptide comprising a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs: 299, 300, 304-306, 308 and 315.

4. An isolated polynucleotide encoding at least 15 amino acid  
30

residues of a protein, or a variant thereof that differs in one or more substitutions, deletions, additions and/or insertions such that the ability of the variant to react with antigen-specific antisera is not substantially diminished, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs: 1, 3-26, 28-77, 142, 143, 146-152, 154-166, 168-176, 178-192, 194-198, 200-204, 206, 207, 209-214, 216, 218, 219, 221-240, 243-245, 247, 250, 251, 253, 255, 257-266, 268, 269, 271-273, 275, 276, 278, 280, 281, 284, 288, 291-298, 301-303, 307, 313, 314, 316 and 317 or a complement of any of the foregoing sequences.

10

5. An isolated polynucleotide encoding a protein, or a variant thereof, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs: 1, 3-26, 28-77, 142, 143, 146-152, 154-166, 168-176, 178-192, 194-198, 200-204, 206, 207, 209-214, 216, 218, 219, 221-240, 243-245, 247, 250, 251, 253, 255, 257-266, 268, 269, 271-273, 275, 276, 278, 280, 281, 284, 288, 291-298, 301-303, 307, 313, 314, 316 and 317 or a complement of any of the foregoing sequences.

15

6. An isolated polynucleotide, comprising a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID Nos: 1, 3-26, 28-77, 142, 143, 146-152, 154-166, 168-176, 178-192, 194-198, 200-204, 206, 207, 209-214, 216, 218, 219, 221-240, 243-245, 247, 250, 251, 253, 255, 257-266, 268, 269, 271-273, 275, 276, 278, 280, 281, 284, 288, 291-298, 301-303, 307, 313, 314, 316 and 317.

20

7. An isolated polynucleotide, comprising a sequence that hybridizes to a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs: 1, 3-26, 28-77, 142, 143, 146-152, 154-166, 168-176, 178-192, 194-198, 200-204, 206, 207, 209-214, 216, 218, 219, 221-240, 243-245, 247, 250, 251, 253, 255, 257-266, 268, 269, 271-273, 275, 276, 278, 280, 281, 284, 288, 291-298, 301-303, 307, 313, 314, 316 and 317 under moderately stringent conditions.

30

8. An isolated polynucleotide complementary to a polynucleotide according to any one of claims 4-7.

9. An expression vector, comprising a polynucleotide according to any one of claims claim 4-8.

10. A host cell transformed or transfected with an expression vector according to claim 9.

11. An isolated antibody, or antigen-binding fragment thereof, that specifically binds to a protein that comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs: 1, 3-26, 28-77, 142, 143, 146-152, 154-166, 168-176, 178-192, 194-198, 200-204, 206, 207, 209-214, 216, 218, 219, 221-240, 243-245, 247, 250, 251, 253, 255, 257-266, 268, 269, 271-273, 275, 276, 278, 280, 281, 284, 288, 291-298, 301-303, 307, 313, 314, 316 and 317 or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotide sequences.

12. A fusion protein, comprising at least one polypeptide according to claim 1.

13. A fusion protein according to claim 12, wherein the fusion protein comprises an expression enhancer that increases expression of the fusion protein in a host cell transfected with a polynucleotide encoding the fusion protein.

14. A fusion protein according to claim 12, wherein the fusion protein comprises a T helper epitope that is not present within the polypeptide of claim 1.

15. A fusion protein according to claim 12, wherein the fusion protein comprises an affinity tag.

16. An isolated polynucleotide encoding a fusion protein according to claim 12.

17. A pharmaceutical composition, comprising a physiologically acceptable carrier and at least one component selected from the group consisting of:

- (a) a polypeptide according to claim 1;
- (b) a polynucleotide according to claim 4;
- (c) an antibody according to claim 11;
- (d) a fusion protein according to claim 12; and
- (e) a polynucleotide according to claim 16.

18. A vaccine comprising an immunostimulant and at least one component selected from the group consisting of:

- (a) a polypeptide according to claim 1;
- (b) a polynucleotide according to claim 4;
- (c) an antibody according to claim 11;
- (d) a fusion protein according to claim 12; and
- (e) a polynucleotide according to claim 16.

19. A vaccine according to claim 18, wherein the immunostimulant is an adjuvant.

20. A vaccine according to any claim 18, wherein the immunostimulant induces a predominantly Type I response.

21. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a pharmaceutical composition according to claim 17.

22. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a vaccine according to

claim 18.

23. A pharmaceutical composition comprising an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide according to claim 1, in combination with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient.

24. A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 23, wherein the antigen presenting cell is a dendritic cell or a macrophage.

25. A vaccine comprising an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide comprising at least an immunogenic portion of a protein, or a variant thereof, wherein the protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of:

(a) sequences recited in SEQ ID NOs: 1, 3-26, 28-86, 142-253, 255-298, 301-303, 307, 313, 314, 316 and 317;

(b) sequences that hybridize to a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs: 1, 3-26, 28-86, 142-253, 255-298, 301-303, 307, 313, 314, 316 and 317 under moderately stringent conditions; and

(c) complements of sequences of (i) or (ii);  
in combination with an immunostimulant.

26. A vaccine according to claim 25, wherein the immunostimulant is an adjuvant.

27. A vaccine according to claim 25, wherein the immunostimulant induces a predominantly Type I response.

28. A vaccine according to claim 25, wherein the antigen-presenting cell is a dendritic cell.

29. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient,

comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide comprising at least an immunogenic portion of a protein, or a variant thereof, wherein the protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of:

5 (a) sequences recited in SEQ ID NOs: 1, 3-26, 28-86, 142-253, 255-298, 301-303, 307, 313, 314, 316 and 317;

(b) sequences that hybridize to a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs: 1, 3-26, 28-86, 142-253, 255-298, 301-303, 307, 313, 314, 316 and 317 under moderately stringent conditions; and

10 (c) complements of sequences encoded by a polynucleotide recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs: 1, 3-26, 28-86, 142-253, 255-298, 301-303, 307, 313, 314, 316 and 317;

and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

15 30. A method according to claim 29, wherein the antigen-presenting cell is a dendritic cell.

31. A method according to any one of claims 21, 22 and 29, wherein the cancer is breast cancer.

20 32. A method for removing tumor cells from a biological sample, comprising contacting a biological sample with T cells that specifically react with a protein, wherein the protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of:

25 (i) polynucleotides recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs: 1, 3-26, 28-86, 142-253, 255-298, 301-303, 307, 313, 314, 316 and 317; and

(ii) complements of the foregoing polynucleotides;

wherein the step of contacting is performed under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the removal of cells expressing the antigen from the sample.

30

33. A method according to claim 32, wherein the biological sample is

blood or a fraction thereof.

34. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient a biological sample treated according to the  
5 method of claim 32.

35. A method for stimulating and/or expanding T cells specific for a protein, comprising contacting T cells with at least one component selected from the group consisting of:

10 (a) polypeptides comprising at least an immunogenic portion of a protein, or a variant thereof, wherein the protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of:

(i) sequences recited in SEQ ID NOs: 1, 3-26, 28-86, 142-253, 255-298, 301-303, 307, 313, 314, 316 and 317;

15 (ii) sequences that hybridize to a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs: 1, 3-26, 28-86, 142-253, 255-298, 301-303, 307, 313, 314, 316 and 317 under moderately stringent conditions; and

(iii) complements of sequences of (i) or (ii);

(b) polynucleotides encoding a polypeptide of (a); and

20 (c) antigen presenting cells that express a polypeptide of (a);

under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the stimulation and/or expansion of T cells.

36. An isolated T cell population, comprising T cells prepared  
25 according to the method of claim 35.

37. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a T cell population according to claim 36.

30

38. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient,

comprising the steps of:

(a) incubating CD4<sup>+</sup> and/or CD8<sup>+</sup> T cells isolated from a patient with at least one component selected from the group consisting of:

(i) polypeptides comprising at least an immunogenic portion of a protein, or a variant thereof, wherein the protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of:

(1) sequences recited in SEQ ID NOs: 1, 3-26, 28-86, 142-253, 255-298, 301-303, 307, 313, 314, 316 and 317;

(2) sequences that hybridize to a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs: 1, 3-26, 28-86, 142-253, 255-298, 301-303, 307, 313, 314, 316 and 317 under moderately stringent conditions; and

(3) complements of sequences of (1) or (2);

(ii) polynucleotides encoding a polypeptide of (i); and

(iii) antigen presenting cells that expresses a polypeptide of (i);

such that T cells proliferate; and

(b) administering to the patient an effective amount of the proliferated T cells, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

39. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

(a) incubating CD4<sup>+</sup> and/or CD8<sup>+</sup> T cells isolated from a patient with at least one component selected from the group consisting of:

(i) polypeptides comprising at least an immunogenic portion of a protein, or a variant thereof, wherein the protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of:

(1) sequences recited in SEQ ID NOs: 1, 3-26, 28-86, 142-253, 255-298, 301-303, 307, 313, 314, 316 and 317;

(2) sequences that hybridize to a sequence recited in



any one of SEQ ID NOs: 1, 3-26, 28-86, 142-253, 255-298, 301-303, 307, 313, 314, 316 and 317 under moderately stringent conditions; and

(3) complements of sequences of (1) or (2);

(ii) polynucleotides encoding a polypeptide of (i); and

5 (iii) antigen presenting cells that express a polypeptide of (i);

such that T cells proliferate;

(b) cloning at least one proliferated cell to provide cloned T cells;

and

10 (c) administering to the patient an effective amount of the cloned T cells, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

40. A method for determining the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

15 (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with a binding agent that binds to a protein, wherein the protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs: 1, 3-26, 28-86, 142-253, 255-298, 301-303, 307, 313, 314, 316 and 317 or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotide sequences;

20 (b) detecting in the sample an amount of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent; and

(c) comparing the amount of polypeptide to a predetermined cut-off value, and therefrom determining the presence or absence of a cancer in the patient.

25 41. A method according to claim 40, wherein the binding agent is an antibody.

42. A method according to claim 43, wherein the antibody is a monoclonal antibody.

30

43. A method according to claim 40, wherein the cancer is breast

cancer.

44. A method for monitoring the progression of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

5 (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient at a first point in time with a binding agent that binds to a protein, wherein the protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs: 1, 3-26, 28-86, 142-253, 255-298, 301-303, 307, 313, 314, 316 and 317 or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotide sequences;

10 (b) detecting in the sample an amount of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent;

(c) repeating steps (a) and (b) using a biological sample obtained from the patient at a subsequent point in time; and

15 (d) comparing the amount of polypeptide detected in step (c) to the amount detected in step (b) and therefrom monitoring the progression of the cancer in the patient.

45. A method according to claim 44, wherein the binding agent is an antibody.

20 46. A method according to claim 45, wherein the antibody is a monoclonal antibody.

47. A method according to claim 44, wherein the cancer is a breast cancer.

48. A method for determining the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

30 (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with an oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a protein, wherein the protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence

recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 1, 3-26, 28-86, 142-253, 255-298, 301-303, 307, 313, 314, 316 and 317 or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotide sequences;

(b) detecting in the sample an amount of a polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide; and

5 (c) comparing the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide to a predetermined cut-off value, and therefrom determining the presence or absence of a cancer in the patient.

49. A method according to claim 48, wherein the amount of  
10 polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide is determined using a polymerase chain reaction.

50. A method according to claim 48, wherein the amount of  
15 polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide is determined using a hybridization assay.

51. A method for monitoring the progression of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

(a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with an  
20 oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a protein, wherein the protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 1, 3-26, 28-86, 142-253, 255-298, 301-303, 307, 313, 314, 316 and 317 or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotide sequences;

(b) detecting in the sample an amount of a polynucleotide that  
25 hybridizes to the oligonucleotide;

(c) repeating steps (a) and (b) using a biological sample obtained from the patient at a subsequent point in time; and

(d) comparing the amount of polynucleotide detected in step (c) to the amount detected in step (b) and therefrom monitoring the progression of the cancer  
30 in the patient.

52. A method according to claim 51, wherein the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide is determined using a polymerase chain reaction.

5 53. A method according to claim 51, wherein the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide is determined using a hybridization assay.

54. A diagnostic kit, comprising:

- 10 (a) one or more antibodies according to claim 11; and  
(b) a detection reagent comprising a reporter group.

55. A kit according to claim 54, wherein the antibodies are immobilized on a solid support.

15 56. A kit according to claim 54, wherein the detection reagent comprises an anti-immunoglobulin, protein G, protein A or lectin.

57. A kit according to claim 54, wherein the reporter group is  
20 selected from the group consisting of radioisotopes, fluorescent groups, luminescent groups, enzymes, biotin and dye particles.

58. An oligonucleotide comprising 10 to 40 contiguous nucleotides that hybridize under moderately stringent conditions to a polynucleotide that encodes a  
25 protein, wherein the protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs: 1, 3-26, 28-77, 142, 143, 146-152, 154-166, 168-176, 178-192, 194-198, 200-204, 206, 207, 209-214, 216, 218, 219, 221-240, 243-245, 247, 250, 251, 253, 255, 257-266, 268, 269, 271-273, 275, 276, 278, 280, 281, 284, 288, 291-298, 301-303, 307, 313, 314, 316 and 317 or a  
30 complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotides.

59. A oligonucleotide according to claim 58, wherein the oligonucleotide comprises 10-40 contiguous nucleotides recited in any one of SEQ ID Nos: 1, 3-26, 28-77, 142, 143, 146-152, 154-166, 168-176, 178-192, 194-198, 200-204, 206, 207, 209-214, 216, 218, 219, 221-240, 243-245, 247, 250, 251, 253, 255, 257-266, 268, 269, 271-273, 275, 276, 278, 280, 281, 284, 288, 291-298, 301-303, 307, 313, 314, 316 and 317.

60. A diagnostic kit, comprising:

(a) an oligonucleotide according to claim 59; and

10 (b) a diagnostic reagent for use in a polymerase chain reaction or hybridization assay.

1/25

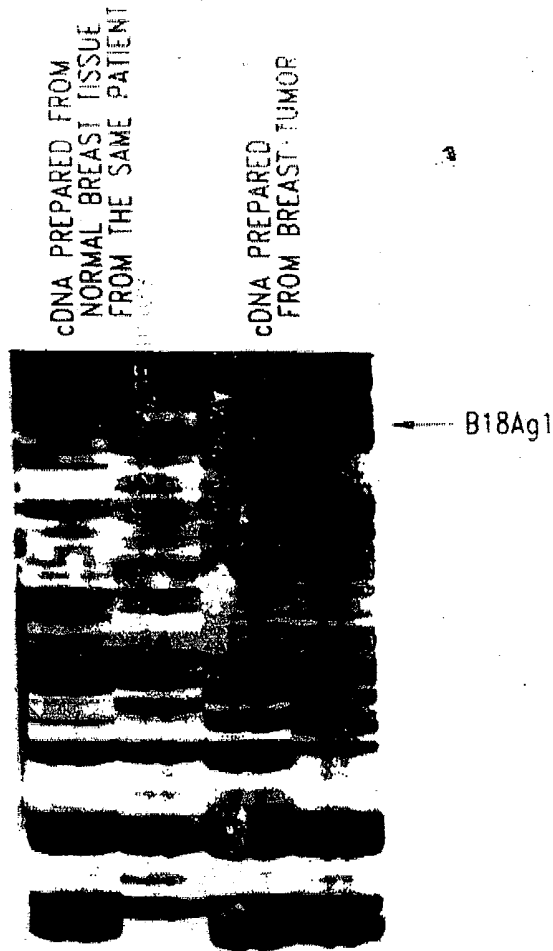
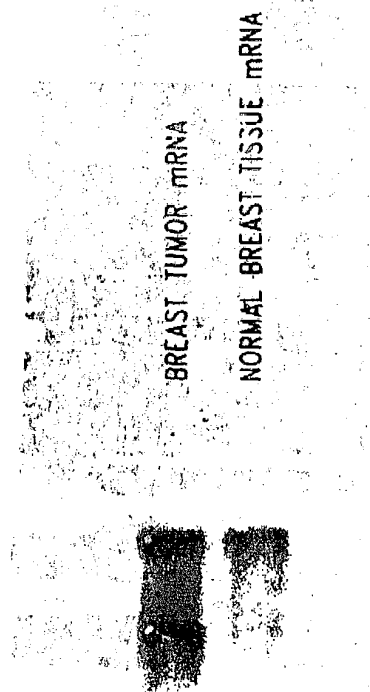


Fig. 1

2/25



*Fig. 2*

3/25

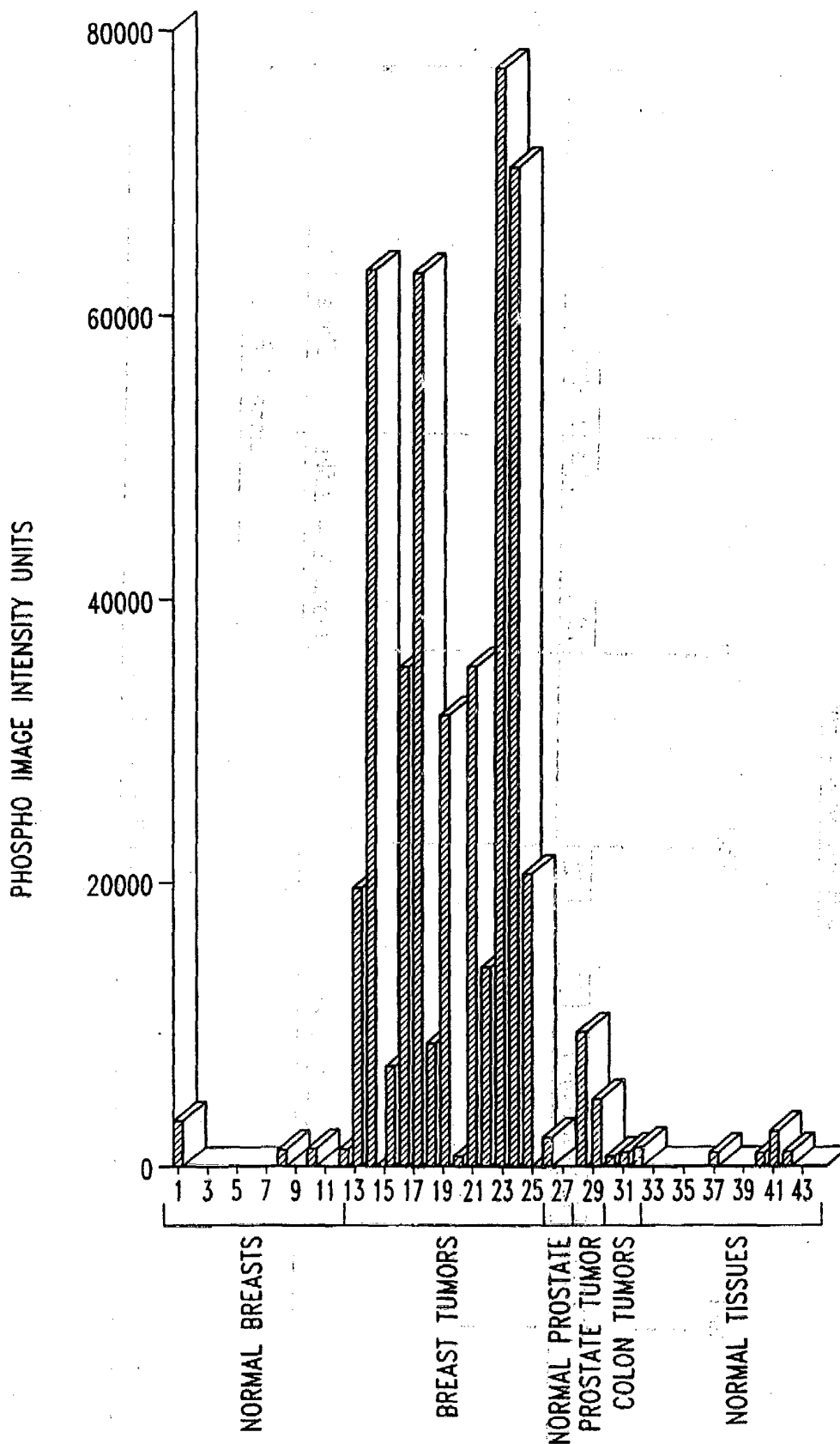
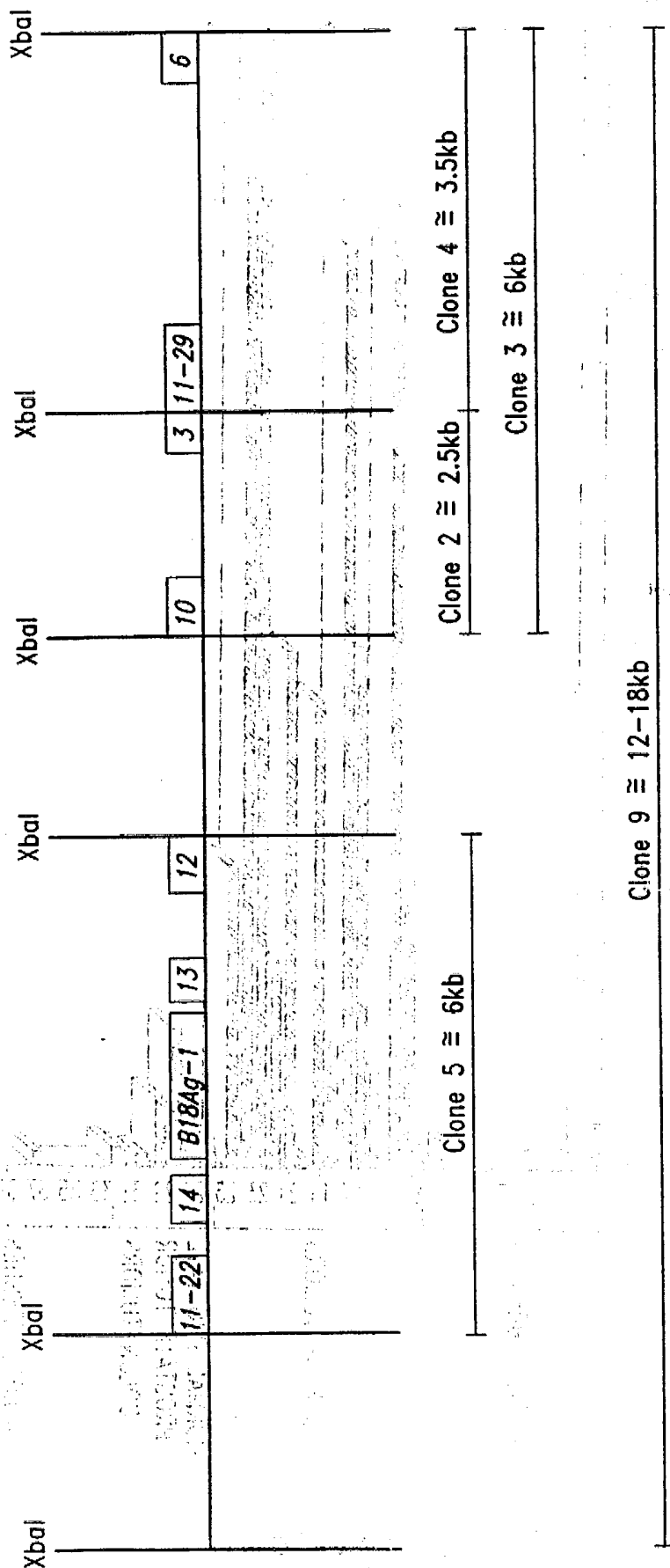


Fig. 3

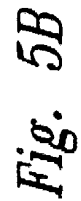


4/25

GENOMIC CLONE MAP



*Fig. 4*



6/25

NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE OF THE REPRESENTATIVE  
BREAST-TUMOR SPECIFIC cDNA B18Ag1

TTA	GAG	ACC	CAA	TTG	GGA	CCT	AAT	TGG	GAC	CCA	AAT	TTC	TCA	AGT	GGA	48
Leu	Glu	Thr	Gln	Leu	Gly	Pro	Asn	Trp	Asp	Pro	Asn	Phe	Ser	Ser	Gly	
1				5				10						15		
GGG	AGA	ACT	TTT	GAC	GAT	TTC	CAC	CGG	TAT	CTC	CTC	GTG	GGT	ATT	CAG	96
Gly	Arg	Thr	Phe	Asp	Asp	Phe	His	Arg	Tyr	Leu	Leu	Val	Gly	Ile	Gln	
		20						25					30			
GGA	GCT	GCC	CAG	AAA	CCT	ATA	AAC	TTG	TCT	AAG	GCG	ATT	GAA	GTC	GTC	144
Gly	Ala	Ala	Gln	Lys	Pro	Ile	Asn	Leu	Ser	Lys	Ala	Ile	Glu	Val	Val	
		35					40					45				
CAG	GGG	CAT	GAT	GAG	TCA	CCA	GGA	GTG	TTT	TTA	GAG	CAC	CTC	CAG	GAG	192
Gln	Gly	His	Asp	Glu	Ser	Pro	Gly	Val	Phe	Leu	Glu	His	Leu	Gln	Glu	
	50					55					60					
GCT	TAT	CGG	ATT	TAC	ACC	CCT	TTT	GAC	CTG	GCA	GCC	CCC	GAA	AAT	AGC	240
Ala	Tyr	Arg	Ile	Tyr	Thr	Pro	Phe	Asp	Leu	Ala	Ala	Pro	Glu	Asn	Ser	
65					70					75					80	
CAT	GCT	CTT	AAT	TTG	GCA	TTT	GTG	GCT	CAG	GCA	GCC	CCA	GAT	AGT	AAA	288
His	Ala	Leu	Asn	Leu	Ala	Phe	Val	Ala	Gln	Ala	Ala	Pro	Asp	Ser	Lys	
			85					90						95		
AGG	AAA	CTC	CAA	AAA	CTA	GAG	GGA	TTT	TGC	TGG	AAT	GAA	TAC	CAG	TCA	336
Arg	Lys	Leu	Gln	Lys	Leu	Glu	Gly	Phe	Cys	Trp	Asn	Glu	Tyr	Gln	Ser	
		100					105						110			
GCT	TTT	AGA	GAT	AGC	CTA	AAA	GGT	TTT								363
Ala	Phe	Arg	Asp	Ser	Leu	Lys	Gly	Phe								
		115					120									

Fig. 6

7/25

NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE OF THE REPRESENTATIVE  
BREAST-TUMOR SPECIFIC cDNA B17Ag1

GC TGGGCACAGT GGCTCATACC TGTAATCCTG ACCGTTTCAG AGGCTCAGGT 60  
CG CTTGAGCCCA AGATTTCAGG ACTAGTCTGG GTAACATAGT GAGACCCTAT 120  
AA AAATAAAAAA ATGAGCCTGG TGTAAGTGGCA CACACCAGCT GAGGAGGGAG 180  
CT AGGAGA 196

*Fig. 7*

NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE OF THE REPRESENTATIVE  
BREAST-TUMOR SPECIFIC cDNA B17Ag2

GC TTGGGGGCTC TGACTAGAAA TTCAAGGAAC CTGGGATTCA AGTCCAAC TG	60
AC TTACACTGTG GNCTCCAATA AACTGCTTCT TTCCTATTCC CTCTCTATTA	120
AA GGAAACGAT GTCTGTGTAT AGCCAAGTCA GNTATCCTAA AAGGAGATAC	180
AT TAAATATCAG AATGTAAAC CTGGGAACCA GGTTCACAGC CTGGGATTAA	240
CA AGAAGACTGA ACAGTACTAC TGTGAAAAGC CCGAAGNGGC AATATGTTCA	300
TT GAAGGATGGC TGGGAGAATG AATGCTCTGT CCCCAGTCC CAAGCTCACT	360
CT CCTTTATAGC CTAGGAGA	388

*Fig. 8*

9/25

NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE OF THE REPRESENTATIVE  
BREAST-TUMOR SPECIFIC cDNA B13Ag2c

GC CTATAATCAT GTTTCTCATT ATTTTCACAT TTTATTAACC AATTTCTGTT 60  
AA AATATGAGGG AAATATATGA AACAGGGAGG CAATGTTTCAG ATAATTGATC 120  
TG ATTTCTACAT CAGATGCTCT TTCCTTTCCT GTTTATTTCC TTTTATTTC 180  
GG TCGAATGTAA TAGCTTTGTT TCAAGAGAGA GTTTTGGCAG TTTCTGTAGC 240  
CT GCTCATGTCT CCAGGCATCT ATTTGCACTT TAGGAGGTGT CGTGGGAGAC 300  
CT ATTTTTTCCA TATTGGGCA ACTACTA 337

*Fig. 9*

10/25

NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE OF THE REPRESENTATIVE  
BREAST-TUMOR SPECIFIC cDNA B13Ag1b

GC CATACAGTGC CTTTCCATTT ATTTAACCCC CACCTGAACG GCATAAACTG	60
GC TGGTGTITTT TACTGTAAAC AATAAGGAGA CTTTGCTCTT CATTTAAACC	120
AT TTCATATTTT ACGCTCGAGG GTTTTTACCG GTTCCTTTTT ACACTCCTTA	180
TT TAAGTCGTTT GGAACAAGAT ATTTTTTCTT TCCTGGCAGC TTTTAACATT	240
TT TGTGCTGGG GGAAGTCTGG TCACTGTTTC TCACAGTTGC AAATCAAGGC	300
CC AAGAAAAAAA AATTTTTTTG TTTTATTGTA AACTGGACCG GATAAACGGT	360
CG GCTGCTGTAT ATAGTTTTAA ATGGTTTATT GCACCTCCTT AAGTTGCACT	420
GG GGGGNTTTTG NATAGAAAGT NTTTANTCAC ANAGTCACAG GGACTTTTNT	480
NA CTGAGCTAAA AAGGGCTGNT TTTCGGGTGG GGGCAGATGA AGGCTCACAG	540
TC TCTTAGAGGG GGGAACNCT A	571

*Fig. 10*

11/25

NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE OF THE REPRESENTATIVE  
BREAST-TUMOR SPECIFIC cDNA B13Ag1a

TA ATAACTTAAA TATATTTTGA TCACCCACTG GGGTGATAAG ACAATAGATA 60  
TT TCCAAAAAGC ATAAACCAA AGTATCATAC CAAACCAAAT TCATACTGCT 120  
CC GCACTGAAAC TTCACCTTCT AACTGTCTAC CTAACCAAAT TCTACCCTTC 180  
GG TCGTGCTCA CTACTCTTTT TTTTTTTTTT TTTNTTTTGG AGATGGAGTC 240  
CA GCCCAGGGGT GGAGTACAAT GGCACAACCT CAGCTCACTG NAACCTCCGC 300  
TT CATGAGATTC TCCTGNTTCA GCCTTCCCAG TAGCTGGGAC TACAGGTGTG 360  
TG CCTGGNTAAT CTTTTTNGT TTTNGGGTAG AGATGGGGGT TTTACATGTT 420  
TG GTNTCGAACT CCTGACCTCA AGTGATCCAC CCACCTCAGG CTCCCAAAGT 480  
TA CAGACATGAG CCACTGNGCC CAGNCCTGGT GCATGCTCAC TTCTCTAGGC 540  
548

*Fig. 11*



12/25

NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE OF THE REPRESENTATIVE  
BREAST-TUMOR SPECIFIC cDNA B11Ag1

TG CACATGCAGA ATATTCTATC GGTACTTCAG CTATTACTCA TTTTGATGGC	60
AG CCTATCCTCA AGATGAGTAT TTAGAAAGAA TTGATTTAGC GATAGACCAA	120
GC ACTCTGACTA CACGAAATTG TTCAGATGTG ATGGATTTAT GACAGTTGAT	180
GA GATTATTAAG TGATTATTTT AAAGGGAATC CATTAAATCC AGAATATCTT	240
TC AAGATGATAT AGAAATAGAA CAGAAAGAGA CTACAAATGA AGATGTATCA	300
TA TTGAAGAGCC TATAGTAGAA AATGAATTAG CTGCATTTAT TAGCCTTACA	360
TT TTCCTGATGA ATCTTATATT CAGCCATCGA CATAGCATTG CCTGATGGGC	420
GA ATAATAGAAA CTGGGTGCGG GGCTATTGAT GAATTCATCC NCAGTAAATT	480
AC AAAATATAAC TCGATTGCAT TTGGATGATG GAATACTAAA TCTGGCAAAA	540
GG AGCTACTAGT AACCTCTCTT TTTGAGATGC AAAATTTTCT TTTAGGGTTT	600
CT ACTTTACGGA TATTGGAGCA TAACGGGA	638

*Fig. 12*

13/25

NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE OF THE REPRESENTATIVE  
BREAST-TUMOR SPECIFIC cDNA B3CA3c

ACTGATGGAT GTCGCCGGAG GCGAGGGGCC TTATCTGATG CTCGGCTGCC TGTTGCTGAT 60  
GTGCGCGGGC ATTGGGCTGT TTATCTCAA CACCGCCACG GCGGTGCTGA TGGCGCCTAT 120  
TGCCTTAGCG GCGGCGAAGT CAATGGGCGT CTCACCCTAT CCTTTTGCCA TGGTGGTGGC 180  
GATGGCGGGT TCGGCGGGCT TTATGACCGG GGTCTCCTCG CCGGTTAACA CCCTGGTGCT 240  
TGGCCCTGGC AAGTACTCAT TTAGCGATTT TGTCAAATA GCGGTG 286

*Fig. 13*

14/25

NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE OF THE REPRESENTATIVE  
BREAST-TUMOR SPECIFIC cDNA B9CG1

AG CAGCCCTTC TTCTCAATTT CATCTGTCAC TACCCTGGTG TAGTATCTCA 60  
CA TTTTATAGC CTCCTCCCTG GTCTGTCTTT TGATTTTCCT GCCTGTAATC 120  
AC ATAAGTCAA GTAAACATTT CTAAAGTGTG GTTATGCTCA TGTCACCTCT 180  
AA ATAGTTTCCA TTACCGTCTT AATAAAATTC GGATTTGTTC TTTNCTATTN 240  
CA CCTATGACCG AA 262

*Fig. 14*

15/25

NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE OF THE REPRESENTATIVE  
BREAST-TUMOR SPECIFIC cDNA B9CG3

AG CAAAGCCAGT GGTTTGAGCT CTCTACTGTG TAAACTCCTA AACCAAGGCC 60  
TA AATGGTGGCA GGATTTTAT TATAACATG TACCCATGCA AATTCCTAT 120  
GA TATATTCTTC TACATTTAAA CAATAAAAAT AATCTATTTT TAAAAGCCTA 180  
AG TTAGGTAAGA GTGTTTAATG AGAGGGTATA AGGTATAAAT CACCAGTCAA 240  
TG CCTATGACCG A 261

*Fig. 15*

16/25

NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE OF THE REPRESENTATIVE  
BREAST-TUMOR SPECIFIC cDNA B2CA2

GG GCATGGACGC AGACGCCTGA CGTTTGGCTG AAAATCTTTC ATTGATTCGT 60  
AT AGGAAAATTC CCAAAGAGGG AATGTCCTGT TGCTCGCCAG TTTTNTGTT 120  
GG ANAAGGCAAN GAGCTCTTCA GACTATTGGN ATTNTCGTTC GGTCTTCTGC 180  
CG NCTTGCAANG ATCTTCAT 208

*Fig. 16*

17/25

NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE OF THE REPRESENTATIVE  
BREAST-TUMOR SPECIFIC cDNA B3CA1

GG GCATGGACGC AGACGCCTGA CGTTTGGCTG AAAATCTTTC ATTGATTCTG 60  
AT AGGAAAATTC CCAAAGAGGG AATGTCCTGT TGCTCGCCAG TTTTNTGTT 120  
GG ANAAGGCAAN GAGCTCTTCA GACTATTGGN ATTNTCGTTC GGTCTTCTGC 180  
CG NCTTGCNANG ATCTTCAT 208

*Fig. 17*

18/25

NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE OF THE REPRESENTATIVE  
BREAST-TUMOR SPECIFIC cDNA B3CA2

GG GCATGGACGC AGACGCCTGA CGTTTGGCTG AAAATCTTTC ATTGATTCGT 60  
AT AGGAAAATTC CCAAAGAGGG AATGTCCTGT TGCTCGCCAG TTTTNTGTT 120  
GG ANAAGGCAAN GAGCTCTTCA GACTATTGGN ATTNTCGTTC GGTCTTCTGC 180  
CG NCTTGCNANG ATCTTCAT 208

*Fig. 18*

19/25

NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE OF THE REPRESENTATIVE  
BREAST-TUMOR SPECIFIC cDNA B3CA3

AG GGAGCAAGGA GAAGGCATGG AGAGGCTCAN GCTGGTCCTG GCCTACGACT 60

CT GTCGCCGGGG ATGGTGGAGA ACTGAAGCGG GACCTCCTCG AGGTCCTCCG 120

TC NCCGTCCAGG AGGAGGGTCT TTCGGTGGTC TNGGAGGAGC GGGGGGAGAA 180

TC ATGGTCNACA TCCC 204

*Fig. 19*



20/25

## BEST AVAILABLE COPY

NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE OF THE REPRESENTATIVE  
BREAST-TUMOR SPECIFIC cDNA B4CA1

TC AGGAGCGGGT AGAGTGGCAC CATTGAGGGG ATATTCAAAA ATATTATTTT	60
TG ATAGTTGCTG AGTTTTCTT TGACCCATGA GTTATATTGG AGTTTATTTT	120
CC AATCGCATGG ACATGTTAGA CT TATTTTCT GTTAATGATT NCTATTTTTA	180
GA TTTGAGAAAT TGGTNTTAT TATATCAATT TTTGGTATTT GTTGAGTTTG	240
GC TTAGTATGTG ACCA	264

*Fig. 20*

21/25

BEST AVAILABLE COPY

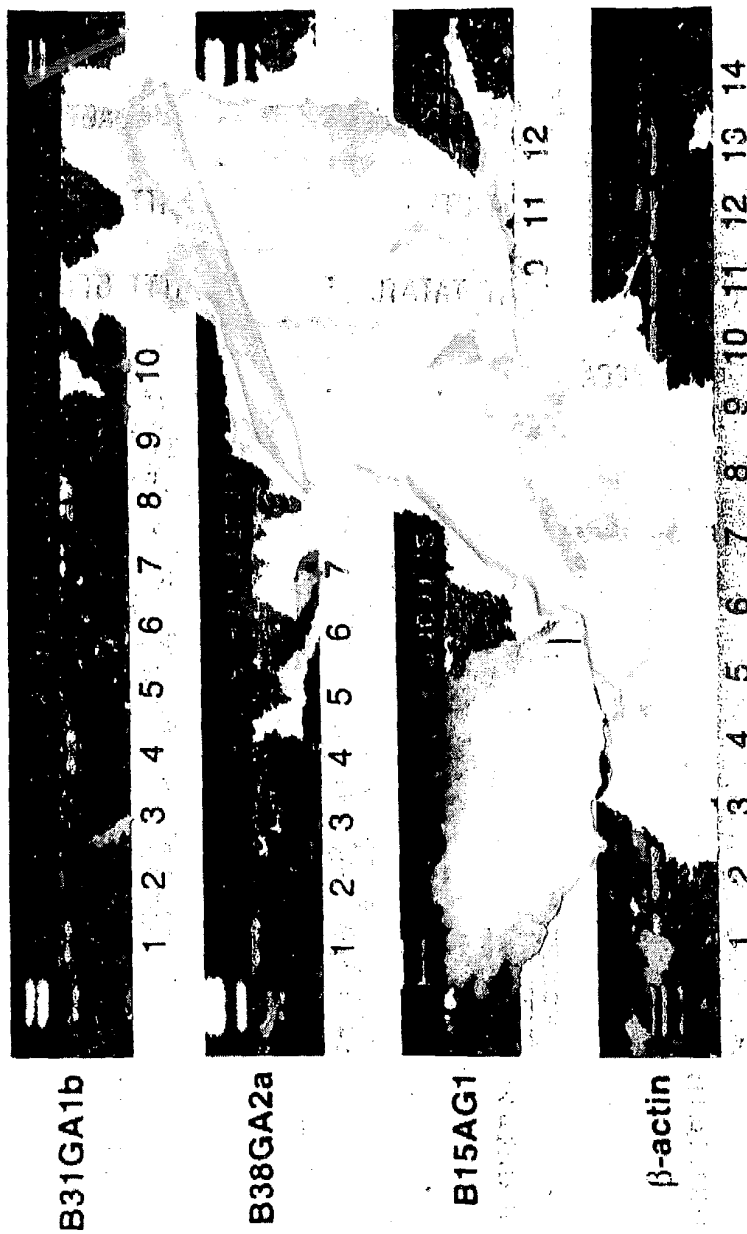


Fig. 21A

22/25

BEST AVAILABLE COPY

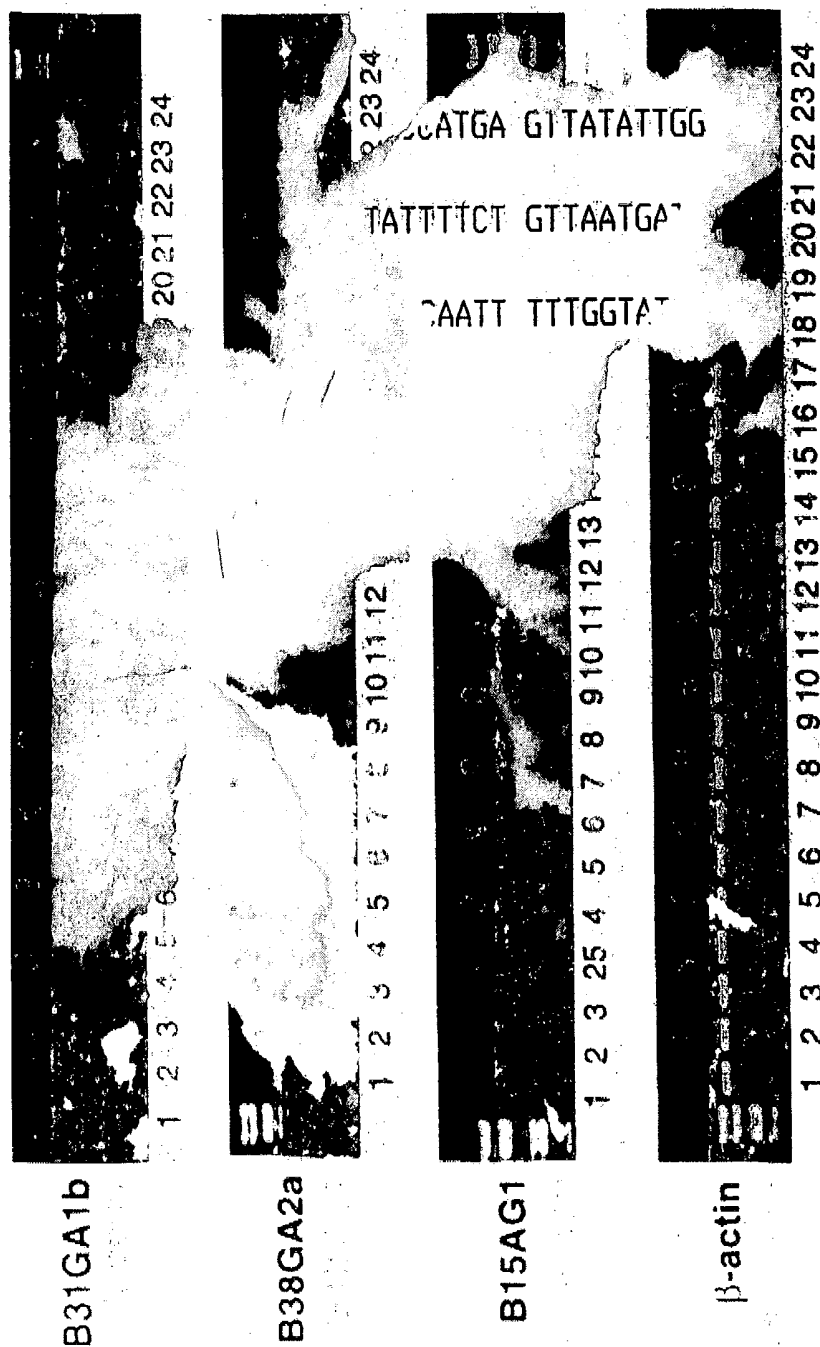
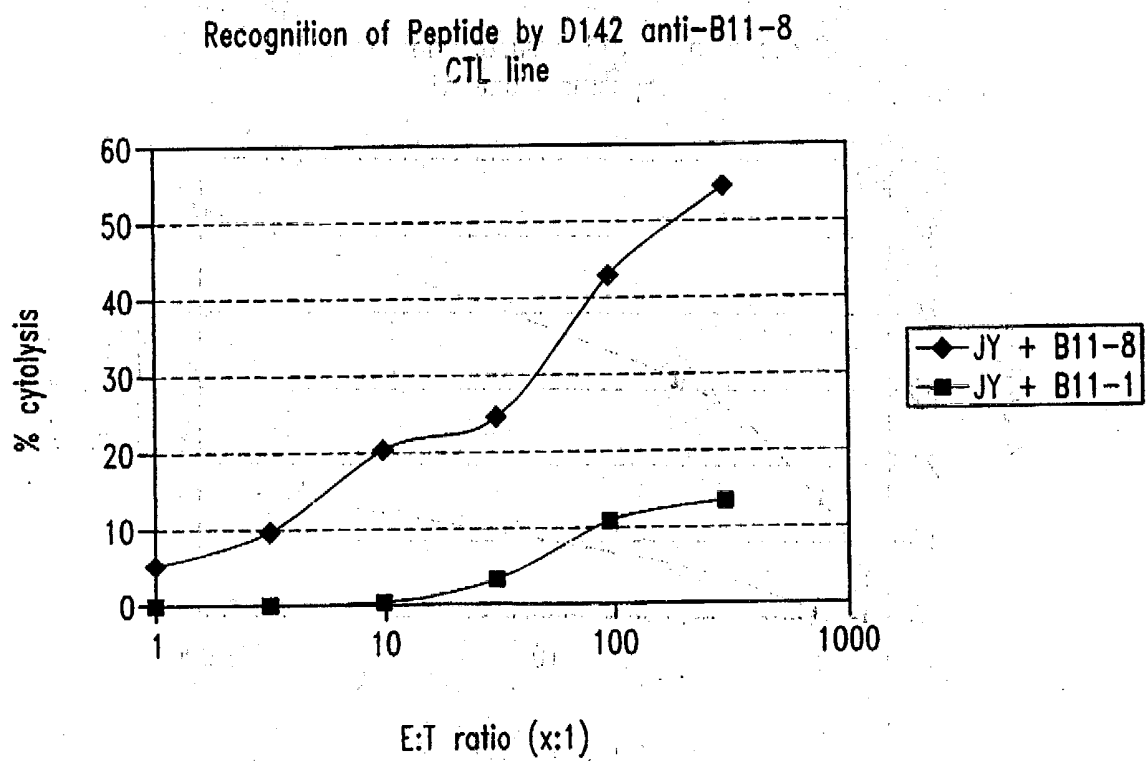


Fig. 21B

23/25

*Fig. 22*

24/25

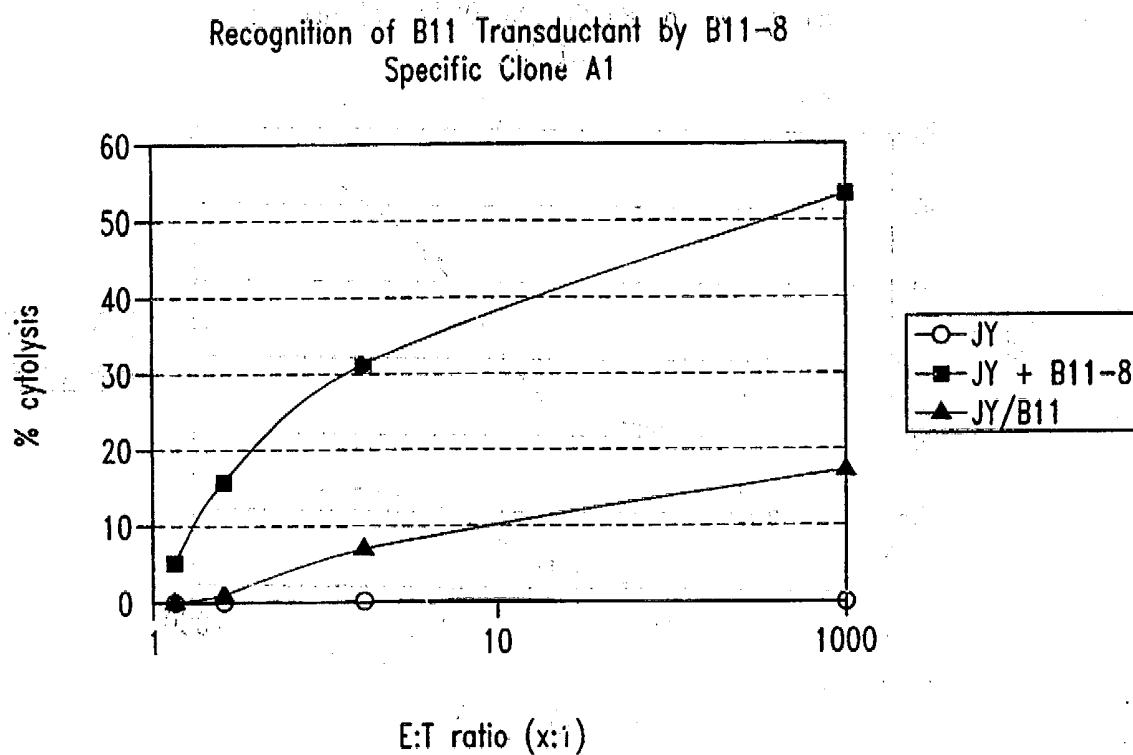


Fig. 23

25/25

# Recognition of Tumor Cell Lines by Clone A1

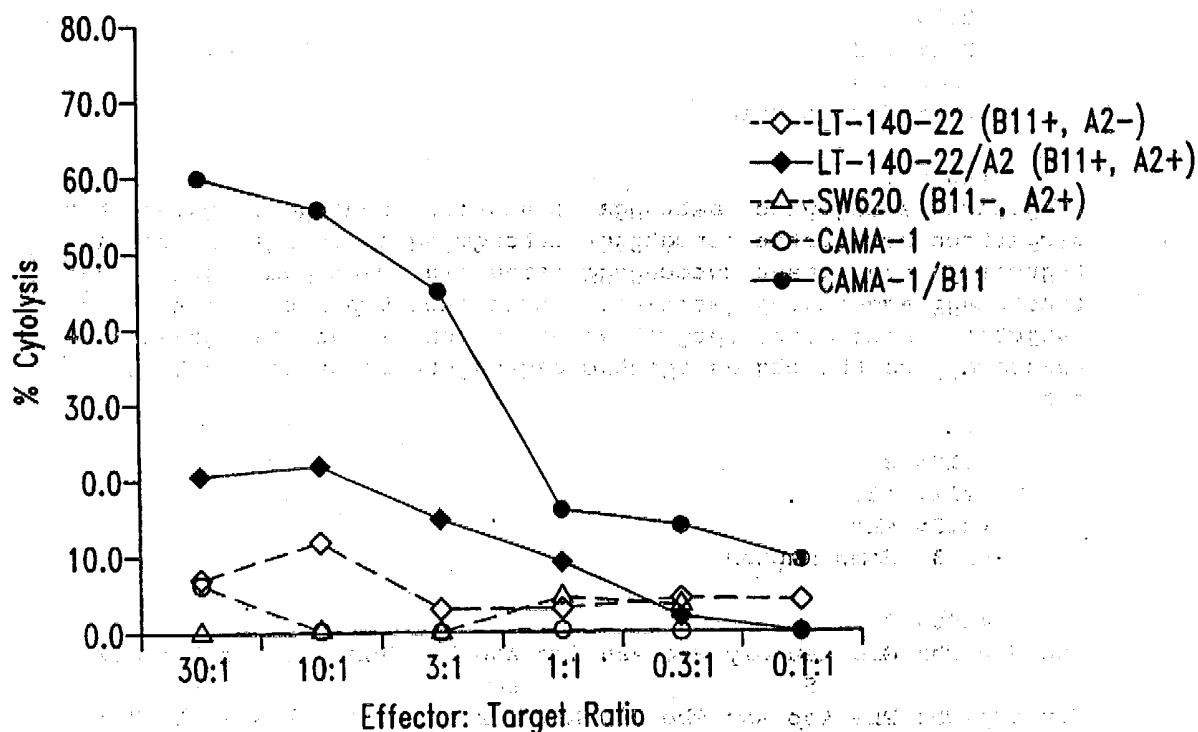


Fig. 24

SEQUENCE LISTING

<110> Corixa Corporation

<120> COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS FOR THE  
TREATMENT AND DIAGNOSIS OF BREAST CANCER

<130> 210121.41926PC

<140> PCT

<141> 2000-04-07

<160> 317

<170> FastSEQ for Windows Version 3.0

<210> 1

<211> 363

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 1

ttagagaccc aattgggacc taattgggac ccaaatttct caagtgagg gagaactttt	60
gacgatttcc accggtatct cctcgtgggt attcagggag ctgcccagaa acctataaac	120
ttgtctaagg cgattgaagt cgtccagggg catgatgagt caccaggagt gtttttagag	180
cacctccagg aggttatcg gatttacacc ccttttgacc tggcagcccc cgaaaatagc	240
catgctetta atttggcatt tgtggctcag gcagccccag atagtaaaag gaaacccca	300
aaactagagg gattttgctg gaatgaatac cagtcagctt ttagagatag cctaaaaggt	360
ttt	363

<210> 2

<211> 121

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 2

Leu Glu Thr Gln Leu Gly Pro Asn Trp Asp Pro Asn Phe Ser Ser Gly	
1 5 10 15	
Gly Arg Thr Phe Asp Asp Phe His Arg Tyr Leu Leu Val Gly Ile Gln	
20 25 30	
Gly Ala Ala Gln Lys Pro Ile Asn Leu Ser Lys Ala Ile Glu Val Val	
35 40 45	
Gln Gly His Asp Glu Ser Pro Gly Val Phe Leu Glu His Leu Gln Glu	
50 55 60	
Ala Tyr Arg Ile Tyr Thr Pro Phe Asp Leu Ala Ala Pro Glu Asn Ser	
65 70 75 80	
His Ala Leu Asn Leu Ala Phe Val Ala Gln Ala Ala Pro Asp Ser Lys	
85 90 95	
Arg Lys Leu Gln Lys Leu Glu Gly Phe Cys Trp Asn Glu Tyr Gln Ser	
100 105 110	
Ala Phe Arg Asp Ser Leu Lys Gly Phe	
115 120	

<210> 3

<211> 1080  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(1080)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 3

tcttagaatc	ttcatacccc	gaactcttgg	gaaaacttta	atcagtcacc	tacagtctac	60
caccatttta	ggaggagcaa	agctacctca	gtccctccgg	agccgtttta	agatccccca	120
tcttcaaagc	ctaacagatc	aagcagctct	ccgggtgcaca	acctgcgccc	aggtaaattgc	180
caaaaaaggt	cctaaaccca	gcccaggcca	ccgtctccaa	gaaaactcac	caggagaaaa	240
gtgggaaatt	gaactttacg	aagtaaaacc	acaccggggt	gggtacaaat	accttctagt	300
actggtagac	accttctctg	gatggactga	agcatttgct	acaaaaaag	aaactgtcaa	360
tatggtagtt	aagtttttac	tcaatgaaat	catccctcga	cgtggggtgc	ctgttgccat	420
agggctgat	aatggaacgg	ccttcgcctt	gtctatagtt	taatcagtc	gtaaggcggt	480
aaacattcaa	tggaagctcc	attgtgccta	tgcaccaga	gctctgggca	agtagaacgc	540
atgaaactga	ccttaaaaaa	acactcttac	aaaattaatc	ttaaaaaccg	gtgttaattg	600
tgttagcttc	cttcccttag	ccctacttag	agttaagggt	cacctcttac	tgggctgggt	660
tctttacctt	ttgaaatcat	nttnggaag	gggtgccta	tcttttctta	actaaaaaan	720
gccattttgg	caaaaatttc	ncaactaatt	tnacgtrnc	tacgtctccc	caacagggtan	780
aaaaatctnc	tgcctttttc	aaggaaacct	cccatccatt	cctnaacaaa	aggcctgcn	840
ttcttcccc	agttaactnt	ttttnttaa	aattcccaaa	aaangaacn	cctgctggaa	900
aaacncccc	ctccaanccc	cggcnaagn	ggaaggttcc	cttgaatccc	nccccncna	960
anggccggga	accnttaaan	tngttccngg	gggtnnnggc	taaaagnccn	atttggtaaa	1020
cctanaaatt	ttttcttth	taaaaaccac	nntttnttt	ttcttaaaaa	aaacctntt	1080

<210> 4

<211> 1087  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(1087)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 4

tctagagctg	cgcctggatc	ccgccacagt	gaggagacct	gaagaccaga	gaaaacacag	60
caagtaggcc	ctttaaacta	ctcacctgtg	ttgtcttcta	atttattctg	ttttattttg	120
tttccatcat	tttaaggggt	taaaatcatc	ttgttcagac	ctcagcatat	aaaatgaccc	180
atctgtagac	ctcaggctcc	aaccataccc	caagagttgt	ctggttttgt	ttaaattact	240
gccaggtttc	agctgcagat	atccctggaa	ggaatattcc	agattccctg	agtagtttcc	300
aggttaaaat	cctataggct	tcttctgttt	tgaggaagag	ttcctgtcag	agaaaaacat	360
gattttggat	ttttaacttt	aatgcttgtg	aaacgctata	aaaaaaattt	tctaccctta	420
gctttaaagt	actgttagtg	agaaattaaa	attccttcag	gaggattaaa	ctgccatttc	480
agttacccta	attccaaatg	ttttggtggt	tagaatcttc	tttaatgttc	ttgaagaagt	540
gttttatatt	ttcccatcna	gataaattct	ctchcncett	nntttntnt	ctnntttttt	600
aaaacggant	cttgctccgt	tgteccangt	gggaatttth	ttttggccaa	tctccgctnc	660
cttgcaanaa	tnctgcntcc	caaaattacc	ncctttttcc	cacctccacc	ccnnggaatt	720
acctggaatt	anaggcccc	cccccccc	cggctaattt	gtttttgttt	ttagtaaaaa	780
acgggtttcc	tgttttagtt	aggatggccc	anntctgacc	ccntnatcnt	ccccctcngc	840
cctcnaatnt	tnggmntang	gcttaccccc	cccnngngtt	tttctcccat	tnaaattttc	900



tntggantct	tgaatnncgg	gttttccctt	ttaaaccnat	tttttttttn	nnnnccccan	960
ttttncctcc	cccntntnta	anggggggtt	cccaanccgg	gtccnccccc	angtccccaa	1020
tttttctccc	ccccctctt	ttttctttnc	cccaaaantc	ctatcttttc	ctnnaaatat	1080
cnantnt						1087

**<210> 5**

**<211> 1010**

**<212> DNA**

.<213> Homo sapien

**<220>**

<221> misc feature

<222> (1) ... (1010)

<223> n = A, T, C or G

**<400> 5**

tctagaccaa	gaaatgggag	gattttagag	tgactgatga	tttctctatc	atctgcagtt	60
agtaaacatt	ctccacagtt	tatgcaaaaa	gtaacaaaac	cactgcagat	gacaaacact	120
aggtaacaca	catactatct	cccaaatacc	taccacacaag	ctcaacaatt	ttaaactggt	180
aggatcactg	gctctaatac	ccatgacatg	aggtcaccac	caaaccatca	agcgctaaac	240
agacagaatg	tttccactcc	tgatccactg	tgtgggaaga	agcaccgaac	ttaccctactg	300
gggggcctgc	ntcanaanaa	aagcccatgc	ccccgggtnt	ncctttnaac	cggaacgaat	360
naacccacca	tccccacanc	tcctctgttc	ntgggcctg	catcttgtgg	cctcntntnc	420
tttnggggan	acntggggaa	ggtagcccat	ttcnttgacc	cncnanaaaa	acccnngtgg	480
ccctttgccc	tgattenont	gggccttttc	tcttttccct	tttgggttgt	ttaaattccc	540
aatgtcccn	gaacctctc	cntnctgcc	aaaacctacc	taaattnctc	netangnntt	600
ttcttggtgt	tncttttcaa	aggtnacct	ncctgttcan	ncnnaacnaa	aattntttcc	660
ntatnntggn	cccnnaaaaa	nnnatcnnc	cnaattgcc	gaattggtn	ggtttttcct	720
netgggggaa	accctttaaa	tttccccctt	ggcgggcccc	ccttttttcc	cccccttnga	780
aggcaggngg	ttcttccoga	acttccaatt	ncaacagcnn	tgcccattn	tgaaacctt	840
ttcttaaaat	taaaaaatan	ccggttnngg	nnggcctctt	tccccctcng	gngggngngg	900
aaantcctta	ccccnaaaaa	ggttgcttag	ccccngtcc	ccactcccc	nggaaaaaatn	960
aacctttttn	aaaaaaggaa	tataantttt	ccactccttn	gttctcttcc		1010

<210> 6

**<211> 950**

**<212> DNA**

<213> Homo sapien

**<220>**

<221> misc feature

<222> (1) ... (950)

<223> n = A, T, C or G

<400> 6

tctagagctc	gcgggcgcga	gctctaatac	gactcactat	agggcgtcga	ctcgatctca	60
gctcactgca	atctctgccc	cgggggtcat	gcgattctcc	tgcctcagcc	ttccaagtag	120
ctgggattac	aggcgtgcaa	caccacaccc	ggctaatttt	gtatttttaa	tagagatggg	180
gttttccctt	gttggccann	atggtctena	acccctgacc	tenngtgac	ccccncccn	240
nganctenna	ctgctgggga	tnnecgnnnn	nnnctcccn	nennnnnnnn	nennnntccn	300
tnntccttnc	tennnnnnnn	cnntcnntcc	nncttctenc	cnntntntnt	cnnncnccnn	360
cnnncnct	ncccnennnt	tcnctnccnn	tnccnncnn	ntcnnncnn	cnnnnctntn	420
cnntaactc	ntnnnnnnnt	ccntctntnn	cctcnnnnnt	cncnncnct	tnctcctcn	480
ntnnnnnnct	ccnnnnntct	ctncnncnn	tnctcnnntn	ncnncnccc	ncctcncnn	540
ctnntttnnn	cnnnnntctc	ntnccnttcn	nnccnntnn	cnnctcncn	nncttnttc	600

```

ccnccnnttc cttncnctn nnnntnctnn cnctncntc ntttntctct nntcccnnc 660
tcnnttcncc cnnntccncc cccnccctnt ctctcncccn nntnnntntn nnnntccnc 720
tntcncttc nctnntnct tctntctnct nncnntnct tncctntnt ctmntctcn 780
tcnctntctn cctccttth ctntctctn tntcttccc ctncctnct cnttccncc 840
ccnntntntn tnnccnct nctnnnctn cntcttctn tctctnctnn nntnncctc 900
nncctnctc ctnntnct nctnntctn tctnctctn tcttctctc 950

```

&lt;210&gt; 7

&lt;211&gt; 1086

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(1086)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 7

```

tctagagctc gggccgcga gctcaattaa cctcactaa agggagtoga ctgatcaga 60
ctgttactgt gtctatgtag aaagaagtag acataagaga ttccattttg ttctgtacta 120
agaaaaatc ttctgccttg agatgctgtt aatctgtaac cctagcccca accctgtgct 180
cacagagaca tgtgctgtgt tgactcaagg ttcaatggat ttagggctat gctttgttaa 240
aaaagtgtt gaagataata tcttgttaa agtcatcac cattctctaa tctcaagtac 300
ccagggacac aatacactgc ggaaggccgc agggacctct gtctaggaaa gccaggatt 360
gtccaagatt tctccccatg tgatagcctg agatatggcc tcatgggaag ggtaagacct 420
gactgtcccc cagcccgaca tccccagcc cgacatcccc cagcccgaca cccgaaaagg 480
gtctgtgctg aggaagatta ntaaaagagg aaggctcttt gcattgaagt aagaagaagg 540
ctctgtctcc tgctcgtccc tgggcaataa aatgtcttgg tgtaaaccg gaatgtatgt 600
tctacttact gagaatagga gaaaacatcc ttagggtctg aggtgagaca cctggcggc 660
atactgtct ttaatgcacg agatgtttgt ntaattgcca tccagggccca nccctttcc 720
ttaactttt atganacaaa aactttgttc ncttttctg cgaacctct cccctattan 780
cctattggcc tgcccatccc ctccccaan ggtgaaaana tgttctaaa tncgaggga 840
tccaaaacnt tttcccggtg gtccccttc caaccccgtc cctgggcccnn tttctcccc 900
aacntgtccc ggtcctctn tcccncccc ctcccnagan aaaaaacccc gnttganggn 960
gccccctcaa attataacct tccnaaaca aanngttctn aagggtggtt gnttcoggtg 1020
cggttgccct tgagggtccc cctncacccc aatttggan cngttttt ttattgccc 1080
ntcccc 1086

```

&lt;210&gt; 8

&lt;211&gt; 1177

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(1177)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 8

```

nccntttaga tgttgacaan ntaacaagc ngctcaggca gctgaaaaaa gccactgata 60
aagcactctg gagtatcaga gtttactgtt agatcagcct catttgactt cccctcccac 120
atgggtgtta aatccagcta cactacttcc tgactcaaac tccactatc ctgttcatga 180
ctgtcaggaa ctgttggaac ctactgaaac tggccgacct gatcttcaaa atgtgcccct 240
aggaaaggtg gatgccaccg tggtcacaga cagtaccncc ttccctgaga agggactacg 300
aggggcccgt gcanctgtta ccaaggagac tnatgtgtt tgggtcagg ctttaccanc 360

```

aaacacctca	ncncnnaagg	ctgaattgat	cgccctcact	caggctctcg	gatggggtaa	420
gggatattaa	cgtaaacact	gacagcaggt	acgcctttgc	tactgtgcat	gtacgtggag	480
ccatctacca	ggagcgtggg	ctactcactc	ggcaggtggc	tgtnatccac	tgtaaangga	540
catcaaaagg	aaaacnnggc	tggtgcccgt	ggtaaccana	aanctgacn	ncagctcnaa	600
gatgctgtgt	tgactttcac	tcncnccctc	taaacttgct	gcccacantc	tcctttccca	660
accagatctg	cctgacaatc	cccatactca	aaaaaaaaan	aanactggcc	ccgaaccena	720
accaataaaa	acgggggagg	tnggtnganc	nncctgaccc	aaaaataatg	gatcccccg	780
gctgcaggaa	ttcaattcan	ccttatcnat	acccccaaen	ngnggggggg	ggcngtncc	840
cattncacct	ntattnattc	tttncccccc	cccccgccnt	cctttttnaa	ctcgtgaaag	900
ggaaaacctg	ncttaccan	ttatcncctg	gacntcccc	ttcncggtn	gnttanaaaa	960
aaaagcccnc	antcccntcc	naaatttgca	cngaaaggna	aggaatttaa	cctttatttt	1020
ttntcccttt	antttgtnnn	ccccctttta	cccaggcgaa	cngccatcnt	ttanaaaaaa	1080
aaanagaang	tttatttttc	cttngaacca	tcccaatana	aancaccgc	nggggaacgg	1140
ggnggnaggc	cnctacccc	ctttntgtng	gngggnnc			1177

<210> 9

<211> 1146

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(1146)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 9

ncnntttnt	gatgttgtct	ttttggcctc	tctttggata	ctttccctct	cttcagaggt	60
gaaaagggtc	aaaaggagct	gttgacagtc	atcccagggtg	ggccaatgtg	tcagaggtac	120
agactccatc	agtgaggtca	aagcctgggg	cttttcagag	aaggaggagat	tatgggtttt	180
ccaattatac	aagtcagaag	tagaaagaag	ggacataaac	caggaagggg	gtggagcact	240
catcaccag	agggacttgt	gcctctctca	gtggtagtag	aggggctact	tcctccacc	300
acggttgcaa	ccaagaggca	atgggtgatg	agcctacagg	ggacatancc	gaggagacat	360
gggatgaccc	taaggagagta	ggctggtttt	aaggcggtgg	gactgggtga	gggaaactct	420
cctcttcttc	agagagaagc	agtacagggc	gagctgaacc	ggctgaagg	cgaggcgaaa	480
acacggtctg	gctcaggaag	accttggaag	taaaattatg	aatggtgcat	gaatggagcc	540
atggaagggg	tgctcctgac	caaactcagc	cattgatcaa	tgtaggggaa	actgatcagg	600
gaagccggga	atttcattaa	caaccggcca	cacagcttga	acattgtgag	gttcagtac	660
ccttcaagg	gccactccac	tccaactttg	gccattctac	tttgcnaaat	ttccaaaact	720
tcctttttta	aggccgaatc	cntantccct	naaaaacnaa	aaaaaatctg	cncctattct	780
ggaaaaggcc	cancctttac	caggctggaa	gaaattttnc	cttttttttt	tttttgaagg	840
cntttnttaa	attgaacctn	aattcncccc	cccaaaaaaa	aaccncncng	gggggaggat	900
ttccaaaaac	naattccctt	acaaaaaac	aaaaaccnc	ccttnttccc	ttcnccectn	960
ttcttttaat	tagggagaga	tnaagcccc	caatttccng	gnetngatnn	gtttcccccc	1020
ccccatttt	ccnaaacttt	ttcccancna	ggaancnc	ctttttttng	gtcngattna	1080
ncaaccttcc	aaaccatttt	tccnnaaaaa	ntttgntngg	ngggaaaaan	acctnttttt	1140
atagan						1146

<210> 10

<211> 545

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 10

cttcattggg	tacgggcucc	ctcgaggctcg	acgggtatcga	taagcttgat	atcgaattcc	60
tgcagcccgg	gggatccact	agttctagag	tcaggaagaa	ccaccaacct	tcctgatttt	120

```

tattggctct gagttctgag gccagtttct ttcttctgtt gagtatgagg gattgtcagg 180
cagatctggc tgtggaaagg agactgtggg cagcaagttt agaggcgtga ctgaaagtca 240
cactgcatct tgagctgctg aatcagcttt ctggttacca cgggcaacag ccgtgttttc 300
cttttgatgt cctttacagt ggattacagc cacctgctga ggtgagtagc ccacgctcct 360
ggtagatggc tccacgtaca tgcacagtag caaaggcgta cctgctgtca gtgttaacgt 420
taatatcctt accccatcgg agagcctgag tgagggcgat caattcagcc cttttgtgct 480
gaggtgtttg ctgggttaagc cctgaacca caacacatct gtctccatgg taacagctgc 540
accgg 545

```

```

<210> 11
<211> 196
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 11
tctcctaggc tgggcacagt ggctcatacc tgtaatcctg accgtttcag aggtcaggt 60
ggggggatcg cttgagccca agatttcaag actagtctgg gtaacatagt gagaccctat 120
ctctacgaaa aaataaaaaa atgagcctgg tgtagtggca cacaccagct gaggagggag 180
aatcgagcct aggaga 196

```

```

<210> 12
<211> 388
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (388)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 12
tctcctaggc ttgggggctc tgactagaaa ttcaaggaac ctgggattca agtccaactg 60
tgacaccaac ttacactgtg gnetccaata aactgcttct ttcctattcc ctctctatta 120
aataaaataa ggaaaacgat gtctgtgtat agccaagtca gntatcctaa aaggagatac 180
taagtacat taatatcag aatgtaaaac ctgggaacca ggttcccagc ctgggattaa 240
actgacagca agaagactga acagtactac tgtgaaaagc ccgaagmggc aatatgttca 300
ctctaccgtt gaaggatggc tgggagaatg aatgctctgt ccccagttcc caagctcact 360
tactatacct cctttatagc ctaggaga 388

```

```

<210> 13
<211> 337
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 13
tagtagttgc ctataatcat gtttctcatt attttcacat tttattaacc aatttctgtt 60
taccctgaaa aatatgaggg aaatatatga aacagggagg caatgttcag ataattgatc 120
acaagatatg atttctacat cagatgctct ttcctttcct gtttatttcc tttttatttc 180
ggttgtgggg tgaatgtaa tagctttgtt tcaagagaga gttttggcag tttctgtage 240
ttctgacact gctcatgtct ccaggcatct atttgcactt taggaggtgt cgtggggagac 300
tgagaggtct attttttcca tatttgggca actacta 337

```

```

<210> 14
<211> 571
<212> DNA

```

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)... (571)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 14

tagtagttgc	catacagtcg	ctttccattt	atttaacccc	cacctgaacg	gcataaaactg	60
agtgttcagc	tggtgttttt	tactgtaaac	aataaggaga	ctttgctctt	catttaaacc	120
aaaatcatat	ttcatatttt	acgctcgagg	gtttttaccg	gttccttttt	acactcctta	180
aaacagtttt	taagtcgttt	ggaacaagat	atTTTTtctt	tcctggcagc	ttttaacatt	240
atagcaaatt	tgtgtctggg	ggactgctgg	tcactgtttc	tcacagttgc	aaatcaaggc	300
atttgcaacc	aagaaaaaaa	aatttttttg	ttttatttga	aactggaccg	gataaacggt	360
gtttggagcg	gctgctgtat	atagttttta	atgggtttatt	gcacctcctt	aagttgcact	420
tatgtggggg	ggggnTTTTg	natagaaagt	ntttantcac	anagtcacag	ggacttttnt	480
cttttgynna	ctgagctaaa	aagggctgnt	tttcgggtgg	gggcagatga	aggctcacag	540
gaggcctttc	tccttagagg	gggaactnct	a			571

<210> 15

<211> 548

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)... (548)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 15

tatatattta	ataacttaaa	tatatTTTga	tcacccactg	gggtgataag	acaatagata	60
taaaagtatt	tccaaaaagc	ataaaaccaa	agtatcatac	caaaccaaat	tcatactgct	120
tccccacccc	gcactgaaac	ttcaccttct	aactgtctac	ctaaccaaat	tctacccttc	180
aagtcttttg	tgcgtgctca	ctaetctttt	TTTTTTTTt	tttnttttgg	agatggagtc	240
tggtgtgca	gdcagggggt	ggagtacaat	ggcacaacct	cagctcactg	naacctccgc	300
ctcccagggt	catgagattc	tcctgnttca	gccttcccag	tagctgggac	tacaggtgtg	360
catcaccatg	ectggntaat	cttttttngt	tttngggtag	agatgggggt	tttacatgtt	420
ggccaggntg	gtntcgaaact	cctgacctca	agtgatccac	ccacctcagg	ctcccaaagt	480
gctaggatta	cagacatgag	ccactgngcc	cagncttggt	gcatgctcac	ttctctaggc	540
aactacta						548

<210> 16

<211> 638

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)... (638)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 16

ttccgttatg	cacatgcaga	atattctatc	ggtaacttcag	ctattactca	ttttgatggc	60
gcaatccgag	cctatcctca	agatgagtat	ttagaaagaa	ttgattttage	gatagaccaa	120
gctggtaagc	actctgacta	cacgaaattg	ttcagatgtg	atggatttat	gacagttgat	180

```

ctttggaaga gattattaag tgattatattt aaaggggaatc cattaattcc agaatatctt 240
ggtttagctc aagatgatat agaaatagaa cagaaagaga ctacaaatga agatgtatca 300
ccaactgata ttgaagagcc tatagtagaa aatgaattag ctgcatttat tagccttaca 360
catagcgatt ttcttgatga atcttatatt cagccatcga catagcatta cctgatgggc 420
aaccttacga ataatagaaa ctgggtgctg ggctattgat gaattcatcc ncagtaaatt 480
tggatatnac aaaatataac tcgattgcat ttggatgatg gaatactaaa tctggcaaaa 540
gtaactttgg agctactagt aacctctctt ttgagatgc aaaattttct ttaggggttt 600
cttattctct actttacgga tattggagca taacggga 638

```

&lt;210&gt; 17

&lt;211&gt; 286

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 17

```

actgatggat gtgcgcggag ggcagggggc ttatctgatg ctgggtgcc tgttcgtgat 60
gtgcgcggcg attgggctgt ttatctcaaa caccgccacg ggggtgctga tggcgccat 120
tgccttagcg gcggcgaagt caatgggcgt ctcacctat ccttttgcca tgggtggggt 180
gatggcggtc tcggcggcgt ttatgacccc ggtctctctg ccggttaaca cctgggtgct 240
tggccctggc aagtactcat ttagegattt tgtcaaaata ggcgtg- 286

```

&lt;210&gt; 18

&lt;211&gt; 262

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1) ... (262)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 18

```

tcggtcatag cagcccttct ttctcaattt catctgtcac taccctgggtg tagtatctca 60
tagccttaca tttttatagc ctctccctg gtctgtcttt tgattttctt gctgtgtaac 120
catatcacac ataactgcaa gtaaacattt ctaaagtgtg gttatgtcga tctcactct 180
gtgncaagaa atagtttcca ttaccgtctt aataaaatc ggatttgttc tttctattn 240
tcactcttca cctatgaccg aa 262

```

&lt;210&gt; 19

&lt;211&gt; 261

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 19

```

tcggtcatag caaagccagt ggtttgagct ctctactgtg taaactccta aaccaaggcc 60
atztatgata aatggtggca ggatttttat tataaacatg taccatgca aatttcctat 120
aactctgaga tatattcttc tacatttaaa caataaaaat aatctatttt taaaagccta 180
atttgcgtag ttaggttaaga gtgtttaatg agaggggtata aggtataaat caccagtcaa 240
cgtttctctg cctatgaccg a 261

```

&lt;210&gt; 20

&lt;211&gt; 294

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1) ... (294)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 20

tacaacgagg	cgacgtcggg	aaaatcggac	atgaagccac	cgctgggtctt	ttcgtccgag	60
cgataggcgc	cggccagcca	gcggaacggg	tgcccggatg	gcgaagcgag	ccggagttct	120
tcggactgag	tatgaatctt	gttggtgaaa	tactcgccgc	cttcgttcga	cgacgtcgcg	180
tcgaaatctt	cgantctctt	acgatcgaag	tcttcgtggg	cgacgatcgc	ggtcagttcc	240
gccccaccga	aatcatgggt	gagccggatg	ctgncccccga	agncctcgtt	tgtn	294

&lt;210&gt; 21

&lt;211&gt; 208

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1) ... (208)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 21

ttggtaaagg	gcatggacgc	agacgcctga	cgtttggtcg	aaaatcttct	attgattcgt	60
atcaatgaat	aggaaaattc	ccaaagaggg	aatgtcctgt	tgctcgccag	ttttnttggt	120
gttctcatgg	anaaggcaan	gagctcttca	gactattggn	attntcgttc	ggtcttctgc	180
caactagtcg	ncttgcnang	atcttcat				208

&lt;210&gt; 22

&lt;211&gt; 287

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1) ... (287)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 22

ncnttgagc	tgagtgattg	agatntgtaa	tggttgtaag	ggtgattcag	gcggattagg	60
gtggcggggt	acccggcagt	gggtctcccg	acaggccagc	aggatttggg	gcaggtacgg	120
ngtgccatc	gctcgactat	atgctatggc	aggcgagccg	tggaaggngg	atcagggtcac	180
ggcgctggag	ctttccacgg	tccatgnatt	gngatggctg	ttctaggcgg	ctgttgccaa	240
gcgtgatggg	acgctggctg	gagcattgat	ttctgggtgcc	aaggtgg		287

&lt;210&gt; 23

&lt;211&gt; 204

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1) ... (204)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 23

```

ttgggttaaag ggagcaagga gaaggcatgg agaggctcan gctggtcctg gcctacgact   60
gggccaagct gtcgccgggg atgggtggaga actgaagcgg gacctcctcg aggtcctccg   120
necgtacttc nccgtccagg aggggggtct tccgtgggtc tnggaggagc ggggggagaa   180
gatnctcttc atggtcnaca tccc                                     204

```

&lt;210&gt; 24

&lt;211&gt; 264

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(264)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 24

```

tggattgggtc aggagcgggt agagtggcac cattgagggg atattcaaaa atattatattt   60
gtcctaaatg atagtgtctg agtttttctt tgacctatga gttatattgg agtttatattt   120
ttaactttcc aatgcgatgg acatgttaga cttattttct gtaatgatt nctattttta   180
ttaaattgga ttgagaaat tggttnttat tatatcaatt tttggtattt gttgagtttg   240
acattatagc ttagtatgtg acca                                     264

```

&lt;210&gt; 25

&lt;211&gt; 376

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(376)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 25

```

ttacaacgag gggaaactcc gtctctacaa aaattaaaaa attagccagg tgtggtgggt   60
tgcaccgcga atcccagcta cttgggaggt tgagacacaa gantcaccta natgtgggag   120
gtcaagggtt catgagtcac gattgtgcca ctgcactcca gcctgggtga cagaccgaga   180
ccctgectca anaganaang aataggaagt tcagaaatcn tggntgtggn gccagcaat   240
ctgcacttat ncaacccttg caggcaangc tgatgcagcc tangttcaag agctgctgtt   300
tctggaggca gcagttnggg cttccatcca gtatcacggc cacactcgca cnagccatct   360
gtcctccgtn tgnnac                                     376

```

&lt;210&gt; 26

&lt;211&gt; 372

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(372)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 26

```

ttacaacgag gggaaactcc gtctctacaa aaattaaaaa attagccagg tgtggtgggt   60
tgcacctgta atcccagcta cttgggcggc tgagacacaa gaaccaccta aatgtgggag   120

```



```

ggccaagggtt gcatgagtc tgcacggcc actgcactcc agcctgggtg acagactgag 180
accctgcctc aaaagaaaaa gaataggaag ttcagaaacc ctgggtgtgg ngcccagcaa 240
tctgcattta aacaatccct gcaggcaatg ctgatgcagc ctaagttcaa gagctgctgt 300
tctggaggca gnagtaaggg cttccatcca gcatcacggn caacactgca aaagcacctg 360
tcctcgttgg ta 372

```

<210> 27

<211> 477

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 27

```

ttctgtccac atctacaagt tttatattt ttgtgggttt tcagggtgac taagtttttc 60
cctacattga aaagagaagt tgctaaaagg tgcacaggaa atcatttttt taagtgaata 120
tgataatatg ggtccgtgct taatacaact gagacatatt tgttctctgt ttttttagag 180
tcacctctta aagtccaatc ccacaatggt gaaaaaaaaa tagaaagtat ttgttctacc 240
tttaaggaga ctgcagggat tctccttgaa aacggagtat ggaatcaatc ttaaataaat 300
atgaaattgg ttggtcttct gggataagaa attcccaact cagtgtgctg aaattcacct 360
gacttttttt gggaaaaaat agtcgaaaat gtcaatttgg tccataaaat acatgttact 420
attaaaagat atttaaagac aaattctttc agagctctaa gattgggtgtg gacagaa 477

```

<210> 28

<211> 438

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1) ... (438)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 28

```

tctncaacct cttgantgtc aaaaaccttn taggetatct ctaaaagctg actggtattc 60
attccagcaa aatccctcta gtttttggag ttccctttta ctatctgggg ctgcctgagc 120
caciaatgcc aaattaagag catggctatt ttggggggtg gacagggtcaa aaggggtgta 180
aatccgataa gcctcctgga ggtgctctaa aaacactcct ggtgactcat catgcccctg 240
gacgacttca atcgncttag acaagtttat aggtttctgg gcagctccct gaatacccac 300
gaggagatac cgggtggaat cgtcaaaaagt tctccctcca cttgagaaat ttgggtccca 360
attaggtccc aattgggtct ctaatcacta ttctctetage ttccctctcc ggnctattgg 420
ttgatgtgag gttgaaga 438

```

<210> 29

<211> 620

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1) ... (620)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 29

```

aagaggggtac cagccccaag ccttgacaac ttccataggg tgtcaagcct gtgggtgcac 60
agaagtcaaa aattgagttt tgggatcctc agcctagatt tcagaggata taaagaaaca 120
cctaacacct agatattcag acaaaagttt actacaggga tgaagctttc acggaaaacc 180

```

```

totactagga aagtacagaa gagaaatgtg ggtttgagac ccccaaacag aatccccctct 240
agaacactgc ctaatgaaac tgtgagaaga tggccactgt catccagaca ccagaatgat 300
agaccaccca aaaacttatg ccatattgcc tataaaacct acagacactc aatgccagcc 360
ccatgaaaaa aaaactgaga agaagactgt nccctacaat gccaccggag cagaactgcc 420
ccaggccatg gaagcacagc tcttatatca atgtgacctg gatgttgaga catggaatcc 480
nangaaatcn ttttaanact tccacggtnn aatgactgcc ctattanatt cngaacttan 540
atcnggcct gtgacctctt tgctttggcc attccccctt tttggaatgg ctnttttttt 600
cccatgctg tncctctta 620

```

&lt;210&gt; 30

&lt;211&gt; 100

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 30

```

ttacaacgag ggggtcaatg tcataaatgt cacaataaaa caatctcttc tttttttttt 60
tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt 100

```

&lt;210&gt; 31

&lt;211&gt; 762

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1) ... (762)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 31

```

tagtctatgc gccggacaga gcagaattaa attggaagtt gccctccgga ctttctaccc 60
acactcttcc tgaaaagaga aagaaaagag gcaggaaaga ggtaggatt tcattttcaa 120
gagtcagcta attaggagag cagagttag acagcagtag gcaccccatg atacaaacca 180
tgacaaaagt ccctgtttag taactgccag acatgatcct gctcagggtt tgaaatctct 240
ctgcccataa aagatggaga gcaggagtgc catccacatc aacacgtgtc caagaaagag 300
tctcagggag acaaggggat caaaaaacaa gattcttaat gggaaggaaa tcaaaccaaa 360
aaattagatt tttctctaca tatatataat atacagatat ttaacacatt attccagagg 420
tggctccagt ccttggggct tgagagatgg tgaaaacttt tgttccacat taacttctgc 480
tctcaaattc tgaagtatat cagaatggga caggcaatgt tttgctccac actggggcac 540
agaccacaaat ggttctgtgc ccgaagaaga gaagcccgaag agacatgaag gatgcttaag 600
gggggttggg aaagccaaat tgggtantatc ttttcctcct gcctgtgttc cngaagtctc 660
cnetgaagga attcttaaaa ccctttgtga ggaaatgcc ccttaccatg acaantggtc 720
ccattgcttt tagggngatg gaaacaccaa gggttttgat cc 762

```

&lt;210&gt; 32

&lt;211&gt; 276

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 32

```

tagtctatgc gtgtattaac ctccccctcc tcagtaacaa ccaaagaggc aggagctggt 60
attaccaacc ccattttaca gatgcacaa taatgacaga gaagtgaagt gacttgcgca 120
cacaaccagt aaattggcag agtcagattt gaatccatgg agtctgggtc gcactttcaa 180
tcaccgaata ccctttctaa gaaacgtgtg ctgaatgagt gcatggataa atcagtgtct 240
actcaacatc tttgcctaga tatcccgcat agacta 276

```

<210> 33  
<211> 477  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 33  
tagtagttgc caaatatttg aaaatttacc cagaagtgat tgaaaacttt ttggaaacaa 60  
aaacaaataa agccaaaagg taaaataaaa atatctttgc actctcgtta ttacctatcc 120  
ataacttttt caccgtaagc tctcctgctt gttagtgtag tgtgggttata ttaaaactttt 180  
tagttattat tttttattca cttttccact agaaagtcac tattgattta gcacacatgt 240  
tgatctcatt tcattttttc tttttatagg caaaatttga tgctatgcaa caaaaatact 300  
caagcccatt atcttttttc cccccgaaat ctgaaaattg caggggacag aggggaagtta 360  
tccattataa aaattgtaaa tatgttcagt ttatgtttta aaatgcacaa aacataagaa 420  
aattgtgttt acttgagctg ctgattgtta gcagttttat ctacaggggca actacta 477

<210> 34  
<211> 631  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 34  
tagtagttgc caattcagat gatcagaaat gctgctttcc tcagcattgt cttgttaaac 60  
cgcatgccat ttggaacttt ggcagtgaga agccaaaagg aagagggtgaa tgacatatat 120  
atatatatat attcaatgaa agtaaaatgt atatgctcat atactttcta gttatcagaa 180  
tgagtttaagc tttatgccat tgggctgctg catattttta tcagaagata aaagaaaatc 240  
tgggcatttt tagaatgtga tacatgtttt tttaaaactg ttaaataatta tttcgatatt 300  
tgtctaagaa ccggaatgtt cttaaaaattt actaaaacag tattgtttga ggaagagaaa 360  
actgtactgt ttgccattat tacagtcgta caagtgcacg tcaagtcacc cactctctca 420  
ggcatcagta tccacctcat agctttacac attttgacgg ggaatattgc agcatcctca 480  
ggcctgacat ctgggaaagg ctgagatcca cctactgctc cttgctcgtt gatttgtttt 540  
aaaatattgt gcctgggtgc acttttaagc cacagccctg cctaaaaycc agcagagaac 600  
agaaccgcga ccattctata ggcaactact a 631

<210> 35  
<211> 578  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 35  
tagtagttgc catcccatat tacagaaggc tctgtataca tgacttattt ggaagtgatc 60  
tgttttctct ccaaaccat ttatcgtaat ttcaccagtc ttggatcaat cttggtttcc 120  
actgatacca tgaaacctac ttggagcaga cattgcacag ttttctgtgg taaaaactaa 180  
aggtttattt gctaagctgt catcttatgc ttagtatttt ttttttacag tggggaattg 240  
ctgagattac attttgttat tcattagata ctttgggata acttgacact gtcttctttt 300  
tttcgctttt aattgctatc atcatgcttt tgaaacaaga acacattagt cctcaagtat 360  
tacataagct tgettgttac gcctggtggt ttaaaggact atctttggcc tcaggttcac 420  
aagaatgggc aaagtgttct cttatgttct gtagttctca ataaaagatt gccaggggcc 480  
gggtactgtg gctcgactg taatcccagc actttgggaa gctgaggctg gcggatcatg 540  
ttagggcagg tgttcgaaac cagcctgggc aactacta 578

<210> 36  
<211> 583  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 36

tagtagttgc	ctgtaatccc	agcaactcag	gaggctgggg	caggagaatc	agttgaacct	60
gggaggcaga	agttgtaatt	agcaaagatc	gcaccattgc	acttcagcct	gggcaacaag	120
agtgagattc	catctcaaaa	acaaaaaaa	gaaaaagaaa	agaaaaggaa	aaaacgtata	180
aaccagccca	aaacaaaatg	atcattcttt	taataagcaa	gactaattta	atgtgtttat	240
ttaatcaaa	gagttgaatc	ttotgagtta	ttggtgaaaa	tacccatgta	gttaatttag	300
ggttcttact	tgggtgaacg	tttgatgttc	acagggtata	aatgggttaa	caaggaaaat	360
gatgcataaa	gaatcttata	aactactaaa	aataaataaa	atataaatgg	ataggtgcta	420
tggatggagt	ttttgtgtaa	tttaaaatct	tgaagtcatt	ttggatgctc	attggttgct	480
tggtaatttc	cattaggaaa	aggttatgat	atggggaaac	tgtttctgga	aattgcggaa	540
tgtttctcat	ctgtaaaatg	ctagtatctc	agggcaacta	cta		583

&lt;210&gt; 37

&lt;211&gt; 716

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(716)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 37

gatctactag	tcatntggat	tctatccatg	gcagctaagc	ctttctgaat	ggattctact	60
gctttcttgt	tctttaatcc	agacccttat	atatgtttat	gttcacaggc	agggcaatgt	120
ttagtgaaaa	caattctaaa	ttttttat	tgcattttca	tgctaatttc	cgtcacactc	180
cagcaggctt	cctgggagaa	taaggagaaa	tacagctaaa	gacattgtcc	ctgcttactt	240
acagccta	ggtagcaaaa	accacttcaa	taaagtaaca	ggaaaagtac	taaccaggta	300
gaatggacca	aaactgat	agaaaaatca	gaggaagaga	ggaacaaata	tttactgagt	360
cctagaatgt	acaaggcttt	ttaattacat	attttatgta	aggcctgcaa	aaaacagggtg	420
agtaatcaac	atgtgtccca	ttttacatat	aaggaaactg	aagcttaaat	tgaataattt	480
aatgcataga	ttttatagtt	agaccatggt	cagggtcccta	tggtatactt	actagctgta	540
tgaatatgag	aaaataattt	tggtattttc	ttggcatcag	tattttcctc	tgcaaaaataa	600
agctaaagtt	attagcaaaa	cagtcagcat	agtgctgat	acatagtagg	tgctccaaac	660
atgattacnc	tantattngg	tattanaaaa	atccaatata	ggcctggata	aaaccg	716

&lt;210&gt; 38

&lt;211&gt; 688

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(688)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 38

ttctgtccac	atatcatccc	actttaattg	ttaatcagca	aaactttcaa	tgaaaaatca	60
tccattttta	ccaggatcac	accaggaaac	tgaagggtga	ttttttttta	ccttaaaaaa	120
aaaaaaaaa	accaaacaaa	ccaaaacaga	ttaacagcaa	agagttctaa	aaaattttaca	180
tttctcttac	aactgtcatt	cagagaacaa	tagttcttaa	gtctgttaaa	tcttggcatt	240
aacagagaaa	cttgatgaan	agttgtactt	ggaatattgt	ggattttttt	ttttgtctaa	300
tctcccccta	ttgttttgcc	aacagtaatt	taagttttgt	tggaacatcc	cctagtttga	360
agtgtaaaca	atgtatagga	aggaatatat	gataagatga	tgcatcacat	atgcattaca	420
tgtagggacc	ttcacaactt	catgcactca	gaaaacatgc	ttgaagagga	ggagagggacg	480

```

gccagggtc accatccagg tgccttgagg acagagaatg cagaagtggc actgttgaaa 540
tttagaagac catgtgtgaa tggtttcagg cctgggatgt ttgccacca gaagtgcctc 600
cgagaaattt ctttcccat tgggaatacag ggtggcttga tgggtacggg gggtagacca 660
acgaagaaaa tgaaattctg ccttttcc 688

```

```

<210> 39
<211> 585
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (585)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 39
tagtagttgc cgcnnaccta aaanttggaa agcatgatgt ctaggaaaca tantaaaata 60
gggtatgect atgtgctaca gagagatgtt agcatttaaa gtgcatantt ttatgtattt 120
tgacaaatgc atatnccctc ataataccaca actgattacg aagctattac aattaaaaag 180
tttgcccggg cgtgggtggg ggtggctgac gctgtaatc ccagcacttt gggaggccga 240
ggcacgcgga tcacgaggtc gggagttaa gaccatcctg gctaacacgg tgaaagtcca 300
tctctactaa aaatacgaaa aaattacccc ggcgtgggtg cgggcgcctg tagtccagc 360
tactccggag gctgaggcag gagaatggcg tgaacccagg acacggagct tgcagtgtgc 420
caacatcacg tcactgcctt ccagcctggg ggacaggaac aagantcccg tctcanaaa 480
agaaaaatac tactnatant ttcnacttta ttttaantta cacagaactn cctcttggtg 540
cccccttacc attcatctca cccacctcct atagggaacn nctaa 585

```

```

<210> 40
<211> 475
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 40
tctgtccaca ccaatcttgg aagctctgaa aagaatttgt ctttaaatac cttttaatag 60
taacatgtat tttatggacc aaattgacat tttcgactgt tttttccaaa aaagtcagg 120
gaatttcagc aactgagtt gggaatttct tatcccagaa gaccaaccaa tttcatattt 180
atttaagatt gattccatac tccgttttca aggagaatcc ctgcagtctc cttaaaggta 240
gaacaaatac ttcctatttt tttttcacca ttgtgggatt ggactttaag aggtgactct 300
aaaaaaacag agaacaaata tgtctcagtt gtattaagca cggaccata ttatcatatt 360
cacttaaaaa aatgatttcc tgtgcacctt ttggcaactt ctcttttcaa tgtagggaaa 420
aacttagtca cctgaaaac ccacaaaata aataaaactt gtagatgtgg acaga 475

```

```

<210> 41
<211> 423
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 41
taagagggtg catcgggtaa gaacgtaggc acatctagag cttagagaag tctggggtag 60
gaaaaaaatc taagtattta taagggtata ggtaacattt aaaagtaggg ctagctgaca 120
ttatttagaa agaacaata cggagagata agggcaaagg actaagacca gaggaacact 180
aatatttagt gatcacttcc attcttggtg aaaatagtaa cttttaagtt agcttcaagg 240
aagatttttg gccatgatta gttgtcaaaa gttagtcttc ttgggtttat attactaatt 300
ttgttttaag atccttggtg gtgctttaat aaagtcaggt tatatcaaac gctctaaaac 360
attgtagcat gttaaatgtc acaatatact taccatttgt tgtatatggc tgtaccctct 420

```

cta

423

<210> 42  
 <211> 527  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien  
  
 <220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(527)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 42

tctcctaggc	taatgtgtgt	gtttctgtaa	aagtaaaaag	ttaaaaattt	taaaaataga	60
aaaaagctta	tagaataaga	atatgaagaa	agaaaatatt	tttgtagatt	tgcacaatga	120
gtttatgttt	taagctaagt	gttattacaa	aagagccaaa	aagggtttta	aaattaaaac	180
gtttgtaaag	ttacagtacc	cttatgttaa	tttataattg	aagaaagaaa	aacttttttt	240
tataaatgta	gtgtagccta	agcatcacagt	atttataaag	tctggcagtg	ttcaataatg	300
tcctaggcct	tcacattcac	tcactgactc	accagagca	acttccagtc	ctgtaagctc	360
cattcgtggt	aagtgccta	tacagggtgca	ccatttattt	tacagtattt	ttactgtacc	420
ttctctatgt	ttccatatgt	ttcgatatac	aaataccact	ggttactatn	gcccnacagg	480
taattccagt	aacacggcct	gtatacgtct	ggtancccta	gnagaaga		527

<210> 43  
 <211> 331  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 43

tcttcaacct	cgtaggacaa	ctctcatatg	cctgggcact	atttttaggt	tactaccttg	60
gctgcccttc	tttaagaaaa	aaaaaagaag	aaaaaagaac	ttttccacaa	gtttctcttc	120
ctctagttag	aaaattagag	aaatcatggt	tttaattttg	tggtatttca	gatcacaaat	180
tcaaacactt	gtaaacatta	agcttctgtt	caatcccctg	ggaagaggat	tcattctgat	240
atttacgggt	caaaagaagt	tgtaatatgt	tgcttggaac	acagagaacc	agttattaac	300
ttcctactac	tattatataa	taaataataa	c			331

<210> 44  
 <211> 592  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(592)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 44

ggcttagtag	ttgccaggca	aaatarcgtt	gattctcttc	aggagccacc	cccaacaccc	60
ctgtttgctt	ctagacctat	acctagacta	aagtcaccagc	agacccttag	aggtgagggt	120
cagagtgacc	cttgaggaga	tgtgctacac	tagaaaagaa	ctgcttgagt	tttctaattt	180
atataagcag	aaatctggag	aagagtcata	ggaatggata	ttaaggggtg	gagataatgg	240
cgggaaggat	atagagttgg	atcaggctgg	acttattgat	ttgaaccac	taagtagaga	300
ttctgctttt	gatgttgacg	ctcagggagt	taaaaaaggt	tttaatgggt	ctaatagttt	360
atttgcttgg	ttagctgaaa	tatggataaa	agatggccca	ctgtgagcaa	gctggaaatg	420
cctgatctct	ctcagtttaa	tgtagaggaa	gggatccaaa	agtttaggga	ganttgatg	480

ctggraktgg attggctact ttgrgacctt cccwtcccag ctgggagggg ccagaagata 540  
cacccttgac caacgctttg cgaaatggat ttgtgatggc ggcaactact aa 592

<210> 45  
<211> 567  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1) ... (567)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 45  
ggcttagtag ttgccattgc gaggcttgc tcaacgagcg ttgaacatgg cggattgtct 60  
agattcaacg gatttgagtt ttaccagcaa agcgaaccaa gcgcggccca gagaattatg 120  
ggttgggttg ctttgaagag atggaaatcc tgtaggccta gtcagaaaag ctttcttgca 180  
gaacagttgg ttctcgggcg aacgctcacc aagatgccca ttggaaaggc tagcgtgtat 240  
ttgggagagc ctgatagcgt gtcttctgat gatgtttgtg cttggacagt gacaaaagat 300  
atgcaaagca agtccgaaact agacgtcaag cttcgtgagc aaattattgt agactcctac 360  
ttatactgtg aggaatgata gccaaaggtg gggactttaa gactaagggt gtttgtactt 420  
gcgccgatga tcccaggcag aaagamctga tctgtagttt tatacgggca actactaagc 480  
cgaattccag cacactggcg gccgttacta attggatccg anctcgggtac cagcttgatg 540  
cataacttga gttwtctata ntgtcnc 567

<210> 46  
<211> 908  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1) ... (908)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 46  
gagcgaaaga ccgagggcag ngmntangng cgangaagcg gagagggcca aaaagcaacc 60  
gctttccccg gggggtgccc attcattaag gcagggtggag gacaggtttc ccgatggaag 120  
gcggcagggg cgcaagcaat taatgtgagt aggccattca ttagcaccgg ggcttaacat 180  
ttaagcttcg gggttggtatg tgggtgggaat tgtgagcgga taacaatttc acacaggaaa 240  
cagctatgac catgattacg ccaagctatt taggtgacat tatagaataa ctcaagttat 300  
gcatcaagct tggtagccag ttccggtacca ctagtaacgg ccgccagtgt gtggaattcg 360  
gcttagtagt tgccgacctt ggagtgctac ctaggctaga atacctgagy tctccctag 420  
cctcactcac attaaattgt atcttttcta cattagatgt cctcagcgcc ttatttctgc 480  
tggacwatcg ataaattaat cctgatagga tgatagcagc agattaatta ctgagagtat 540  
gttaattgtg catccctcct atataacgta tttgcatttt aatggagcaa ttctggagat 600  
aatccctgaa ggcaaaggaa tgaatcttga gggtagagaa gccagaatca gtgtccagct 660  
gcagttgtgg gagaagggtg tattatgtat gtctcagaag tgacaccata tgggcaacta 720  
ctaagccgga attccagcac actggcgggc gttactaatg gatccgagct cggtagcaag 780  
cttgatgcac agcttgagta tctatagtgt cactaaatag cctggcggtta tcatgggtcat 840  
agctgtttcc tgtgtgaaat tgttatccgc tccaattcc ccccaccata cgagccggaa 900  
cataaagt 908

<210> 47  
<211> 480

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(480)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 47

tgccaacaag gaaagtttta aatttcccct tgaggattct tggatgatcat caaattcagt	60
ggttttttaag gttgttttct gtcaaataac tctaacttta agccaaacag tatatggaag	120
cacagataka atattacaca gataaaagag gagttgatct aaagtaraga tagttggggg	180
ctttaatttc tggaacctag gtctcccat cttctctgtg gctgaggaaac ttcttggaag	240
cggggattct aaagttcttt ggaagacagt ttgaaaacca ccatgttggt ctcagtacct	300
ttatttttaa aaagtaggtg aacattttga gagagaaaag ggcttggtg agatgaagtc	360
ccccccccc cttttttttt ttttagctga aatagatacc ctatgttnaa rgaarggatt	420
attatttacc atgccaytar scacatgctc tttgatgggc nyctccstac cctccttaag	480

&lt;210&gt; 48

&lt;211&gt; 591

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 48

aagagggtac cgagtggaaat ttccggttca ctagtctggt gtggctagtc ggtttcgtgg	60
tgccaacat tacgaacttc caactcaacc gttcttggac gttcaagcgg gaggaccggc	120
gaggatggtg gcgtgaattc tgcccttctt ttgccgtggg atcggtagcc gccatcatcg	180
gtatgtttat caagatcttc tttactaacc cgacctctcc gatttacctg cccgagccgt	240
ggtttaacga ggggaggggg atccagtcac gcgagtaact gtcccagatc ttcccatcg	300
tcgtgacaat gcctatcaac ttctgtctca ataagttgtg gaccttcoga accgtgaagc	360
actccgaaaa cgtccgggtg ctgctgtgct gtgactccca aaatottgat aacaacaagg	420
taaccgaatc gcgctaagga accccggcat ctgggtact ctgcataatg gtaccctta	480
agccgaatc cagcacactg gcggccgtta ctaattggat ccgaactccg taaccaagcc	540
tgatgcgtaa cttgagttat tctatagtgt ccctaaaata acctggcgtt a	591

&lt;210&gt; 49

&lt;211&gt; 454

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 49

aagagggtac ctgccttgaa atttaaagt ctaaggaaar tgggagatga ttaagagttg	60
gtgtggcyta gtcacaccaa aatgtattta ttacatcctg ctcccttcta gttgacagga	120
aagaaagctg ctgtggggaa aggaggata aataactgaag ggatttacta aacaaatgtc	180
catcacagag ttttctttt tttttttttg agacagagtc ttgctctgtc acccaggctg	240
gaatgaagwg gtatgatctc agttgaatgc aacctctacc tccataggtc aagcgattct	300
catgcctcag cctcctgagc agctgggact ataggcgcat gctaccatgc caggctaatt	360
tttatatttt tattagagac ggggtgttgc catgttggcc aggcaggctc cgaactcctg	420
ggcctcagat gatctgcccc accgtaccct ctta	454

&lt;210&gt; 50

&lt;211&gt; 463

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien



<400> 50  
aagagggtac caaaaaaaag aaaaaggaaa aaaagaaaaa caacttgat aaggctttct 60  
gctgcataca gctttttttt tttaaataaa tgggtccaac aaatgttttt gcattcacac 120  
caattgctgg ttttgaaatc gtactcttca aagggtattg tgcagatcaa tccaatagtg 180  
atgccccgta ggttttgtgg actgcccacg ttgtctacct tctcatgtag gagccattga 240  
gagactgttt ggacatgcct gtgttcattg agccgtgatg tccggggggc gtgtacatca 300  
tgttaccgtg ggggtggggtc tgcattggct gctgggcata tggctgggtg cccatcatgc 360  
ccatctgcat ctgcataggg tattggggcg tttgatccat atagccatga ttgctgtggt 420  
agccactgtt catcattggc tgggacatgc tgttaccctc tta 463

<210> 51

<211> 399

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 51  
cttcaacctc ccaagtgtt gggattacag gactgagcca ccacgctcag cctaagcctc 60  
tttttcaacta cctctaaagc gatctaccac agtgatgagg ggctaaagag cagtgcattt 120  
tgattacaat aatggaactt agatttatta attaacaatt tttccttagc atgttggttc 180  
cataattatt aagagtatgg acttacttag aaatgagctt tcattttaag aatttcatct 240  
ttgaccttct ctattagtct gagcagtatg acactatacg tattttattt aactaaccta 300  
ccttgagcta ttacttttta aaaggctata tacatgaatg tgtattgtca actgtaaagc 360  
cccacagtat ttaattatat catgatgtct ttgagggtg 399

<210> 52

<211> 392

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 52  
cttcaacctc aatcaacctt ggtaattgat aaaatcatca ctttaactttc tgatataatg 60  
gcaataatta tctgagaaaa aaaagtgggtg aaagattaaa cttgcatttc tctcagaatc 120  
ttgaaggata tttgaataat tcaaaagcgg aatcagtagt atcagccgaa gaaactcact 180  
tagctagaac gttggaccca tggatctaag tccctgcctt tccactaacc agctgattgg 240  
ttttgtgtaa acctctaca cgcttgggct tggctgcctc atttgtcaaa gtaaaggctg 300  
aaataggaag ataataaacc gtgtcttttt ggtctctttt ccatccatta ctctgatttt 360  
acaaagagggc ctgtattccc ctggtgaggt tg 392

<210> 53

<211> 179

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1) ... (179)

<223> n = A, T, C or G

<400> 53  
ttcgggtgat gctcctcag gctacagtga agactggatt acagaaaagg gccagcgaga 60  
tttcagattc ctgtaaacct ctaaagaaaa ggagtcgcgc ctcaactgat gtagaaatga 120  
ctagttcagc atacngagac acntctgact ccgattctag aggactgagt gacctgcan 179

<210> 54

<211> 112

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(112)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 54

```

ttcgggtgat gcctcctcag gctacatcat natagaagca aagtagaana atcnnngtttg      60
tgcattttcc cacanacaaa attcaaatga ntggaagaaa ttggganagt at                112

```

&lt;210&gt; 55

&lt;211&gt; 225

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 55

```

tgagcttccg cttctgacaa ctcaatagat aatcaaagga caactttaac agggattcac      60
aaaggagtat atccaaatgc caataaacat ataaaaagga attcagcttc atcatcatca      120
gaagwatgca aattaaaacc ataatgagaa accactatgt ccactagaa tagataaaat      180
cttaaaagac tggtaaaacc aagtgttggg aaggcaagag gagca                      225

```

&lt;210&gt; 56

&lt;211&gt; 175

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 56

```

gctcctcttg ctttaccaac acattctcaa aaacctgtta gagtcctaag cattctcctg      60
ttagtattgg gattttaccc ctgtcctata aagatgttat gtaccaaaaa tgaagtggag      120
ggccataccc tgaggaggagg gagggatctc tagtgttgtc agaagcggaa gctca          175

```

&lt;210&gt; 57

&lt;211&gt; 223

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 57

```

agccatttac caccatgga tgaatggatt ttgtaattct agctgttgta ttttgtgaat      60
ttgttaattt tgttgttttt ctgtgaaaca catacattgg atatgggagg taaaggagtg      120
tccagttgc tcttggtcac tccctttata gccattactg tcttgtttct tgtaactcag      180
gttaggtttt ggtctctctt gctccactgc aaaaaaaaaa aaa                      223

```

&lt;210&gt; 58

&lt;211&gt; 211

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 58

```

gttcgaaggt gaacgtgtag gtagcggatc tcacaactgg ggaactgtca aagacgaatt      60
aactgacttg gatcaatcaa atgtgactga ggaaacacct gaagggtgaag aacatcatcc      120
agtggcagac actgaaaata aggagaatga agttgaagag gtaaaagagg aggggtccaaa      180
agagatgact ttggatgggt ggtaaatggc t                                211

```

<210> 59  
<211> 208  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 59

gctcctcttg ccttaccac tttgcaccca tcatcaacca tgtggccagg tttgcagccc 60  
aggetgcaca tcaggggact gctcgcaat acttcatgct gttgctgctg actgatggtg  
120ctgtgacgga tgtggaagcc acacgtgagg ctgtgggtgcg tgctcgaac ctgcccattg  
180  
cagtgatcat tatgggttgt aaatggct 208

<210> 60  
<211> 171  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 60

agccatttac caccatact aaattctagt tcaaactcca acttcttcca taaaacatct 60  
aaccactgac accagttggc aatagcttct tcttcttcta acctcttaga gtatttatgg 120  
tcaatgccac acatttctgc aactgaataa agttggttaag gcaagaggag c 171

<210> 61  
<211> 134  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(134)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 61

cggtgatgc ctctcaggc tttggtgtgt ccactcnact cactggcctc ttctccagca 60  
actggtgaan atgtctcan gaaaancncc acacgcnget cagggtgggg tgggaancat 120  
canaatcatc nggc 134

<210> 62  
<211> 145  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 62

agaggggtaca tatgcaacag tatataaagg aagaagtgca ctgagaggaa cttcatcaag 60  
gccatttaac caataagtga tagagtcaag gctcaaccca ggtgtgacgg attccaggtc 120  
ccaagctcct tactggtacc ctctt 145

<210> 63  
<211> 297  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 63

tgcaactgaga ggaattcaaa ggggtttatgc caaagaacaa accagtcctc tgcagcctaa 60  
ctcatttggtt tttgggtgc gaagccatgt agagggcgat caggcagtag atggtcctc 120

ccacagtcag cgccatggtg gtcgggtaaa gcatttggtc aggcaggcct cgtttcaggt 180  
 agacggggcac acatcagctt tctggaaaaa cttttgtagc tctggagctt tgtttttccc 240  
 agcataatca tacactgtgg aatcggaggt cagtttagtt ggtaaggcaa gaggagc 297

<210> 64

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 64

gcactgagag gaacttccaa tactatgttg aataggagtg gtgagagagg gcacccctgt 60  
 cttgtgcggg ttttcaaagg gaatgttcc agcttttgcc cattcagtat aatattaaag 120  
 aatgttttac cttttctgt cttgcctgtt tttctgtgtt tttgttggtc tcttcattct 180  
 ccatttttag gcctttacat gtttaggaata tatttctttt aatgatactt cacccttggt 240  
 atcttttgtg agactctact catagtgtga taagcactgg gttggtaagg caagaggagc 300

<210> 65

<211> 203

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 65

gctcctcttg ccttaccac tcacccagta tgcagcaat tttatcrgct ttacctacga 60  
 aacagcctgt atccaaacac ttaacacact cacctgaaaa gttcaggcaa caatcgctt 120  
 ctcattgggtc tctctgtctc agttctgaac ctttctcttt tcttagaaca tgcatttarg 180  
 tcgatagaag ttcctctcag tgc 203

<210> 66

<211> 344

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 66

tacggggacc cctgcattga gaaagcgaga ctcaactctga agctgaaatg ctgttgccct 60  
 tgcagtgtcg gtagcaggag ttctgtgctt tgtgggctaa ggctcctgga tgacctctga 120  
 catggagaag gcagagttgt gtgccccttc tcatggcctc gtcaaggcat catggactgc 180  
 cacacacaaa atgccgtttt tattaacgac atgaaattga aggagagaac acaattcact 240  
 gatgtggctc gtaaccatgg atatgggtcac atacagaggt gtgattatgt aaagggttaat 300  
 tccaccaccc tcatgtggaa actagcctca atgcaggggt ccca 344

<210> 67

<211> 157

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 67

gcactgagag gaacttcgta gggaggttga actggctgct gaggaggggg aacaacaggg 60  
 taaccagact gatagcatt ggatggataa tatgggtggt gaggagggac actacttata 120  
 gcagaggggt gtgtatagcc tgaggaggca tcaccg 157

<210> 68

<211> 137

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 72

```

gcactgagag gaacttccaa tacyatkatc agagtgaaca rgcarccyac agaacaggag      60
aaaatgttyg caatctctcc atctgacaaa aggctaatat ccagawtcta awaggaactt      120
aaacaaattht atgagaaaaag aacaracaac ctcaawcaaaa agtgggtgaa ggawatgcts      180
aaargaagac atytattcag ccagtaaaqa yatgaaaaaa aggctcatsa tcactgawca      240
ttagagaaat gcaaatcaaa accacaatga gataccatct yayrccagtt agaaygggtga      300
tcattaaaar stcaggaaac aacagatgct ggacaagggtg tca                          343

```

&lt;210&gt; 73

&lt;211&gt; 321

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1) ... (321)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 73

```

gcactgagag gaacttcaga gagagagaga gagttccacc ctgtacttgg ggagagaaac      60
agaagggtgag aaagtctttg gttctgaagc agcttctaag atcttttcat ttgcttcatt      120
tcaaagttcc catgctgcc aagtgccatc ctttggggta ctgttttctg agctccagtg      180
ataactcatt tatacaaggg agatacccag aaaaaaagtg agcaaactctt aaaaagggtgg      240
cttgagttca gccttaaata ccatcttgaa atgacacaga gaaagaanga tgttgggtgg      300
gagtggtatg agaccctaac g                          321

```

&lt;210&gt; 74

&lt;211&gt; 321

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 74

```

gcactgagag gaacttcaga gagagagaga gagttccacc ctgtacttgg ggagagaaac      60
agaagggtgag aaagtctttg gttctgaagc agcttctaag atcttttcat ttgcttcatt      120
tcaaagttcc catgctgcc aagtgccatc ctttggggta ctgttttctg agctccagtg      180
ataactcatt tatacaaggg agatacccag aaaaaaagtg agcaaactctt aaaaagggtgg      240
cttgagttca gycttaaata ccatcttgaa atgamacaga gaaagaagga tgttgggtgg      300
gagtggtatg agaccctaac g                          321

```

&lt;210&gt; 75

&lt;211&gt; 317

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 75

```

gcactgagag gaacttcac atgcactgag aaatgcatgt tcacaaggac tgaagtctgg      60
aactcagttt ctcagttcca atcctgattc aggtgtttac cagctacaca accttaagca      120
agtcagataa ccttagcttc ctcatatgca aaatgagaat gaaaagtact catcgctgaa      180
ttgttttgag gattagaaaa acatctggca tgcagtagaa attcaattag tattcatttt      240
cattcttcta aattaacaa ataggatttt tagtggtgga acttcagaca ccagaaatgg      300
gagtggtatg agaccctt                                317

```

&lt;210&gt; 76

&lt;211&gt; 244

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 76

cgttagggtc	tctatccact	cccactactg	atcaaactct	atttatttaa	ttatttttat	60
catactttaa	gttctgggat	acaagtgcag	catgcgcagg	tttgttgcat	aggtatacac	120
ttgccatggt	ggtttgcctc	acccatcagt	ccatcatcta	cattaggtat	ttctccta	180
gctatccctc	ccctagcccc	ttacaccccc	aacaggctct	agtgtgtgaa	gttcctctca	240
gtgc						244

&lt;210&gt; 77

&lt;211&gt; 254

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 77

cgttagggtc	tctatccact	gaaatctgaa	gcacaggagg	aagagaagca	gtyctagtga	60
gatggcaagt	tcwtttacca	cactctttaa	catttygttt	agttttaacc	tttatttatg	120
gataataaag	gttaatatta	ataatgattt	attttaagga	attcccraat	ttgcataatt	180
ctccttttgg	agataccctt	ttatctccag	tgcaagtctg	gatcaaagtg	atasamagaa	240
gttcctctca	gtgc					254

&lt;210&gt; 78

&lt;211&gt; 355

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1) ... (355)

&lt;223&gt; n = A, T, C or G

&lt;400&gt; 78

ttcgatacag	gcaaacatga	actgcaggag	ggtggtgacg	atcatgatgt	tgccgatggt	60
ccggatggnc	acgaagacgc	actggancac	gtgettaact	ccctttgtct	tggtgatggc	120
cctgagggga	cgcaggaccc	ttatgacctt	cagaatcttc	acaacgggag	atggcactgg	180
attgantccc	antgacacca	gagacacccc	aaccaccagn	atatcantat	attgatgtag	240
ttcctgtaga	nggccccctt	gtggaggaaa	gtcccatnag	ttggatcatc	tcaacaggat	300
ctcaacagtt	tccgatggct	gtgatgggca	tagtcatant	taacntgtn	tcgaa	355

&lt;210&gt; 79

&lt;211&gt; 406

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 79

taagagggtta	ccagcagaaa	ggttagtatc	atcagatagc	atcttatacg	agtaatatgc	60
ctgctatttg	aagtgttaatt	gagaaggaaa	atttttagcgt	gtcactgac	ctgcctgtag	120
ccccagtga	agctaggatg	tgcatctctc	agccatcaag	agactgagtc	aagttgttcc	180
ttaagtcaga	acagcagact	cagctctgac	attotgatcc	gaatgacact	gttcaggaat	240
cggaaatcctg	tcgattagac	tggaacagctt	gtggcaagtg	aatttgccctg	taacaagcca	300
gatttttttaa	aatttatatt	gtaaataatg	tgtgtgtgtg	tgtgtgtata	tatatatata	360
tgtacagtta	tctaagttaa	tttaaaagtt	gtttgggtacc	ctctta		406

&lt;210&gt; 80

&lt;211&gt; 327

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 80

tttttttttt tttactcggc tcagtctaatt cttttttgta gtcactcata ggccagactt	60
agggctagga tgatgattaa taagagggat gacataacta ttagtggcag gttagttgtt	120
tgtagggctc atggtagggg taaaaggagg gcaatttcta gatcaaataa taagaaggta	180
atagctacta agaagaattt tatggagaaa gggacgcggg cgggggatat agggtcgaag	240
cgcactcgt aaggggtgga tttttctatg tagccgttga gttgtggtag tcaaatgta	300
ataattatta gtagtaagcc taggaga	327

&lt;210&gt; 81

&lt;211&gt; 318

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 81

tagtctatgc ggttgattcg gcaatccatt atttgetgga tttgtcatg tgttttgcca	60
attgcattca taatttatta tgcatttatg cttgtatctc ctaagtcag gttatataatc	120
catgtttttt atgttttgtc tgacataaac tcttatcaga gccctttgca cacagggatt	180
caataaatat taacacagtc tacatttatt tgggtgaatat tgcatatctg ctgtactgaa	240
agcacattaa gtaacaaagg caagtgaagaa gaatgaaaag cactactcac aacagttatc	300
atgattgcgc atagacta	318

&lt;210&gt; 82

&lt;211&gt; 338

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 82

tcttcaacct ctactccac taatagcttt ttgatgactt ctaqcaagcc togctaacct	60
cgccttacct cccactatta acctactggg agaactctct gtcgtagtaa ccacgttctc	120
ctgatcaaat atcactctcc tacttacagg actcaacata ctagtcacag ccctatactc	180
cctctacata ttaccacaaa cacaatgggg ctactcacc caccacatta acaacataaa	240
acctcattc acacgagaaa acacctcat gttcatacac ctatccccca ttctcctct	300
atccctcaac cccgacatca ttaccgggtt ttcctctt	338

&lt;210&gt; 83

&lt;211&gt; 111

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 83

agccatttac caccatcca caaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaag aaaaatatca aggaataaaa	60
atagactttg aacaaaaagg aacatttgct ggcctgagga ggcatcaccc g	111

&lt;210&gt; 84

&lt;211&gt; 224

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 84

tgggtgatg cctcctcagg ccaagaagat aaagcttcag acccctaaca catttccaaa	60
aaggaagaaa ggagaaaaaa gggcatcatc cccgttcgga agggtcaggg aggaggaaat	120
tgaggtggat tcacgagttg cggacaactc ctttgatgcc aagcgagggt cagccggaga	180
ctggggagag cgagccaatc aggttttgaa gttcctctca gtgc	224



<210> 85  
<211> 348  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 85

```
gcactgagag gaacttcggt ggaaacgggt ttttttcattg taaggctaga cagaagaatt      60
ctcagtaact tccttggtgt gtgtgtattc aactcacasa gttgaacgat cctttacaca      120
gagcagactt gtaacactct twttgtggaa ttgcaagtg gagatttcag scgctttgaa      180
gtsaaaggta gaaaaggaaa tatcttccta taaaaactag acagaatgat tctcagaaac      240
tcctttgtga tgtgtgcgtt caactcacag agtttaacct ttcwtttcat agaagcagtt      300
aggaaacact ctgtttgtaa agtctgcaag tggatagaga ccctaacg      348
```

<210> 86  
<211> 293  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 86

```
gcactgagag gaacttcygt gtgwtgktg yattcaactc acagagttga asswtsmttt      60
acabagwkca ggcttkcaaa cactcttttt gtmgatytg caagwggaka tttstrccrc      120
tttgwggycw wysktmgaaw mgtgrwatat ttcwyatmra amctagacag aaksattctc      180
akaawstyyy ytgtgawgws tgcrttcaac tcacagagkt kaacmwtct kytsatrgag      240
cagttwkgaa actctmtttc tttggattct gcaagtggat agagacccta acg      293
```

<210> 87  
<211> 10  
<212> DNA  
<213> Artificial Sequence  
<220>  
<223> Primer for amplification from breast tumor cDNA

<400> 87

```
ctcctaggct      10
```

<210> 88  
<211> 10  
<212> DNA  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Primer for amplification from breast tumor cDNA

<400> 88

```
agtagttgcc      10
```

<210> 89  
<211> 11  
<212> DNA  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Primer for amplification from breast tumor cDNA

<400> 89  
ttccggttatg c 11  
  
<210> 90  
<211> 10  
<212> DNA  
<213> Artificial Sequence  
  
<220>  
<223> Primer for amplification from breast tumor cDNA  
  
<400> 90  
tggtaaaggg 10  
  
<210> 91  
<211> 10  
<212> DNA  
<213> Artificial Sequence  
  
<220>  
<223> Primer for amplification from breast tumor cDNA  
  
<400> 91  
tcggtcatag 10  
  
<210> 92  
<211> 10  
<212> DNA  
<213> Artificial Sequence  
  
<220>  
<223> Primer for amplification from breast tumor cDNA  
  
<400> 92  
tacaacgagg 10  
  
<210> 93  
<211> 10  
<212> DNA  
<213> Artificial Sequence  
  
<220>  
<223> Primer for amplification from breast tumor cDNA  
  
<400> 93  
tggattggtc 10  
  
<210> 94  
<211> 10  
<212> DNA  
<213> Artificial Sequence  
  
<220>  
<223> Primer for amplification from breast tumor cDNA

<400> 94  
ctttctaccc 10

<210> 95  
<211> 10  
<212> DNA  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Primer for amplification from breast tumor cDNA

<400> 95  
ttttggctcc 10

<210> 96  
<211> 10  
<212> DNA  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Primer for amplification from breast tumor cDNA

<400> 96  
ggaaccaatc 10

<210> 97  
<211> 10  
<212> DNA  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Primer for amplification from breast tumor cDNA

<400> 97  
tcgatacagg 10

<210> 98  
<211> 10  
<212> DNA  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Primer for amplification from breast tumor cDNA

<400> 98  
ggtactaagg 10

<210> 99  
<211> 10  
<212> DNA  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Primer for amplification from breast tumor cDNA

&lt;400&gt; 99

agtctatgcg

10

&lt;210&gt; 100

&lt;211&gt; 10

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;223&gt; Primer for amplification from breast tumor cDNA

&lt;400&gt; 100

ctatccatgg

10

&lt;210&gt; 101

&lt;211&gt; 10

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;223&gt; Primer for amplification from breast tumor cDNA

&lt;400&gt; 101

tctgtccaca

10

&lt;210&gt; 102

&lt;211&gt; 10

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;223&gt; Primer for amplification from breast tumor cDNA

&lt;400&gt; 102

aagagggtac

10

&lt;210&gt; 103

&lt;211&gt; 10

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;223&gt; Primer for amplification from breast tumor cDNA

&lt;400&gt; 103

cttcaacctc

10

&lt;210&gt; 104

&lt;211&gt; 20

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Artificial Sequence

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;223&gt; Primer for amplification from breast tumor cDNA

<400> 104  
gctcctcttg ccttaccaac 20

<210> 105  
<211> 20  
<212> DNA  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Primer for amplification from breast tumor cDNA

<400> 105  
gtaagtcgag cagtgtgatg 20

<210> 106  
<211> 20  
<212> DNA  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Primer for amplification from breast tumor cDNA

<400> 106  
gtaagtcgag cagtctgatg 20

<210> 107  
<211> 20  
<212> DNA  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Primer for amplification from breast tumor cDNA

<400> 107  
gacttagtgg aaagaatgta 20

<210> 108  
<211> 20  
<212> DNA  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Primer for amplification from breast tumor cDNA

<400> 108  
gtaattccgc caaccgtagt 20

<210> 109  
<211> 20  
<212> DNA  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Primer for amplification from breast tumor cDNA

<400> 109  
atggttgatc gatagtggaa 20

<210> 110  
<211> 20  
<212> DNA  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Primer for amplification from breast tumor cDNA

<400> 110  
acgggggaccc ctgcattgag 20

<210> 111  
<211> 20  
<212> DNA  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Primer for amplification from breast tumor cDNA

<400> 111  
tattctagac cattcgctac 20

<210> 112  
<211> 20  
<212> DNA  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Primer for amplification from breast tumor cDNA

<400> 112  
acataaccac tttagcgctc 20

<210> 113  
<211> 20  
<212> DNA  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Primer for amplification from breast tumor cDNA

<400> 113  
cgggtgatgc ctctcaggc 20

<210> 114  
<211> 20  
<212> DNA  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Primer for amplification from breast tumor cDNA

<400> 114  
agcatgttga gcccagacac 20

<210> 115  
<211> 20  
<212> DNA  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Primer for amplification from breast tumor cDNA

<400> 115  
gacaccttgt ccagcatctg 20

<210> 116  
<211> 20  
<212> DNA  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Primer for amplification from breast tumor cDNA

<400> 116  
tacgctgcaa cactgtggag 20

<210> 117  
<211> 20  
<212> DNA  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Primer for amplification from breast tumor cDNA

<400> 117  
cgttagggtc tctatccact 20

<210> 118  
<211> 20  
<212> DNA  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Primer for amplification from breast tumor cDNA

<400> 118  
agactgactc atgtccccta 20

<210> 119  
<211> 20  
<212> DNA  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Primer for amplification from breast tumor cDNA

<400> 119  
tcacgctcg gtgactcaag

20

<210> 120  
<211> 20  
<212> DNA  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Primer for amplification from breast tumor cDNA

<400> 120  
caagattcca taggctgacc

20

<210> 121  
<211> 20  
<212> DNA  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Primer for amplification from breast tumor cDNA

<400> 121  
acgtactggc cttgaaggtc

20

<210> 122  
<211> 20  
<212> DNA  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Primer for amplification from breast tumor cDNA

<400> 122  
gacgcttggc cacttgacac

20

<210> 123  
<211> 20  
<212> DNA  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Primer for amplification from breast tumor cDNA

<400> 123  
gtatcgacgt agtggctctcc

20

<210> 124  
<211> 20  
<212> DNA  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Primer for amplification from breast tumor cDNA



<400> 124  
tagtgacatt acgacgctgg 20

<210> 125  
<211> 20  
<212> DNA  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Primer for amplification from breast tumor cDNA

<400> 125  
cgggtgatgc ctcctcaggc 20

<210> 126  
<211> 23  
<212> DNA  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Primer for amplification from breast tumor cDNA

<400> 126  
atggctatatt tcgggggctg aca 23

<210> 127  
<211> 22  
<212> DNA  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Primer for amplification from breast tumor cDNA

<400> 127  
ccggtatctc ctcgtgggta tt 22

<210> 128  
<211> 18  
<212> DNA  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Primer for amplification from breast tumor cDNA

<400> 128  
ctgcctgagc cacaaatg 18

<210> 129  
<211> 24  
<212> DNA  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Primer for amplification from breast tumor cDNA

<400> 129  
ccggaggagg aagctagagg aata 24

<210> 130  
<211> 14  
<212> DNA  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Primer

<400> 130  
tttttttttt ttag 14

<210> 131  
<211> 18  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Predicited Th Motifs (B-cell epitopes)

<400> 131  
Ser Ser Gly Gly Arg Thr Phe Asp Asp Phe His Arg Tyr Leu Leu Val  
1 5 10 15  
Gly Ile

<210> 132  
<211> 22  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Predicited Th Motifs (B-cell epitopes)

<221> VARIANT  
<222> (1)...(22)  
<223> Xaa = Any Amino Acid

<400> 132  
Gln Gly Ala Ala Gln Lys Pro Ile Asn Leu Ser Lys Xaa Ile Glu Val  
1 5 10 15  
Val Gln Gly His Asp Glu  
20

<210> 133  
<211> 23  
<212> PRT  
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>  
<223> Predicited Th Motifs (B-cell epitopes)

1

5

10

15

20

<223> Predicited HLA A2.1 Motifs (T-cell epitopes)

1

5

<223> Predicted HLA A2.1 Motifs (T-cell epitopes)

1

5

<223> Predicited HLA A2.1 Motifs (T-cell epitopes)

<223> Xaa = Any Amino Acid

1

□

<223> Predicited HLA A2.1 Motifs (T-cell epitopes)

<400> 137

Glu Val Val Gln Gly His Asp Glu Ser

1 5  
 <210> 138  
 <211> 9  
 <212> PRT  
 <213> Artificial Sequence  
 <220>  
 <223> Predicted HLA A2.1 Motifs (T-cell epitopes)  
 <400> 138

His Leu Gln Glu Ala Tyr Arg Ile Tyr

1 5  
 <210> 139  
 <211> 9  
 <212> PRT  
 <213> Artificial Sequence  
 <220>  
 <223> Predicted HLA A2.1 Motifs (T-cell epitopes)  
 <400> 139

Asn Leu Ala Phe Val Ala Gln Ala Ala

1 5  
 <210> 140  
 <211> 9  
 <212> PRT  
 <213> Artificial Sequence  
 <220>  
 <223> Predicted HLA A2.1 Motifs (T-cell epitopes)  
 <400> 140

Phe Val Ala Gln Ala Ala Pro Asp Ser

1 5  
 <210> 141  
 <211> 9388  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien  
 <400> 141

gctcggggcc gcgagctcaa ttaacctca ctaaaggagg tcgactcgat cagactgtta 60  
 ctgtgtctat gtagaaagaa gtagacataa gagattccat tttgttctgt actaagaaaa 120  
 attcttctgc cttgagatgc tgtaaatctg taaccttagc cccaacctg tgcacacaga 180  
 gacatgtgct gtgttgactc aagggtcaat ggatttaggg ctatgctttg ttaaaaaagt 240  
 gcttgaagat aatatgcttg ttaaaagtca tcaccattct ctaatctcaa gtaccaggg 300  
 acacaataca ctgcggaagg ccgcagggac ctctgtctag gaaagccagg tattgtccaa 360  
 gatttctccc catgtgatag cctgagatat ggctcatgg gaagggttaag acctgactgt 420  
 cccccagccc gacatcccc agcccgacat cccccagccc gacacccgaa aagggtotgt 480  
 gctgaggagg attagtaaaa gaggaaggcc tctttgcagt tgaggtaaga ggaaggcatc 540  
 tgtctctgc tcgtccctgg gcaatagaat gccttggtgt aaaaccgat tgtatgttct 600

acttactgag	ataggagaaa	acatccttag	ggctggaggt	gagacacgct	ggcggcaata	660
ctgctcttta	atgcaccgag	atgtttgtat	aagtgcacat	caaggcacag	cacctttcct	720
taaacttatt	tatgacacag	agacctttgt	tcacgttttc	ctgctgacct	tctccccact	780
attaccttat	tggcctgcea	catecccttc	tccgagatgg	tagagataat	gatcaataaa	840
tactgagggg	actcagagac	cagtgtccct	gtaggtccct	cgtgtgctga	gcgcgggtcc	900
cttgggctca	cttttctttc	tctatacttt	gtctctgtgt	ctptttcttt	tctcagtctc	960
tcgttccacc	tgacgagaaa	taccacaggg	tgtggagggg	caggccaccc	cttcaataat	1020
ttactagcct	gttcgctgac	aacaagactg	gtgggtgcaga	aggttgggtc	ttgggtgttca	1080
ccgggtggca	ggcatggggc	aggtgggagg	gtctccagcg	cctgggtgcaa	atctccaaga	1140
aagtgcagga	aacagcacca	aggggtgattg	taaattttga	tttggcgagg	caggtagcca	1200
ttccagcgca	aaaatgcgca	ggaaagcttt	tgctgtgctt	gtaggcaggt	aggccccaag	1260
cacttcttat	tggctaattgt	ggagggaaacc	tgacatcca	ttggctgaaa	tctcgtcta	1320
tttgaggctg	actgagcgcg	ttcctttctt	ctgtgttgcc	tggaaacgga	ctgtctgcct	1380
agtaacatct	gatcacgttt	cccattggcc	gccgtttccg	gaagcccgcc	ctcccatctc	1440
cgyaagcctg	gcgcaagggt	ggctctgcagg	tggcctccag	gtgcaaagtg	ggaagtgtga	1500
gtctcagtc	ttgggctatt	cggccacgtg	cctgcgggac	atgggacgct	ggagggtcag	1560
cagcgtggag	tcctggcctt	ttgcgtccac	gggtgggaaa	ttggccattg	ccacggcggg	1620
aactgggact	caggctgccc	cccgcccggt	tctcatccgt	ccacgggact	cgtgggcgct	1680
cgcactggcg	ctgatgtagt	ttcctgacct	ctgaccgta	ttgtctccag	attaaaggta	1740
aaaacggggc	tttttcagcc	cactcgggta	aaacgccttt	tgatttctag	gcagggtgtt	1800
tgttgcacgc	ctgggaggga	gtgaccggca	ggttgagggt	tattaaaata	cattcctggt	1860
ttatgttatg	tttataataa	agcaccacca	cctttacaaa	atctcaactt	ttgccagttg	1920
tattatttag	tggactgtct	ctgataagga	cagccagtta	aaatggaatt	ttgttgttgc	1980
taattaaacc	aatttttagt	tttggtgttt	gtcctaatag	caacaacttc	tcaggcttta	2040
taaaaccata	tttcttgggg	gaaatttctg	tgtaaggcac	agcgagttag	tttgggaattg	2100
ttttaaagga	agtaagttcc	tggttttgat	atcttagtag	tgtaatgccc	aacctgggtt	2160
ttactaacc	tgtttttaga	ctctcccttt	ccttaaatac	cctagccttg	tttccacctg	2220
aattgactct	cccttagcta	agagcgccag	atggactcca	tcttggtct	ttcactggca	2280
gccccttcc	caaggactta	acttgtgcaa	gctgactccc	agcacatcca	agaatgcaat	2340
taactgttaa	gatactgtgg	caagctatat	ccgcagttcc	gaggaattca	tccgattgat	2400
tatgccaaa	agcccccgct	ctatcacctt	gtaataatct	taaagccct	gcacctggaa	2460
ctattaactt	tctgttaacc	atttatcctt	ttaacttttt	tgettacttt	atttctgtaa	2520
aattgtttta	actagacctc	ccctcccctt	tctaaaccaa	agtataaaag	aagatctagc	2580
cccttcttca	gagcggagag	aattttgagc	attagccatc	tcttggcggc	cagctaaata	2640
aatggacttt	taatttgtct	caaagtgtgg	cgttttctct	aactcgctca	ggtacgacat	2700
ttggaggccc	cagcgagaaa	cgtcacccgg	agaaacgtca	ccgggcgaga	gccggggccc	2760
ctgtgtgctc	ccccggaagg	acagccagct	tgtagggggg	agtgccacct	gaaaaaaaaa	2820
tttccaggte	cccaaagggt	gaccgtcttc	cggaggacag	cggatcgact	accatgcggg	2880
tgcccaccaa	aattccacct	ctgagtcctc	aactgctgac	cccgggggtca	ggtagggtcag	2940
atttgacttt	ggttctggca	gagggaaagc	accctgatga	gggtgtccct	cttttgactc	3000
tgcccatttc	tctaggatgc	tagagggtag	agccctgggt	ttctgttaga	cgctctgtg	3060
tctctgtctg	ggaggggaagt	ggccctgaca	ggggccatcc	cttgagtcag	tccacatccc	3120
aggatgctgg	gggactgagt	cctggtttct	ggcagactgg	tctctctctc	tctctttttc	3180
tatctetaat	cttctcttgt	tcaggtttct	tggagaatct	ctgggaaaga	aaaaagaaaa	3240
actgttataa	actctgtgtg	aatgggtgaat	gaatggggga	ggacaagggc	ttgcgcttgt	3300
cctccagttt	gtagctccac	ggcgaaagct	acggagttca	agtgggccct	cacctgcggg	3360
tccgtggcga	cctcataagg	cttaaggcag	catccggcat	agctcgatcc	gagccggggg	3420
tttataccgg	cctgtcaatg	ctaagaggag	cccaagtccc	ctaaggggga	gcggccaggc	3480
gggcatctga	ctgatcccat	cacgggaccc	cctccccttg	tttgtctaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	3540
gaagaaaactg	tcataactgt	ttacatgccc	taggggtcaac	tgtttgtttt	atgtttattg	3600
ttctgttcgg	tgtctattgt	cttgtttagt	ggttgtcaag	gttttgcagt	tcaggacgtc	3660
gatattgccc	aagacgtctg	ggtaagaact	tctgcaagggt	ccttagtgct	gattttttgt	3720
cacaggaggt	taaattttctc	atcaatcatt	taggctggcc	accacagtcc	tgtcttttct	3780
gccagaagca	agtcagggtg	tgttacggga	atgagtgtaa	aaaaacattc	gcctgattgg	3840
gattttctggc	accatgatgg	ttgtatttag	attgtcatac	cccacatcca	ggttgattgg	3900

acctcctcta	aactaaactg	gtggtgggtt	caaaacagcc	acctgcaga	tttccttgct	3960
cacctctttg	gtcattctgt	aacttttcct	gtgcccttaa	atagcacact	gtgtagggaa	4020
acctaccctc	gtactgcttt	acttcgttta	gattcttaet	ctgttccctc	gtggctactc	4080
tcccatctta	aaaacgatcc	aagtgggtcc	tttccctctc	cctgccccct	acccacacac	4140
tctcgttttc	cagtgcgaca	gcaagttcag	cgtctccagg	acttggtctc	gctctcactc	4200
cttgaacctt	taaaagaaaa	agctgggttt	gagctatttg	cctttgagtc	atggagacac	4260
aaaagggtatt	tagggtacag	atctagaaga	agagagagaa	cacctagatc	caactgaccc	4320
aggagatctc	gggtggcct	ctagtccctc	tcctcaatc	ttaaagctac	agtgatgtgg	4380
caagtgggtat	ttagctgttg	tggtttttct	gctctttctg	gtcatgttga	ttctgttctt	4440
togatactcc	agccccccag	ggagtgaagt	tctctgtctg	tgctgggttt	gatattctatg	4500
ttcaaatctt	attaaattgc	cttcaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	gggaaacact	tcctcccagc	4560
cttgtaaggg	ttggagccct	ctccagtata	tgctgcagaa	ttttctctc	ggtttctcag	4620
aggattatgg	agtccgcctt	aaaaaaggca	agctctggac	actctgcaaa	gtagaatggc	4680
caaagtttgg	agttgagtgg	ccccttgaag	ggctactgaa	cctcacaatt	gttcaagctg	4740
tgtggcggggt	tgttactgaa	actccgggcc	tcctctatca	gtttccctac	attgatcaat	4800
ggctgagttt	ggtcaggagc	accccttcca	tggtctcact	catgcaccat	tcataatttt	4860
acctccaagg	tcctcctgag	ccagaccgtg	ttttcgctc	gacctcagc	cggttcagct	4920
cgccctgtac	tgccctctct	tgaagaagag	gagagtctcc	ctcaccagct	cccaccgcct	4980
taaaaccagc	ctactccctt	agggtcaccc	catgtctcct	cggctatgtc	ccctgtaggc	5040
tcatacccca	ttgcctcttg	gttgcaaccg	tggtgggagg	aagtagcccc	tctactacca	5100
ctgagagagg	cacaagtccc	tctgggtgat	gagtgcctca	cccccttcc	ggtttatgtc	5160
ccttctttct	acttctgact	tgtataattg	gaaaaccat	aatectccct	tctctgaaaa	5220
gccccaggct	ttgacctcac	tgatggagtc	tgtaactctg	acacattggc	ccacctggga	5280
tgactgtcaa	cagctccctt	tgacctttt	caactctgaa	gagagggaaa	gtatccaaag	5340
agaggccaaa	aagtacaacc	tcacatcaac	caataggccg	gaggagggaag	ctagagggaat	5400
agtgattaga	gacccaattg	ggacctaat	gggacccaaa	tttctcaagt	ggaggggagaa	5460
cttttgacga	tttccaccgg	tatctcctcg	tggttattca	gggagctgct	cagaaacctta	5520
taaaactgtc	taaggcgact	gaagtcgtcc	aggggcatga	tgagtcacca	ggagtgtttt	5580
tagagcacct	ccaggaggct	tatcggattt	acaccccttt	tgacctggca	gcccccgaaa	5640
atagccatgc	tcttaatttg	gcatttgtgg	ctcaggcagc	cccagatagt	aaaaggaaac	5700
tccaaaaact	agagggtatt	tgctggaatg	aataccagtc	agctttttaga	gatagcctaa	5760
aagggttttg	acagtcaaga	ggttgaaaaa	caaaaacaag	cagctcaggc	agctgaaaaa	5820
agccactgat	aaagcatcct	ggagtatcag	agtttactgt	tagatcagcc	tcatttgact	5880
tccctcccca	catggtgttt	aaatccagct	acactacttc	ctgactcaaa	ctccactatt	5940
cctgttcctg	actgtcagga	actgttgga	actactgaaa	ctggccgacc	tgatcttcaa	6000
aatgtgcccc	taggaaagggt	ggatgccacc	gtgttcacag	acagtagcag	cttccctgag	6060
aagggtactac	gaaaggccgg	tgcatgtgtt	accatggaga	cagatgtgtt	gtgggtcag	6120
gctttaccag	caaacacctc	agcacaaaa	gctgaattga	tcgcccctac	tcaggctctc	6180
cgatggggta	aggatattaa	cgttaacact	gacagcaggt	acgcctttgc	tactgtgcat	6240
gtacgtggag	ccatctacca	ggagcgtggg	ctactcacct	cagcaggtgg	ctgtaatcca	6300
ctgtaaagga	catcaaaagg	aaaacacggc	tggtgcccg	ggtaaccaga	aagctgattc	6360
agcagctcaa	gatgcagtgt	gactttcagt	cacgcctcta	aacttgctgc	ccacagtctc	6420
ctttccacag	ccagatctgc	ctgacaatcc	cgcatactca	acagaagaag	aaaactggcc	6480
tcagaactca	gagccaataa	aaatcaggaa	ggttggtgga	ttcttccctga	ctctagaatc	6540
ttcatacccc	gaactcttgg	gaaaacttta	atcagtcacc	tacagtctac	cacccattta	6600
ggaggagcaa	agctacctca	gctcctccgg	agccgtttta	agatccccc	tcttcaaagc	6660
ctaacagatc	aagcagctct	ccggtgcaca	acctgcgccc	aggtaaatgc	caaaaaagggt	6720
cctaaaccca	gccaggcca	ccgtctccaa	gaaaactcac	caggagaaaa	gtgggaaatt	6780
gactttacag	aagtaaaacc	acacggggct	gggtacaaat	accttctagt	actggtagac	6840
accttctctg	gatggactga	agcatttgc	accaaaaaac	aaactgtcaa	tatggtagtt	6900
aagtttttac	tcaatgaaat	catccctcga	cgtgggtgct	ctgttgccat	agggctctgat	6960
aatggaccgg	ccttcgcctt	gtctatagtt	tagtcagtca	gtaaggcgtt	aaacattcaa	7020
tggaagctcc	attgtgccta	tcgaccccag	agctctgggc	aagtagaacg	catgaactgc	7080
accttaaaaa	acactcttac	aaaattaatc	ttagaaaccg	gtgtaaatgt	tgtaagtctc	7140
cttcccttag	ccctacttag	agtaagggtc	accccttact	gggtgggttt	cttacctttt	7200

gaaatcatgt	atgggagggc	gctgcctatc	ttgcctaagc	taagagatgc	ccaattggca	7260
aaaatatcac	aaactaattt	attacagtac	ctacagtctc	cccaacaggt	acaagatata	7320
atcctgccac	ttgttcgagg	aaccatccc	aatccaattc	ctgaacagac	agggccctgc	7380
cattcattcc	cgccaggtga	cctgttggtt	gttaaaaagt	tccagagaga	aggactccct	7440
cctgcttgga	agagacctca	caccgtcatc	acgatgccaa	cggctctgaa	ggtggatggc	7500
attcctgcgt	ggattcatca	ctcccgcatc	aaaaaggcca	acggagccca	actagaaaca	7560
tgggtcccca	gggctgggtc	aggcccctta	aaactgcacc	taagttgggt	gaagccatta	7620
gattaattct	ttttcttaat	tttgtaaaac	aatgcatagc	ttctgtcaaa	cttatgtatc	7680
ttaagactca	atataacccc	cttggtataa	ctgaggaatc	aatgatttga	ttccccaaaa	7740
acacaagtgg	ggaatgtagt	gtccaacctg	gtttttacta	acctgtttt	tagactctcc	7800
ctttccctta	atcactcagc	cttggttcca	cctgaattga	ctctccctta	gctaagagcg	7860
ccagatggac	tccatcttgg	ctctttcact	ggcagcgcgt	tcctcaagga	cttaacttgt	7920
gcaagctgac	tcacagcaca	tccaagaatg	caattaactg	ataagatact	gtggcaagct	7980
atatccgcag	ttcccaggaa	ttcgtccaat	tgattacacc	caaaagcccc	gcgtctatca	8040
ccttgtaata	atcttaaaagc	ccctgcacct	ggaactatta	acgttctctg	aaccatttat	8100
ccctttaact	tttttgctta	ctttattttc	gtaaaattgt	tttaactaga	ccccccctct	8160
cctttctaaa	ccaaagtata	aaagcaaata	tagccccctc	ttcaggccga	gagaatttcg	8220
agcgttagcc	gtctcttggc	caccagctaa	ataaacggat	tcttcagtgt	tctcaaagtg	8280
tggcgttttc	tctaactcgc	tcaggtacga	ccgtggtagt	attttcccca	acgtcttatt	8340
tttagggcac	gtatgtagag	taacttttat	gaaagaaacc	agttaaggag	gttttgggat	8400
ttccctttatc	aactgtaata	ctggttttga	ttattttatt	attttattat	tttttttgag	8460
aaggagtttc	actcttggtg	cccaggctgg	agtgcattgg	tgcgatcttg	gtcactgca	8520
acttccgcct	cccaggttca	agcgattctc	ctgcctcagc	ctcgagagta	gctgggatta	8580
taggcattgcg	ccaccacacc	cagctaattt	tgtattttta	gtaaagatgg	ggtttcttca	8640
tgttggtcaa	gctgggtctg	aaactcccg	ctcgggtgat	ctgcccgcct	cggcctccga	8700
aagtgcctgg	attacaggtg	tgatccacca	caccagcccg	atttatatgt	atataaatca	8760
cattcctcta	acaaaaatgt	agtgtttcct	tccatcttga	atataggctg	tagacccctg	8820
gggtatggga	cattgttaac	agtgagacca	cagcagtttt	tatgtcatct	gacagcatct	8880
ccaaatagcc	ttcatgggtg	tcactgcttc	ccaagacaat	tccaaataac	acttcccagt	8940
gatgaactgc	tacttgctat	tgttacttaa	tgtgttaagg	tggtctgttac	agacactatt	9000
agtatgtcag	gaattacacc	aaaatttagt	ggctcaaaca	atcattttat	tatgtatgtg	9060
gattctcatg	gtcaggtcag	gatttcagac	agggcacaag	ggtagccac	ttgtctctgt	9120
ctatgatgtc	tggcctcagc	acaggagact	caacagctgg	ggtctgggac	catttggagg	9180
cttggtccct	caacatctgat	acctggcttg	ggatgttgga	agaggggggtg	agctgagact	9240
gagtgcctat	atgtagtgtt	tccatatggc	cttgacttcc	ttacagcctg	gcagcctcag	9300
ggtagtcaga	attcttagga	ggcacagggc	tccagggcag	atgctgaggg	gtcttttatg	9360
aggtagcaca	gcaaatccac	ccaggatc				9388

&lt;210&gt; 142

&lt;211&gt; 419

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 142

tgtaagtoga	gcagtgtgat	ggaaggaatg	gtctttggag	agagcatata	catctcctcc	60
tcactgcctc	ctaattgtcat	gaggtacact	gagcagaatt	aaacagggta	gtcttaacca	120
cactattttt	agctaccttg	tcaagctaata	ggttaaagaa	cacttttggg	ttacacttgt	180
tgggtcatag	aagttgcttt	ccgccatcac	gcaataagtt	tgtgtgtaata	cagaaggagt	240
tacettatgg	tttcagtgtc	attcttttagt	taacttggga	gctgtgtaata	ttaggctttg	300
cgtattattt	cactctgtgt	ctccacttat	gaagtgattg	tgtgttcgcy	tgtgtgtcyg	360
tgcgcattgtg	cttcgggcag	ttaacataag	caaataccca	acatcacact	gctcgactt	419

&lt;210&gt; 143

&lt;211&gt; 402

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 143

tgtaagtcga	gcagtgtgat	gtccactgca	gtgtgttget	gggaacagtt	aatgagcaaa	60
ttgtatacaa	tggctagtag	attgaccggg	atttgttgaa	gctggtagt	gttatgactt	120
agcctgttag	actagtctat	gcacatggct	ctgggtcaact	accgtctct	catttctcca	180
gataaatccc	ccatgcttta	tattctcttc	caaacatact	atcctcatca	ccacatagtt	240
cctttgttaa	tgctttgttc	tagactttcc	cttttctgtt	ttcttattca	aacctatata	300
tctttgcata	gattgtaaat	tcaaatgccc	tcaggggtgca	ggcagttcat	gtaagggagg	360
gaggctagcc	agttagatct	gcatacact	gctcgactta	ca		402

&lt;210&gt; 144

&lt;211&gt; 224

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 144

tcgggtgatg	cctcctcagg	ccaagaagat	aaagcttcag	accectaaca	catttccaaa	60
aaggaagaaa	ggagaaaaaa	gggcatactc	cccgttccga	agggtcaggg	aggaggaaat	120
tgaggtggat	tcacgagttg	cggaacaactc	ctttgatgcc	aagcgaggtg	cagccggaga	180
ctggggagag	cgagccaatc	aggttttgaa	gttctctca	gtgc		224

&lt;210&gt; 145

&lt;211&gt; 111

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 145

agccatttac	cacccatcca	caaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaag	aaaaatatca	aggaataaaa	60
atagactttg	aacaaaaagg	aacatttgct	ggcctgagga	ggcatcaccc	g	111

&lt;210&gt; 146

&lt;211&gt; 585

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 146

tagcatgttg	agcccagaca	cttgtagaga	gaggaggaca	gttagaagaa	gaagaaaagt	60
ttttaaatgc	tgaaagttag	tataagaaag	ctttggcttt	ggatgagact	tttaaagatg	120
cagaggatgc	tttgcagaaa	cttcataaat	atatgcaggt	gattccttat	ttcctcctag	180
aaatttagtg	atatttgaaa	taatgcccaa	acttaatttt	ctcctgagga	aaactattct	240
acattactta	agtaaggcat	tatgaaaagt	ttcttttttag	gtatagtttt	ttctaattgg	300
gtttgacatt	gcttcatagt	gcctctgttt	ttgtccataa	tcgaaagtaa	agatagctgt	360
gagaaaacta	ttacctaaat	ttggtatggt	gttttgagaa	atgtccttat	agggagctca	420
cctgggtggt	tttaaattat	tggtgtact	ataattgagc	taattataaa	aacctttttg	480
agacatattt	taaattgtct	ttcctgttaa	tactgatgat	gatgttttct	catgcatttt	540
cttctgaatt	gggaccattg	ctgctgtgtc	tgggctcaca	tgcta		585

&lt;210&gt; 147

&lt;211&gt; 579

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature



<222> (1) ... (579)

<223> n = A, T, C or G

<400> 147

tagcatgttg agccagaca ctgggcagcg ggggtggcca cggcagctcc tgccgagccc	60
aagcgtgttt gtctgtgaag gacctgacg tcacctgcca ggctagggag gggtaaatgt	120
ggagtgaatg ttcaccgact ttgcaggag tgtgcagaag ccaggtgcaa cttggtttgc	180
ttgtgttcat cccccctcaa gatatgcaca ctgctttcca aataaagcat caactgtcat	240
ctccagatgg ggaagacttt ttctccaacc agcaggcagg tccccatcca ctcagacacc	300
agcacgtcca ccttctcggg cagcaccacg tctctcacct tctgtgtgta cacggtgatg	360
atgtcagcaa agccgtttctg cangaccagc tgccccgtgt gctgtgccat ctcactggcc	420
tccaccgct acaccgctct aggcgcgcga tantgtgcac agaanaaatg atgatccagt	480
cccacagccc acgtccaaga ngactttatc cgtcagggat tctttattct gcaggatgac	540
ctgtggtatt aattgttcgt gtctgggctc aacatgcta	579

<210> 148

<211> 249

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 148

tgacaccttg tccagcatct gcaagccagg aagagagctc tcaccaagat cccaccccg	60
ttggcaccag gatcttggac ttccaatctc cagaactgtg agaaataagt atttgcgct	120
aaataaatct ttgtggtttc agatatctag ctatagcaga tcaggctgac taagagaaac	180
cccataagag ttacatactc attaatctcc gtctctatcc ccaggctcga gatgctggac	240
aaggtgtca	249

<210> 149

<211> 255

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 149

tgacaccttg tccagcatct gctatcttgt gactttttta taatagccat tctgactgg	60
gtgagatggg aactcattgt gggtttggc tgcattctc taatgatcag tgatattaag	120
ctttttttta atatgcttgt tgaccacatg tatatcatct tttgagaagt gtctgttcat	180
atcctttgcc cactttttta tttttttatc ttgtaaattt gtttaatttc cttacagatg	240
ctggacaagg tgta	255

<210> 150

<211> 318

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 150

ttacgctgca acactgtgga ggccaagctg ggatcacttc ttcattctaa ctggagagga	60
gggaagtcca agtccagcag aggggtgggtg ggtagacagt ggcactcaga aatgtcagct	120
ggacccctgt ccccgcatag gcaggacagc aaggctgtgg ctctccaggg ccagctgaag	180
aacaggacac tgtctccgt gccacaaagc gtcagagact cccatctttg aagcacggcc	240
ttcttggctc tctgcactt cctgtttctg ttagagacct gggtatagac aaggcttctc	300
cacagtgttg cagcgtaa	318

<210> 151

<211> 323

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(323)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 151tnacgcngcn acnntgtaga ganggnaagg cnttccccac attnccccctt  
catnanagaa 60  
ttattcnacc aagnntgacc natgcenntt atgacttaca tgcnnactnc ntaatctgtn 120  
tcnngcetta aaagcnntc cactacatgc ntcancactg tntgtgnac ntcatnaact 180  
gtcngnaata ggggncata actacagaaa tgcanttcac actgcttcca ntgccatcng 240  
cgtgtggcct tncctactct tcttntattc caagtagcat ctctggantg cttccocact 300  
ctccacattg ttgcagcnat aat 323

<210> 152

<211> 311

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 152

tcaagattcc ataggctgac cagtccaagg agagttgaaa tcatgaagga gagtctatct 60  
ggagagagct gtagttttga gggttgcaaa gacttaggat ggagttggtg ggtgtggtta 120  
gtctctaagg ttgattttgt tcataaattt catgccctga atgccttgct tgcctcacc 180  
tggtccaagc cttagtgaac acctaaaagt ctctgtcttc ttgctctcca aacttctcct 240  
gaggatttcc tcagattgtc tacattcaga tcgaagccag ttggcaaaaca agatgcagtc 300  
cagaggggtca g 311

<210> 153

<211> 332

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 153

caagattcca taggctgacc aggaggetat tcaagatctc tggcagttga ggaagtctct 60  
ttaagaaaat agtttaaaaca atttgtaaa atttttctgt cttacttcat ttctgtagca 120  
gttgatatct ggctgtcctt tttataatgc agagtgggaa ctttccctac catgtttgat 180  
aaatgttgtc caggctccat tgccaataat gtgttggtcca aaatgectgt ttagttttta 240  
aagacggaac tccacccttt gcttggtctt aagtatgtat ggaatgttat gataggacat 300  
agtagtagcg gtggtcagcc tatggaatct tg 332

<210> 154

<211> 345

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(345)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 154

tcaagattcc ataggctgac ctggacagag atctcctggg tctggcccag gacagcaggc 60  
tcaagctcag tggagaaggc ttccatgacc ctcagattcc cccaaacctt ggattgggtg 120  
acattgcac tcctcagaga gggaggagat gtangtctgg gcttccacag ggacctggtg 180

ttttaggatc aggggtaccgc tggcctgagg cttggatcat tcanagcctg ggggtggaat	240
ggctggcagc ctgtggcccc attgaaatag gctctggggc actccctctg ttctanttg	300
aacttgggta aggaacagga atgtgggtcan cctatggaat cttga	345

<210> 155  
 <211> 295  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1) ... (295)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 155	
gacgcttggc cacttgacac attaaacagt tttgcataat cactancatg tatttctagt	60
ttgctgtctg ctgtgatgcc ctgccctgat tctctggcgt taatgatggc aagcataatc	120
aaacgctgtt ctgttaattc caagttataa ctggcattga ttaaagcatt atctttcaca	180
actaaactgt tcttcatana acagcccata ttattatcaa attaagagac aatgtattcc	240
aatatccttt anggccata tatttnatgt ccttaatta agagctactg tccgt	295

<210> 156  
 <211> 406  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien  
 <220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1) ... (406)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 156	
gacgcttggc cacttgacac tgcagtggga aaaccagcat gagccgctgc cccaaggaa	60
cctcgaagc caggcagagg accagccatc ccagcctgca ggtaaagtgt gtcacctgtc	120
aggtgggctt ggggtgagtg ggtgggggaa gtgtgtgtgc aaagggggtg tnaatgtnta	180
tgcgtgtgag catgagtgat ggctagtgtg actgcatgtc agggagtgtg aacaagcgtg	240
cgggggtgtg tgtgcaagtg cgtatgcata tgagaatatg tgtctgtgga tgagtgcatt	300
tgaaagtctg tgtgtgtgag tgtggtcatg anggtaantt antgactgcg caggatgtgt	360
gagtgtgcat ggaacactca ntgtgtgtgt caagtggccn ancgtc	406

<210> 157  
 <211> 208  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1) ... (208)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 157	
tgacgcttgg ccacttgaca cactaaaggg tgttactcat cactttcttc tctcctcggt	60
ggcatgtgag tgcatttatt cacttggcac tcatttgttt ggcagtgact gtaanccana	120
tctgatgcat acaccagctt gtaaattgae taaatgtctc taatactatg tgctcacaat	180
anggtanggg tgaggagaag gggagaga	208

<210> 158  
 <211> 547  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)... (547)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 158  
 cttcaacctc cttcaacctc cttcaacctc ctggattcaa acaatcatcc cacctcagac 60  
 tccttagtag ctgagactac agactcacgc cactacatct ggctaaattt ttgtagagat 120  
 agggtttcat catgttgccc tggctggctt caaactcctg acctcaagca atgtgccac 180  
 ctcagcctcc caaagtgtct ggattacagg cataagccac catgccagc ccatntttaa 240  
 tctttcctac cacattctta ccacacttct ttttatgttt agatacataa atgcttacca 300  
 ttatgataca attgcccaaca gtattaagac agtaacatgc tgcacagggt ttagcctag 360  
 gaacagtagg caataccaca tagcttaggt gtgtggtaga ctataccatc taggtttgtg 420  
 taagttacac tttatgtctgt ttacacaatg acaaaaccat ctaatgatgc atttctcaga 480  
 atgtatcctt gtcagtaagc tatgatgtac aggaacact gcccaaggac acagatattg 540  
 tacctgt 547

<210> 159  
 <211> 203  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 159  
 gctcctcttg ccttaccacac tcaccagta tgcagcaat tttatcrgct ttacctaga 60  
 aacagcctgt atccaaacac ttaacacact cacctgaaa gttcaggcaa caatgcctt 120  
 ctcattgggtc tctctgtctc agttctgaac ctttctctt tctagaaca tgcatttarg 180  
 tcgatagaag ttcctctcag tgc 203

<210> 160  
 <211> 402  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 160  
 tgtaagtcga gcagtgtgat ggggtggaaca ggggtgtaag cagtaattgc aaactgtatt 60  
 taaacaataa taataatatt tagcatttat agagcacttt atatcttcaa agtacttgca 120  
 aacattayct aattaaatac cctctctgat tataatctgg atacaaatgc acttaaaactc 180  
 aggacagggt catgagaraa gtatgcattt gaaagtgggt gctagctatg ctttaaaaac 240  
 ctatacaatg atgggraagt tagagtccag attctgttgg actgtttttg tgcatttcag 300  
 ttcagcctga tggcagaatt agatcatatc tgcactcgat gactytgctt gataacttat 360  
 cactgaaatc tgagtgttga tcatcacact gctcgactta ca 402

<210> 161  
 <211> 193  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 161  
 agcatgttga gccagacac tgaccaggag aaaaaccaac caatagaac acgccagac 60

```
<210> 162
<211> 147
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien
```

<210> 163  
<211> 294  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

```
<210> 164
<211> 412
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien
<220> misc_feature
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(412)
<223> n = A,T,C or G
```

<210> 165  
<211> 361  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 165						
ttgacacctt	gtccagcctc	tgcctctgat	gagagcctca	gatggctacc	actaatggca	60
gaaggcaaag	gagaacaggc	attgtatggc	aagaaaaggaa	gaaagagaga	ggggagaaag	120
gtgctagggt	cttttcaaca	accagttctt	gatggaactg	agagtaagag	ctcaaggcca	180
ggtgtggtga	ctccaaccag	taatccaac	attttaggag	gctgagggca	gcaqatgtct	240

```

tgaccccatg agtttgtgac cagcctgaac aacatcatga gactccatct ctacaataat 300
tacaataaatt aatcaggcat tgtgggtatgc cctgtagtcc cagatgctgg acaagggtgc 360
a 361

```

&lt;210&gt; 166

&lt;211&gt; 427

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 166

```

twgactgact catgtccctt acacccaact atctttctcca ggtggccagg catgatagaa 60
tctgatectg acttagggga atattttctt tttacttccc atcttgattc cctgccgggtg 120
agtttctctg ttcagggtaa gaaaggagct caggccaaag taatgaacaa atccatcctc 180
acagacgtac agaataagag aacwtggacw tagccagcag aacmcaaktg aaamcagaac 240
mottamctag gatracaamc merrraratar ktgcycmcmc wtataataga aaccaaaactt 300
gtatctaatt aaatatttat ccacygtcag ggcattagtg gttttgataa atacgctttg 360
gctaggattc ctgagggttag aatggaaraa caattgcamc gagggtaggg gacatgagtc 420
aktctaa 427

```

&lt;210&gt; 167

&lt;211&gt; 500

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(500)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 167

```

aacgtcgcat gctcccgcc gccatggccg cgggatagac tgactcatgt cccctaagat 60
agaggagaca cctgctaggt gtaaggagaa gatggttagg tctacggagg ctccagggtg 120
ggagtagttc cctgctaagg gagggtagac tgttcaacct gttcctgtc cggcctccac 180
tatagcagat gcgagcagga gtaggagaga gggaggtaag agtcagaagc ttatgttggt 240
tatgcgggga aacgcrtat cgggggcagc cragttatta ggggacant tagwyartcw 300
agntagcatc caaagcngg gagttntccc atatggttgg acctgcaggc ggccgcatta 360
gtgattagca tgtgagcccc agacacgcac agcaacaagg acctaaactc agatcctgtg 420
ctgattactt aacatgaatt attgtattta tttaaact ttgagttatg agycatatta 480
ttaggtccat attacctgga 500

```

&lt;210&gt; 168

&lt;211&gt; 358

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 168

```

ttcatcgctc ggtgactcaa gcctgtaatc ccagaacttt gggaggccga ggggagcaga 60
tcacctgagg ttgggagttt gagaccagcc tggccaacat ggtgacaacc cgtctctgt 120
aaaaatacaa aaattagcca agcatggttg catgcacttg taatcccagc tactcgggag 180
gctgaggcag gagaatcact tgaggccagg aggcagaggt tgcagtgagg cagaggttga 240
gatcatgcca ctgcactcca gcctgggcaa cagagtaaga ctccatctca aaaaaaaaaa 300
aaaaaaaaaa tgatcagagc cacaataaca gaaaaacttg agtcaccgag cgatgaau 358

```

&lt;210&gt; 169

&lt;211&gt; 1265

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 169

ttctgtccac	accaatctta	gagctctgaa	agaatttgct	tttaaatact	ttttaatagt	60
aacatgtatt	ttatggacca	aattgacatt	ttcgactatt	ttttcccaaa	aaaagtcagg	120
tgaattttcag	cacactgagt	tgggaatttc	ttatcccaga	agwccggcacg	agcaatttca	180
tattttattta	agattgattc	catactccgt	tttcaaggag	aatccctgca	gtctccttaa	240
aggtagaaca	aatactttct	atTTTTTTTT	caccattgtg	ggattggact	ttaaagaggtg	300
actctaaaaa	aacagagaac	aaatatgtct	cagttgtatt	aagcacggac	ccatattatc	360
atattcactt	aaaaaaatga	tttctgtgtc	accttttggc	aacttctctt	ttcaatgtag	420
ggaaaaactt	agtcacccctg	aaaaccacaca	aaataaataa	aaattgtaga	tgtgggcaga	480
argtttgggg	gtggacattg	tatgtgttta	aattaaaacc	tgtatcactg	agaagctgtt	540
gtatgggtca	gagaaaatga	atgcttagaa	gctgttcaca	tcttcaagag	cagaagcaaa	600
ccacatgtct	cagctatatt	attatttatt	ttttatgpat	aaagtgaatc	atttcttctg	660
tattaatttc	caaaggggtt	taccctctat	ttaaatgctt	tgaaaaacag	tgcattgaça	720
atgggttgat	atTTTTCTTT	aaaagaaaaa	tataattatg	aaagccaaga	taatctgaag	780
cctgttttat	tttaaaactt	tttatgttct	gtggttgatg	ttgtttgttt	gtttgtttct	840
atTTTgttg	ttttttactt	tgTTTTTTgt	tttgtttgtt	tttggtttdg	catactacat	900
gcagtttctt	taaccaatgt	ctgtttggct	aatgtaatta	aagttgttaa	tttatatgag	960
tgcatttcaa	ctatgtcaat	ggtttcttaa	tatttattgt	gtagaagtac	tggtaatttt	1020
tttatttaca	atatgtttaa	agagataaca	gtttgatatg	ttttcatgtg	tttatagcag	1080
aagttattta	tttctatggc	attccagcgg	atattttggt	gtttgcgagg	catgcagtca	1140
atattttgta	cagtttagtg	acagtattca	gcaacgcctg	atagcttctt	tggccttatg	1200
ttaaataaaa	agacctgttt	gggatgtaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	1260
aaaaa						1265

&lt;210&gt; 170

&lt;211&gt; 383

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 170

tgtaagtcga	gcagtgtgat	gacgatattc	ttcttattaa	tgttgtaatt	gaacaaatga	60
tctgtgatac	tgatcctgag	ctaggaggcg	ctgttcagtt	aatgggactt	cttcgtactc	120
taattgatcc	agagaaatg	ctggctacaa	ctaataaac	cgaaaaaagt	gaattttctaa	180
atTTTTtcta	caaccattgt	atgcattgtt	tcacagcacc	acttttgacc	aatacttcag	240
aagacaaatg	tgaaaaggat	aatatagttg	gatcaaacaa	aaacaacaca	atttgtcccg	300
ataattatca	aacagcacag	ctacttgctt	taattttaga	gttactcaca	ttttgtgtgg	360
aacatcacac	tgctcgactt	aca				383

&lt;210&gt; 171

&lt;211&gt; 383

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 171

tgggcacctt	caatatcgca	agttaaaaat	aatgttgagt	ttattatact	tttgacctgt	60
ttagctcaac	agggtgaagg	catgtaaaga	atgtggactt	ctgaggaatt	ttcttttaaa	120
aagaacataa	tgaagtaaca	ttttaattac	tcaaggacta	cttttggttg	aagtttataa	180
tctagatacc	tctacttttt	gtttttgtgt	ttcgacagtt	cacaaagacc	ttcagcaatt	240
tacagggtaa	aatcgttgaa	gtagtggagg	tgaaactgaa	attttaaaatt	attctgtaaa	300
tactataggg	aaagaggctg	agcttagaat	cttttggttg	ttcatgtgtt	ctgtgctctt	360
atcatcacac	tgctcgactt	aca				383

<210> 172  
 <211> 699  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)... (699)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 172

```
tcgggtgatg cctcctcagg cttgtcggtta gtgtacacag agctgctcat gaagcgacag      60
cggctgcccc tggcacttca gaacctcttc ctctacactt ttggtgcgct tctgaatcta      120
ggtctgcatg ctggcgggcgg ctctggccca ggccctctgg aaagtctctc aggatgggca      180
gcactcgtgg tgctgagcca ggcactaaat ggactgctca tgtctgctgt catggagcat      240
ggcagcagca tcacacgcct ctttgtggtg tcctgctcgc ttgtggtcaa cgcctgctc      300
tcagcagtc tgcctacggct gcagctcaca gccgccttct tcctggccac attgctcatt      360
ggcctggcca tgcgcctgta ctatggcagc cgctagctcc tgacaacttc caccctgatt      420
ccggaccctg tagattgggc gccaccacca gatccccctc ccaggccttc ctccctctcc      480
catcagcggc cctgtaacaa gtgccttgtg agaaaagctg gagaagtga ggcagccagg      540
ttattctctg gaggttggtg gatgaagggg taccctagg agatgtgaag tgtggggttg      600
gttaaggaaa tgcttaccat cccccaccc caaccaagtt nttccagact aaagaattaa      660
ggtaacatca atacctaggc ctgaggaggc atcacccga                                699
```

<210> 173  
 <211> 701  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 173

```
tcgggtgatg cctcctcagg ccagatcaaa cttgggggtg aaaactgtgc aaagaaatca      60
atgtcggaga aagaattttg caaaagaaaa atgectaate agtactaatt taatagggtca      120
cattagcagt ggaagaagaa atgttgatat tttatgtcag ctattttata atcaccagag      180
tgcttagctt catgtaagcc atctcgtatt cattagaaat aagaacaatt ttattcgtcg      240
gaaagaactt ttcaatttat agcatcttaa ttgctcagga ttttaaattt tgataaagaa      300
agctccactt ttggcaggag tagggggcag ggagagagga ggctccatcc acaaggacag      360
agacaccagg gccagtaggg tagctgggtg ctggatcagt cacaacggac tgacttatgc      420
catgagaaga aacaacctcc aaatctcagt tgcttaatac aacacaagct catttcttgc      480
tcacgttaca tgcctatgt agatcaacag caggtgactc agggaccag getccatctc      540
catatgaget tccatagtca ccaggacacg ggctctgaaa gtgtcctcca tgcagggaca      600
catgcctctt cctttcattg ggcagagcaa gtacttatg gcoagaagtc eactgcagg      660
gcagtgccat cctgctgtat gcctgaggag gcacacccg a                                701
```

<210> 174  
 <211> 700  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)... (700)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 174

```
tcgggtgatg cctcctcagg cccctaaatc agagtcacag gtcagagcca caggagacag      60
```



```

ggaaagacat agattttaac eggeccccctt caggagattc tgaggctcag ttcactttgt 120
tgcagtttga acagaggcag caaggctagt ggttaggggc acggtctcta aagctgcact 180
gectggatct gectcccagc tctgccagga accagctgcg tggccttgag ctgctgacac 240
gcagaaagcc cectgtggac ccagtctcct cgtctgtaag atgagyacag gactctagga 300
accctttccc ttggtttggc ctcactttca caggctccca tcttgaactc tatctactct 360
tttctgaaa ccttgtaaaa gaaaaaagtg ctagcctggg caacatggca aaaccctgtc 420
tctacaaaaa atacaaaaat tagttgggtg tgggtggcatg tgctgtagt cccagccact 480
tgggaggtgc tgagggtggga ggatcacttg agcccgaggag gtggaggttg cagtgcagca 540
agatcatgcc actgcactcc agcctgagta atagagtaag actctgtctc aaaaacaaca 600
acaacaacag tgagtgtgcc tctgtttccg ggttggatgg ggcaccacat ttatgcatct 660
ctcagatttg gacgtgcag cctgaggagg catcaccoga 700

```

<210> 175

<211> 484

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1) ... (484)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 175

```

tatagggcga attgggcccg agttgcatgn tcccggccgc catggccgcg ggattcgggt 60
gatgcctcct caggcttgct tgccacaagc tacttctctg agctcagaaa gtgccccttg 120
atgagggaaa atgtcctact gcactgcgaa tttctcagtt ccattttacc tcccagtcct 180
ccttctaaac cagttaataa attcattcca caagtattta ctgattacct gcttgtgcca 240
gggactatct tcaggctgaa gaaggtggga ggggagggcg gaacctgagg agccacctga 300
gccagcttta tatttcaacc atggctggcc catctgagag catctcccca ctctcgccaa 360
cctatcgggg catagccag ggatgcccc aggcggccca ggtagatgc gtcccttttg 420
cttgtcagtg atgacataca ccttagctgc cttagctggtg ctggcctgag gaggcacac 480
ccga 484

```

<210> 176

<211> 432

<212> LNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 176

```

tcgggtgatg cctcctcagg gctcaaggya tgagaagtga cttctttctg gagggaccgt 60
tcatgccacc caggatgaaa atggataggg acccacttgg aggacttgct gatatgtttg 120
gacaaatgcc aggtagcgga attygtactg gtccaggagt tatccaggat agattttcac 180
ccaccatggg acgtcatcgt tcaaataaac tcttcaatgg ccatggggga cacatcatgc 240
ctccacaca atcgcagttt ggagagatgg gaggcaagtt tatgaaaagc caggggctaa 300
gccagctcta ccataaccag agtcaggagc tcttatccca gctgcaagga cagtgcgaagg 360
atatgccacc tcggttttct aagaaaggac agcttaatgc agatgagatt agcctgagga 420
ggcatcacc ga 432

```

<210> 177

<211> 788

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 177

```

tagcatgttg agcccagaca cagtagcatt tgtgcccaatt tctggttgga atggtgacaa 60

```

catgctggag	ccaagtgc	acatgccttg	gttcaagga	tggaaagtca	cccgtaaagga	120
tggcaatgcc	agtggaaacca	cgctgcttga	ggctctggac	tgcatectac	caccaactcg	180
cccaactgac	aagcccttgc	gcctgcctct	ccaggatgtc	tacaaaattg	gtggtattgg	240
tactgttcc	gttggccgag	tggagactgg	tgttctcaaa	cccggtatgg	tggtcacett	300
tgtccagtc	aacgttacaa	cggaagtaaa	atctgtcgaa	atgcaccatg	aagctttgag	360
tgaagctctt	cctggggaca	atgtgggctt	caatgtcaag	aatgtgtctg	tcaaggatgt	420
tctgtgtggc	aacgttgctg	gtgacagcaa	aaatgaccca	ccaatggaag	cagctggctt	480
cactgctcag	gtgattatcc	tgaaccatcc	aggccaaata	agtgcgggct	atgcccctgt	540
attggattgc	cacacggctc	acattgcatg	caagtttgc	gagctgaagg	aaaagattga	600
tgcgcgttct	ggtaaaaagc	tggaagatgg	ccctaaattc	ttgaagtctg	gtgatgctgc	660
cattgttgat	atggttctcg	gcaagcccat	gtgtgttgag	agcttctcag	actatccacc	720
tttgggtcgc	tttgcgttct	gtgatatgag	acagacagtt	gcggtgggtg	tctgggctca	780
acatgcta						788

&lt;210&gt; 178

&lt;211&gt; 786

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 178

tagcatgttg	agcccagaca	cctgtgtttc	tgggagctct	ggcagtgccg	gattcatagg	60
cacttgggct	gcactttgaa	tgacacactt	ggctttatta	gattcactag	tttttaaaaa	120
attgtttgtc	gtttcttttc	attaaagggt	taatcagaca	gatcagacag	cataattttg	180
tatttaata	cagaaacgtt	ggtacatttc	ttcatgaatg	agcttgcatt	ctgaagcaag	240
agcctacaaa	aggcacttgt	tataaatgaa	agttctggct	ctagaggcca	gtactctgga	300
gtttcagagc	agccagtgat	tgttccagtc	agtgatgoc	agttatatag	aggaggagta	360
cactgtgcac	tcttctaggt	gtaagggtat	gcaactttgg	atcttaaaat	tctgtacaca	420
tacacacttt	atatatatgt	atgtatgtat	gaaaacatga	aattagtttg	tcaaatatgt	480
gtgtgtttag	tatttttagc	tagtgcaact	atttccacat	tatttattaa	attgatctaa	540
gacactttct	tgttgacacc	ttgaatatta	atgttcaagg	gtgcaatgtg	tattccttta	600
gattgttaaa	gcttaattac	tatgatttgt	agtaaattaa	cttttaaaat	gtatttgagc	660
ccttctgtag	tgtcgtaggg	ctcttacagg	gtgggaaaga	ttttaatttt	ccagttgcta	720
attgaacagt	atggcctcat	tatatatttt	gatttatagg	agtttgtgtc	tgggctcaac	780
atgcta						786

&lt;210&gt; 179

&lt;211&gt; 796

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 179

tagcatgttg	agcccagaca	ctggttacaa	gaccagacct	gcttctcca	tatgtaaaca	60
gcttttaaaa	agccagtga	cctttttaat	actttggcaa	ccttctttca	caggcaaaga	120
acacccccat	ccgcccttg	tttgagtg	agagtttggc	tttggttctt	tgccttgct	180
ggagtatact	tctaattcct	gttgtcctgc	acaagctgaa	tacogagcta	cccaccgcca	240
cccaggccag	gtttccactc	atttattact	ttatgtttct	gttccattgc	tggtcacacag	300
aaataagttt	tcctttggag	gaatgtgatt	ataccctttt	aatttctctc	ttttgctttt	360
ttttaatatc	attggtatgt	gtttggccca	gaggaaactg	aaattcacca	tcattcttgac	420
tggcaatccc	attaccatgc	tttttttaaa	aaacgtaatt	tttcttgctt	tacattggca	480
gagtagccct	tcctggctac	tggcttaatg	tagtcaactca	gtttctaggt	ggcattaggc	540
atgagacctg	aagcacagac	tgtcttacca	caaaagggtga	caagatctca	aaccttagcc	600
aaagggtat	gtcaggtttc	aatgctatct	gcttctgttc	ctgctcactg	ttctggattt	660
tgtccttctt	cacccttagc	accagaattt	cccagttctc	ctccctacct	tccttgtttt	720
taattctaat	ctatcagcaa	aataactttt	caaagtgttt	aaccgggtatc	tccatgtgtc	780
tgggctcaac	atgcta					796

<210> 180  
 <211> 488  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 180

```

ggatgtgctg caaggcgatt aagttgggtg acgccagggt tttcccagtc acgacgttgt      60
aaaacgacgg ccagtgaatt gtaatacggc tcactatagg gccaattggg cccgacgtcg      120
catgctcccg gccgccatgg ccgcgggata gcatgttgag cccagacacc tgcaggtcac      180
ttggagagat ttttcacgtt accagcttga tgggtctttt caggaggaga gacactgagc      240
actcccaagg tgaggttgaa gatttcctct agatagccgg ataagaagac taggagggat      300
gcctagaaaa tgattagcat gcaaatctct acctgccatt tcagaactgt gtgtcagccc      360
acattcagct gttcttctgt aactgaaaag agagagggtat tgagactttt ctgatggccg      420
ctctaacatt gtaacacagt aatctgtgtg tgtgtgggtg tgtgtgtgtg tctgggctca      480
acatgcta

```

<210> 181  
 <211> 317  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 181

```

tagcatgttg agcccagaca cggcgacggg acctgatgag tgggggtgatg gcacctgtga      60
aaaggaggaa cgtcatcccc catgatattg gggaccacaga tgatgaacca tggtcccgcg      120
tcaatgcata tttaatccat gatactgctg atttgaagga cctgaacctg aagtttgtgc      180
tgcagggttta tcgggactat tacctcacgg gtgatcaaaa ctctctgaag gacatgtggc      240
ctgtgtgtct agtaagggat gcacatgcag tggccagtgt gccaggggta tggttgggtg      300
ctgggctcaa catgcta

```

<210> 182  
 <211> 507  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1) ... (507)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 182

```

tagcatgttg agcccagaca ctggctgtta gccaaatcct ctctcagctg ctccctgtgg      60
tttgggtgact caggattaca gaggcactct gtttcaggga acaaaaagat tttagctgcc      120
agcagagagc accacatata ttagaatggg aaggactgcc acctccttca agaacaggag      180
tgagggtggg ggtgaatggg aatggaagcc tgcattcctt gatgcatttg tgctctctca      240
aatcctgtct tagtcttagg aaaggaagta aagtttcaag gacggttccg aactgctttt      300
tgtgtctggg ctcaacatgc tatcccgagg ccattggcggc cgggagcatg cgacgtcggg      360
cccaattcgc cctatagtga gtcgtattac aattcactgg ccgtcgtttt acaacgtcgt      420
gactgggaaa acctggcgtt tacccaactt aatgccttg cagcacatcc ccctttccca      480
gctggcgtaa tanegaaaag gcccgca

```

<210> 183  
 <211> 227  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 183

gatttacgct	gcaacactgt	ggaggtagcc	ctggagcaag	gcaggcatgg	atgcttctgc	60
aatcccaaaa	tggagcctgg	tatttcagcc	aggaatctga	gcagagcccc	ctctaattgt	120
agcaatgata	agttattctc	tttgttcttc	aaccttccaa	tagccttgag	cttccagggg	180
agtgtcgta	atcattacag	cctgggtctcc	acagtgttgc	agcgtaa		227

&lt;210&gt; 184

&lt;211&gt; 225

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 184

ttacgctgca	acactgtgga	gcagattaac	atcagacttt	tctatcaaca	tgactggggt	60
tactaaaaag	acaacaaatc	aatggcttca	aaagtctaag	gaataatttc	gatacttcaa	120
ctttataaaa	cctgacaaaa	ctatcaatca	agcataaaga	cagatgaaga	acatttccag	180
attttgGCCA	atcagatatt	ttacctccac	agtgttgcag	cgtaa		225

&lt;210&gt; 185

&lt;211&gt; 597

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 185

ggcccgacgt	cgcattgtcc	cggccgccat	ggcccgggga	ttcgtaggg	tctctatcca	60
ctgggaccca	taggctagtc	agagtattta	gagttgagtt	cctttctgct	tcccagaatt	120
tgaaagaaaa	ggagttaggt	gatagagctg	agagatcaga	tttgctctg	aagcctgttc	180
aagatgtatg	tgctcagacc	ccaccactgg	ggcctgtggg	tgaggctctg	ggcatctatt	240
tgaatgaatt	gctgaagggg	agcactatgc	caaggaaggg	gaacccatcc	tggcactggc	300
acaggggtca	ccttatccag	tgctcagtgc	ttctttgctg	ctacctggtt	ttctctcata	360
tgtgaggggc	aggtaagaag	aagtgccrcg	tgttgtgcga	gttttagaac	atctaccagt	420
aagtggggaa	gtttcacaaa	gcagcagott	tgttttgtgt	attttcacct	tcagttagaa	480
gaggaaggct	gtgagatgaa	tgtagtttga	gtggaaaaga	cgggtaagct	tagtggatag	540
agaccctaac	gaatcactag	tgcggccgcc	ttgcaggctg	accatatggg	agagctc	597

&lt;210&gt; 186

&lt;211&gt; 597

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 186

ggcccgaaagt	tgcatgttcc	cggccgccat	ggcccgggga	ttcgtaggg	tctctatcca	60
ctacctaaaa	aatcccaaac	atataactga	actcctcaca	cccaattgga	ccaatccatc	120
acccagagg	cctacagatc	ctcctttgat	acataagaaa	atttcccaa	actacctaac	180
tatatcattt	tgcaagattt	gttttaccaa	attttgatgg	cctttctgag	cttgtcagtg	240
tgaaccacta	ttacgaacga	tcggatatta	actgcccctc	accgtccagg	tgtagctggc	300
aacatcaagt	gcagtaaata	ttcattaagt	tttcacctac	taagggtgctt	aaacacccta	360
gggtgccatg	tcggtagcag	atcttttgat	ttgtttttat	ttcccataag	ggctcctgttc	420
aaggctcaatc	atacatgtag	tgtgagcagc	tagtcactat	cgcattgactt	ggaggggtgat	480
aatagaggcc	tcctttgctg	ttaaagaact	cttgtcccag	cctgtcaaag	tggatagaga	540
ccctaacgaa	tcactagtgc	ggccgcctgc	aggtcgacca	tatgggagag	ctcccaa	597

&lt;210&gt; 187

&lt;211&gt; 324

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 187

tcgttagggg	ctctatccac	ttgcaggtaa	aatccaatcc	tgtgtatata	ttatagtott	60
ccatatgtag	tgggtcaaga	gactgcagtt	ccagaaagac	tagccgagcc	catccatgtc	120
ttccacttaa	ccctgctttg	ggttacacat	cttaactttt	ctgttcaagt	ttctctgtgt	180
agtttatagc	atgagtattg	ggawaatgcc	ctgaaacctg	acatgagatc	tgggaaacac	240
aaacttactc	aataagaatt	tctcccatat	ttttatgatg	gaaaaatttc	acatgcacag	300
aggagtggat	agagacccta	acga				324

&lt;210&gt; 188

&lt;211&gt; 178

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1) ... (178)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 188

gcgcggggg	atcggtgat	acctcctcat	gccaaaatac	aacgtntaat	ttcacaactt	60
gccttccaat	ttacgcattt	tcaatttgct	ctccccattt	gttgagtcac	aacaaacacc	120
attgcccaga	aacatgtatt	acctaacatg	cacatactct	taaaactact	catccctt	178

&lt;210&gt; 189

&lt;211&gt; 367

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 189

tgacaccttg	tccagcatct	gacacagtct	tggctcttgg	aaaatattgg	ataaatgaaa	60
atgaatttct	ttagcaagtg	gtataagctg	agaatatacg	tatcacatat	cctcattcta	120
agacacattc	agtgtccctg	aaattagaat	aggacttaca	ataagtgtgt	tcactttctc	180
aatagctgtt	attcaattga	tggtaggcct	taaaagtcaa	agaaatgaga	gggcatgtga	240
aaaaaagctc	aacatcactg	atcattagaa	aacttccatt	caaaccccca	atgagatacc	300
atctcatacc	agtcagaatg	gctattatta	aaaagtcaaa	aaataacaga	tgctggacaa	360
ggtgtca						367

&lt;210&gt; 190

&lt;211&gt; 369

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1) ... (369)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 190

gacaccttgt	ccagcatctg	acaacgctaa	cagcctgagg	agatctttat	ttattttattt	60
agtttttact	ctggctaggc	agatgggtggc	taaaacattc	atttaccat	ttattcattt	120
aattgttcc	gcaaggccta	tggatagagt	attgtccagc	actgctctgg	aagctaggag	180
catggggatg	aacaagatag	gctacatcct	gttcccacag	aacttccact	ttagtctggg	240
aaacagatga	tatatacaaa	tatataaatg	aattcaggta	gttttaagta	cgaaaagaat	300

aagaaagcag agtcatgatt tanaatgctg gaaacagggg ctattgcttg agatattgaa 360  
 ggtgcccaa 369

<210> 191  
 <211> 369  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 191  
 tgacaccttg tccagcatct gcacagggaa aagaaactat tatcagagtg aacagggaac 60  
 ctacagaatg ggagaaaatt tttgcaatct atccatctga caaagggcta atatccagaa 120  
 tctacaaaga acttatacaa atttacaaga aacaaacaaa caaacaactc ctcaaaaagt 180  
 ggggtgaagga tgtgaacaga caattctcaa aagaagacat ttatggggcc aacaaacata 240  
 tgaaaaaaag ctcacatca ctggctacta gataaatgca aatcaaaacc acaatgagat 300  
 accatctcat tccagttaga atggcaatca ttaaaaagtc aggaacaac agatgctgga 360  
 caaggtgtc 369

<210> 192  
 <211> 449  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 192  
 tgacgcttgg ccacttgaca dttcatcttt gcacagaaaa acttctttac agatttaatt 60  
 caagactggc ctagtgacag tctccagac attttttcat ttgttcata tacgtggaat 120  
 tttaaaatca tgtttcatca gtttgaaatg atttgggctg ctaatcaaca caattggatc 180  
 gactgttcta ctaacaaca ggaaaatgtg tatctggcag cctgtggaga aacactaaac 240  
 attgattttt ctttgccttt tacggacttt gttccagcta catgtaatac caagttctct 300  
 ttaagaggag aagatgttga tcttcatttg tttctaccag actgccacc tagtaaatat 360  
 tctttattta tgctggtaaa aaattgccat ccaaataaga tgattcatga tactggtatt 420  
 cctgctgagt gtcaagtggc caagcgtca 449

<210> 193  
 <211> 372  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 193  
 tgacgcttgg ccacttgaca ccagggatgt akcagttgaa tataatcctg caattgtaca 60  
 tattggcaat tcccatcaa acattctaga aagagacaac caggattgct aggccataaa 120  
 agctgcaata aataactggt aattgcagta atcatttcag gccattcaa tccagtttgg 180  
 ctacagagtg cctttggctg agagaagagg tgagatataa tgtgttttct tgcaacttct 240  
 tggaagaata actccacaat agtctgagga ctagatacaa acctatttgc cattaagca 300  
 ccagagtctg ttaattccag tactgataag tgttggagat tagactccag tgtgtcaagt 360  
 ggccaagcgt ca 372

<210> 194  
 <211> 309  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)... (309)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

tgacgcttg	ccacttgaca	cttatgtaga	atccatcg	ggctgatgca	agccctttat	60
ttaggcttag	tgttggtggc	accttcaata	tcacactaga	gacaaacgcc	acaagatctg	120
cagaaacatt	cagttctgan	cactcgaatg	gcaggataac	tttttgtgtt	gtaatccttc	180
acataataaa	aaacaaactc	tgcantctca	cgttacaaaa	aaacgtactg	ctgtaaaaata	240
ttaagaaggg	gtaaaggata	ccatctataa	caaagtaact	tacaactagt	gtcaagtggc	300
caagcgta						309

<213> Homo sapien

<223> n = A, T, C or G

tgacgcttgg	ccacttgaca	cccaatctcg	cacttcaccc	tcccagcacc	tgatgaagta	60
ggactgcaac	tatcccact	tcccagatga	ggggaccaan	gtacacatta	ggacccggat	120
gggagcacag	atttgtccga	tcccagactc	caagcactca	gcgtcactcc	aggacagcgg	180
ctttcagata	aggtcacaaa	catgaatggc	tccgacaacc	ggagtcagtc	cgtgctgagt	240
taaggcaatg	gtgacacgga	tgacagtgt	acctgtaatg	gttcacgtga	agtgtcaagt	300
ggccaagcgt	ca					312

<213> Homo sapien

tgtatcgacg	tagtggtctc	ctcagccatg	cagaactgtg	actcaattaa	acctctttcc	60
tttatgaatt	acccaatctc	gggtagtgtc	tttatagtag	tgtgagaatg	gactaataca	120
agtacatttt	acttagtaat	aataataaac	aaatatatta	cattttttgtg	tattttactac	180
accatatttt	ttattgttat	tgtagtgtac	accttctact	tattaaaaga	aataggcccg	240
agggcgggcag	atcacgaggt	caggagatgg	agaccactac	gtcgatac		288

<213> Homo sapien

ttgggcacct	tcaatatcat	gacaggtgat	gtgataacca	agaaggctac	taagtgatta	60
atgggtgggt	aatgtataca	gagtaggtac	actggacaga	ggggtaatc	atagccaagg	120
caggagagc	agaatggcaa	aacatttc	cacactactc	aggatagcat	gcagtttaa	180
acctataagt	agtttatttt	tgggaatttc	cacttaatat	tttcagactg	caggtaacta	240
aactgtggaa	cacaagaaca	tagataaggg	gagaccacta	cgtcgatac		289

<213> Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 198

gtatcgacgt	agtgggtctcc	caagcagtg	gaagaaaacg	tgaaccaatt	aaaatgtatc	60
agatacccca	aagaaaggcg	cttgagtaaa	gattccaagt	gggtcacaat	ctcagatctt	120
aaaattcagg	ctgtcaaaga	gatttgctat	gaggttgctc	tcaatgactt	caggcacagt	180
cggcaggaga	ttgaagccct	ggccattgtc	aagatgaagg	agctttgtgc	catgtatggc	240
aagaaagacc	ccaatgagcg	ggactcctgg	agaccactac	gtcgatac		288

&lt;210&gt; 199

&lt;211&gt; 1027

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(1027)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 199

gcttttttggg	aaaaacncaa	ntgggggaaa	gggggnttnn	tngcaagggg	ataaaggggg	60
aancccgagg	tttccccatt	cagggaggtg	caaaaagncg	gccaggggat	tgtaanagga	120
ttcaataata	gggggaatgg	gcccnagaag	tgcaaggttc	cngcccggca	tgncgcgygg	180
atttagtgac	attacgacgs	tggtataaaa	gtgggsccaa	waaatatattg	tgatgtgatt	240
tttagaccag	tgaaccatt	gwacaggacc	tcatttccty	tgagatgrta	gccataatca	300
gataaaagrt	tagaagtytt	tctgcacgtt	aacagcatca	ttaaatggag	tggtatcacc	360
aatttcaccc	tttgtagcc	gataccttcc	ccttgaaggc	attcaattaa	gtgaccaatc	420
gtcatacgag	aggggatggc	atggggattg	atgatgatat	caggggtgat	accttcacag	480
gtgaaaggca	tatectottg	tctatactga	ataccacaag	tacccttttg	accatgtcga	540
ctagcaaatt	tgtctccaat	ctgtgtwate	cctaacagag	cgtaccctta	ttttacaaa	600
tttatatcct	tctgtattga	gagttaccat	aacctgatcc	acaatgcccg	tctcgctwgt	660
tctgagaaaa	gtgtacaggt	ctctcttggt	atagcgtcta	ttggtgctct	ccaattcacc	720
ttcatttttc	aggcaaggtg	aactgttttg	cctataataa	cmtcatctcc	tgatacmcga	780
aacccckgga	retatcaaac	catcatcatc	cagcgttckt	watgtymcta	aatccctatt	840
gcggccgcct	gcaggtcaac	atatnggaaa	acccccacc	ccttnggagc	ntaccttgaa	900
ttttccatat	gtcccntaaa	ttancctngc	ttancctggc	cntaacctnt	tccggtttaa	960
attgtttccg	cccccttcc	ccncccttna	accggaaacc	ttaatttttna	accngggggt	1020
cctatcc						1027

&lt;210&gt; 200

&lt;211&gt; 207

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 200

agtgaacatta	cgacgctggc	catcttgaat	cctagggcat	gaagttgccc	caaagttcag	60
cacttggtta	agcctgatcc	ctctggttta	tcacaaagaa	taggatggga	taaagaaagt	120
ggacacttaa	ataagctata	aatttatatg	tccttgtcta	gcaggagaca	actgcacagg	180
tataactacca	gcgtcgtaat	gtcacta				207

&lt;210&gt; 201

&lt;211&gt; 209

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 201



tgggcacctt	caatatctat	taaaagcaca	aatactgaag	aacacaccaa	gactatcaat	60
gaggttacat	ctggagtcct	cgatatatca	ggaaaaaatg	aagtgaacat	tcacagagtt	120
ttacttcctt	gggaactcaa	atgctagaaa	agaaaagggt	gccctcttcc	tctggcttcc	180
tggtcctatc	cagcgtcgta	atgtcacta				209

&lt;210&gt; 202

&lt;211&gt; 349

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1) ... (349)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 202

ntacgctgca	acactgtgga	gccactgggt	tttattcccg	gcagggttatc	cagcaaacag	60
tcactgaaca	caccgaagac	cgtgggatgg	taaccgttca	cagtaatcgt	tcagtcgctc	120
tgcgggaccc	cgacgagcgt	cactgggtac	agaccagatt	cagccggaag	agaaagcgcc	180
gcaggagag	actcgaactc	cactccgctg	gtgagcagcc	ccatgttttc	aactcgaagt	240
tcaaacggca	ttgggttata	taccatcagc	tgaacttcac	acacatctcc	ttgaaccac	300
tggaaatcta	ttttcttggt	ccgctcttct	ccacagtgtt	gcagcgtaa		349

&lt;210&gt; 203

&lt;211&gt; 241

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 203

tgctcctctt	gccttaccaa	cccaaagccc	actgtgaaat	atgaagtga	tgacaaaatt	60
cagttttcaa	cgcaatatag	tatagtttat	ctgattcttt	tgatctccag	gacactttaa	120
acaactgcta	ccaccaccac	caacctaggg	atttaggatt	ctccacagac	cagaaattat	180
ttctcctttg	agtttcaggc	tcctctggga	ctcctgttca	tcaatgggtg	gtaaatggct	240
a						241

&lt;210&gt; 204

&lt;211&gt; 248

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 204

tagccattta	ccaccatct	gcaaaccswg	acmwwcargr	cywgwackya	ggcgatttga	60
agtactggta	atgctctgat	catgttagtt	acataagtg	ggtcagttta	caaaaattca	120
cagaactaaa	tactcaatgc	tatgtgttca	tgtctgtgtt	tatgtgtgtg	taatgtttca	180
attaagtttt	tttaaaaaaa	agagatgatt	tccaaataag	aaagccgtgt	tggttaaggca	240
agaggagc						248

&lt;210&gt; 205

&lt;211&gt; 505

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1) ... (505)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 205

tacgctgcaa	cactgtggag	ccattcatac	aggccctaa	ttaaggaaca	agtgattatg	60
ctacctttgc	acggttaggg	taccgcggcc	gttaacatg	tgtcactggg	caggcggtgc	120
ctctaatact	ggtgatgcta	gaggtgatgt	ttttggtaaa	caggcggggt	aagatttgcc	180
gagttccttt	tacttttttt	aacctttcct	tatgagcatg	cctgtgttgg	gttgacagtg	240
ggggtaataa	tgactgttg	gttgattgta	gatattgggc	tgtaattgt	cagttcagtg	300
ttttaatctg	acgcaggctt	atgcggagga	gaatgttttc	atgttactta	tactaacatt	360
agttcttcta	tagggtgata	gattgggtcca	attgggtgtg	aggagttcag	ttatatgttt	420
gggatttttt	aggtagtggg	tgttgancct	gaacgctttc	ttaattgggtg	gctgctttta	480
rgcctactat	gggtggtaaa	tggt				505

<210> 206

<211> 179

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 206

tagactgact	catgtccct	accaaagccc	atgtaaggag	ctgagttctt	aaagactgaa	60
gacagactat	tctctggaga	aaaataaaat	ggaaattgta	ctttaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaatc	120
ggccgggcat	ggtagcacac	acctgtaatc	ccagctacta	ggggacatga	gtcagtccta	179

<210> 207

<211> 176

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 207

agactgactc	atgtccccta	ccccaccttc	tgctgtgctg	ccgtgttctt	aacagggtcac	60
agactggtag	tggtcagtgg	cctgggggtt	ggggacctct	attatatggg	atacaaat	120
aggagttgga	attgacacga	tttagtgact	gatgggatat	gggtggtaaa	tggtcta	176

<210> 208

<211> 196

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 208

agactgactc	atgtccccta	tttaacaggg	tctctagtgc	tgtgaaaaaa	aaaaatgctg	60
aacattgcat	ataacttata	ttgtaagaaa	tactgtaaaa	tgactttatt	gcactctgggt	120
agctgtaagg	catgaaggat	gccaagaagt	ttaaggaata	tggttggtaa	atggctaggg	180
gacatgagtc	agtcta					196

<210> 209

<211> 345

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(345)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 209

gacgcttggc cacttgacac cttttatattt ttaaggatgc ttaagtcatt tangtnactt	60
tgtaagtttt tctgtgccc ccataagaat gatagcttta aaaattatgc tggggtagca	120
aagaagatac ttctagcttt agaatgtgta ggtatagcca ggattcttgt gaggaggggt	180
gatttagagc aaattttctta ttctccttgc ctcactgtga acatggggat aataatagaa	240
ctggcttgac aagggttgaa ttagtattac atggtaaata catgtaaaat gtttagaatg	300
gtgccaagta tctaggaagt acttgggcat ggggtgtaaa tggct	345

<210> 210

<211> 178

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 210

gacgcttggc cacttgacac tagagtaggg tttggccaac tttttctata aaggaccaga	60
gagtaaatat ttcaggcttt gtgggttgtg cagtctctct tgcaactact cagctctgcc	120
attgtagcat agaaatcagc catagacagg acagaaatga atgggtggta aatggcta	178

<210> 211

<211> 454

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 211

tgggcacett caatatctat ccagcgcac taaattoget tttttcttga ttaaaaattt	60
caccacttgc tggttttgc catgtatacc aagtagcagt ggtgtgaggc catgcttgtt	120
ttttgatctg atatcagcac cgtataagag cagtgtcttg gccattaatt tatcttcatt	180
gtagacagca tagttagag tgggtatctcc atactcatct ggaatatttg gatcagtgcc	240
atgttccagc aacattaacg cacattcatc ttcttggcat tgtacggcct ttgtcagagc	300
tgctctcttt ttgttgtaa ggacattaag ttgacatcgt ctgtccagca cgagttttac	360
tactttctgaa ttccattgg cagaggccag atgtagagca gtctctcttt gcttgtccct	420
cttgttcaca tcagtgtccc tgagcataac ggaa	454

<210> 212

<211> 337

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 212

tccgttatgc caccagaaa acctactgga gttacttatt aacatcaagg ctggaacctt	60
tttgccctcag tctatctga ttcagtagca catgggttatt actgatcgca ttgaaaacat	120
tgatcaactg ggtttcttta tttatcgact gtgtcatgac aaggaaactt acaaaactgca	180
acgcagagaa actattaaa gtattcagaa acgtgaagcc agcaattgtt tcgcaattcg	240
gcattttgaa aacaaatttg ccgtggaaac ttaattttgt tcttgaacag tcaagaaaaa	300
cattattgag gaaaattaat atcacagcat aacggaa	337

<210> 213

<211> 715

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1) ... (715)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 213

tcgggtgatg	cctcctcagg	catcttccat	ccatctcttc	aagattagct	gtcccaaagt	60
tttttccttc	tcttctttac	tgataaattt	ggactccttc	ttgacactga	tgacagcttt	120
agtatccttc	ttgtcacctt	gcagacttta	aacataaaaa	tactcattgg	ttttaaaagg	180
aaaaaagtat	acattagcac	tattaagctt	ggccttgaaa	cattttctat	cttttattaa	240
atgtcggtta	gctgaacaga	attcatttta	caatgcagag	tgagaaaaga	aggagagctat	300
atgcatttga	gaatgcaagc	attgtcaaat	aaacatttta	aatgctttct	taaagtgagc	360
acatacagaa	atacatthaag	atattagaaa	gtgtttttgc	ttgtgtacta	ctaattaggg	420
aagcaccttg	tatagttcct	cttctaaaaat	tgaagtagat	tttaaaaacc	catgtaattt	480
aattgagctc	tcagttcaga	ttttaggaga	attttaacag	ggatttggtt	ttgtctaaat	540
tttgtcaatt	tnnttagtta	atctgtataa	ttttataaat	gtcaaactgt	atttagtccg	600
ttttcatgct	gctatgaaag	aaatacccan	gacagggtta	tttataaang	gaaagangtt	660
aatttgactc	ccagttcaca	ggcctgagga	ngnatchccc	gaaatcctta	ttgcg	715

&lt;210&gt; 214

&lt;211&gt; 345

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(345)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 214

ggtaangngc	atacntcggg	gctccggccg	cgggagtcgg	gggattcggg	tgatgcctcc	60
tcaggccac	ttgggctgc	ttttcccaa	tggcagctcc	tctggacatg	ccattccttc	120
tcccacctgc	ctgattcttc	atatgttggg	tgtccctggt	tttctgggtg	tatttctctga	180
ctgctgttca	gctgccactg	tctgcaaag	cctgcctttt	taaatagcctc	accattcctt	240
catttgtttc	ttaaatatgg	gaagtgaag	tgccacctga	ggccggggcac	agtggctcac	300
gcctgtaate	ccagcacttt	gggagcctga	ggaggcatca	cccga		345

&lt;210&gt; 215

&lt;211&gt; 429

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 215

ggtgatgcct	cctcaggcga	agctcagga	ggacagaaac	ctcccgtgga	gcagaagggc	60
aaaagctcgc	ttgatcttga	ttttcagtag	gaatacagac	cgtgaaagcg	gggcctcacg	120
atcctttctga	ccttttgggt	tttaagcagg	aggtgtcaga	aaagttacca	cagggataac	180
tggcttgtgg	cggccaagcg	ttcatagcga	cgctgccttt	tgatccttcg	atgtcggctc	240
ttcctatcat	tgtgaagcag	aattcaccaa	gcgttggatt	gttcaccac	taatagggaa	300
cgtgagctgg	gtttagaccg	tcgtgagaca	ggttagtttt	accctactga	tgatgtgtkg	360
ttgccatggg	aatcctgctc	agtacgagag	gaaccgcagg	ttcasacatt	tggtgtatgt	420
gcttgctct						429

&lt;210&gt; 216

&lt;211&gt; 593

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(593)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 216

tgacacctat	gtcngcatc	tgttcacagt	tccacaaat	agccagcctt	tgccacctc	60
tctgtcctga	ggtatacaag	tatatcagga	ggtgtatacc	ttctcttctc	ttccccacca	120
aagagaacat	gcaggtctcg	gaagctgtct	taggagcctt	tggtctcaga	atttcagagt	180
cttgggtacc	ttggatgtgg	tctggaagga	gaaacattgg	ctctggataa	ggagtacagc	240
cggaggaggg	tcacagagcc	ctcagctcaa	gcccctgtgc	cttagtctaa	aagcagcttt	300
ggatgaggaa	gcaggttaag	taacatacgt	aagcgtacac	aggtagaaag	tgctgggagt	360
cagaattgca	cagtgtgtag	gagtagtacc	tcaatcaatg	agggcaaata	aactgaaaga	420
agaagaccna	ttaatgaatt	gcttanggga	aaggatcaag	gctatcatgg	agatctttct	480
aggaagatta	ttgtttanaa	ttatgaaagg	antagggcag	ggacagggcc	agaagtanaa	540
ganaacattg	cctatanccc	ttgtcttgca	cccagatgct	ggacaagggtg	tca	593

<210> 217

<211> 335

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 217

tgacaccttg	tccagcatct	gacgtgaaga	tgagcagctc	agaggagggtg	tcctggattt	60
cctggttctg	tggtctccgt	ggcaatgaat	tcttctgtga	agtggatgaa	gactacatcc	120
aggacaaatt	taatcttact	ggactcaatg	agcagggtccc	tcactatcga	caagctctag	180
acatgatctt	ggacctggag	cctgatgaag	aactggaaga	caaccccaac	cagagtgacc	240
tgattgagca	ggcagccgag	atgctttatg	gattgatcca	cgcccgctac	atccttacca	300
accgtggcat	cgccagatg	ctggacaagg	tgtca			335

<210> 218

<211> 248

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 218

tacgtactgg	tcttgaaggt	cttaggtaga	gaaaaaatgt	gaatatttaa	tcaaagacta	60
tgtatgaaat	gggactgtaa	gtacagaggg	aaggggtggc	cttatcgcca	gaagttggta	120
gatgcgtccc	cgtcatgaaa	tgttgtgtca	ctgcccagaca	tttgccgaat	tactgaaatt	180
ccgtagaatt	agtgcaaat	ctaactgtgt	tcactaaga	ttatggttcc	atgtttctag	240
tactttta						248

<210> 219

<211> 530

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1) ... (530)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 219

tgacgcttgg	ccacttgaca	caagtagggg	ataaggacaa	agacccatna	ggtggcctgt	60
cagccttttg	ttactgttgc	ttccctgtca	ccacggcccc	ctctgtaggg	gtgtgctgtg	120
ctctgtggac	attgggtgat	tttcacacat	accattctct	ttctgcttca	cagcagtcct	180
gaggcgggag	cacacaggac	taccttgtca	gatgangata	atgatgtctg	gccaaactcac	240
cccccaacct	tctcactagt	tatangaaga	gccangccta	naaccttcta	tcctgncccc	300

```

ttgccctatg acctcatccc tgttccatgc cctattctga tttctggtga actttggagc 360
agcctgggtt ntectectca ctccagctc tctccatacc atgggtanggg ggtgctgttc 420
cacncaaang gtcagggtgtg tctgggggaat cctnñanct gccnggagtt tccnangcat 480
tcttaaaaac cttcttgect aatcanatng tgtccagtgg ccaacntcn 530

```

&lt;210&gt; 220

&lt;211&gt; 531

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 220

```

tgacgcttgg ccacttgaca ctaaatagca ttttctaaag gcttgattca gagttgtgga 60
aaattctccc agtgtcaggg attgtcagga acagggtctc tctgtgtctc actttacctg 120
ctgtgtttct gctggaaaag gaggaagag gcatggctga tttttacctc atgtctccca 180
gtttttcata ttcttcttgg atctcttct ctgacaaatg ttcccttttg gtcttctct 240
tcttgctcag agagcaggtc tctttaaacc tgagaaggga gaatgagcaa atgattaaag 300
aaaacacact tctgaggccc agagatcaaa tattaggtaa atactaaacc gcttgccctg 360
tgtggtcact tttctctct tteacatgct ctatccctct atccccacc tattcatatg 420
gcttttatct gccaaagttat ccggcctctc atcaaccttc tcccctagcc tactggggga 480
tatccatctg ggtctgtctc tgggtgtattg gtgtcaagtg gccaaagctc a 531

```

&lt;210&gt; 221

&lt;211&gt; 530

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 221

```

attgacgctt ggccacttga caccgcctg cctgcaatac tggggcaagg gcttccactg 60
ctttctctgc accagctgcc actgcacaca gagatcagaa atgctaccaa ccaagaactgt 120
tggctctcag cctctctgag gaaaaagagc agaagcctgg aagtcagaag agaagctaga 180
tcggctacgg ccttggcagc cagcttcccc acctgtggca ataaagctgt gcatggctta 240
acaatggggg cacctctctg gaaacacatt gttaggcaat tcggcgtgtg ttcctcagag 300
catatttaca caaacctcga tagtgacgc taotatccac tahtgtctct acgtgcara 360
cctgaacagc atgggaactgt actgaatact ggaagcaact gctgatggtc cttatttctg 420
tatctaaaca cagagaaggt acagtaagaa tatggtatca taaacttaca gggaccgcca 480
tcttatatgc agtctgttgt gaccaaaatg tgtcaagtgg ccaagcgtca 530

```

&lt;210&gt; 222

&lt;211&gt; 578

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1) ... (578)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 222

```

tgtatcgacg tagtgggtctc cgggctacta ggccgttgtg tgctggtagt acctggttca 60
ctgaaaggcg catctccctc cccgcgtctc cctgaagcag ggggaggact tcgcccagcc 120
aaggcagttg tatgagtttt agctgaggca cttcgagacc tctgagccca cctccttcag 180
gagccttccc cgattaagga agccagggtg aggattcctt cctccccag acaccacgaa 240
caaaccacca cccccctat tctggcagcc catatacatc agaacgaaac aaaaataaca 300
aataaacnaa aacaaaaaaa aaaagagaag gggaaatgta tatgtctgtc catcctgttg 360
ctttagcctg tcagctccta nagggcaggg accgtgtctt ccgaatggtc tgtgcagcgc 420

```

cgactgcggg aagtatcgga ggaggaayca gagtcagcag aagttgaacg gtgggcccgg 480  
 cggctcttgg gggctggtgt tglacttoga gacgccttcc gctttttgtc ttagatttac 540  
 gtttgcttct tggagtggga naccactacu tcnatata 578

<210> 223

<211> 578

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 223

tgtatcgacg tagtgggtctc ctcttgcaaa ggactggctg gtgaatgggt tccctgaatt 60  
 atggacttac cctaaacata tcttttcacc attaccagtt gcaaaacatt agaattgtgt 120  
 gtcactgttt catttgattc ctagaagggt agtcttagat atgttacttt aacctgtatg 180  
 ctgtagtgtc ttgaatgat tttttgttg cctctttgtc tgccaacct gtcaattata 240  
 gctgcttagg tetggaactg cctggataaa gctgttaaaa tattcaccag tccagccatc 300  
 ttacaagcta attaatgcaa ctaaatgctt ccttggtttg ccagacttgt tatgtcaatc 360  
 ctcaattctc ggggttcatt tgggtgcctt aaatcttagg gtgtgacttt cctagcatcc 420  
 tgtaacatcc attcccaagc aagcacaact tcaataata cttccagaa gttcattgct 480  
 gaagccttcc cttcaccag cggagcaact tgattttcta caacttcctt catcagagcc 540  
 acaagagtat gggatatgga gaccactacg tccatata 578

<210> 224

<211> 345

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1) ... (345)

<223> n = A, T, C or G

<400> 224

tgtatcgacg tagtgggtctc ccaaggtgct gggattgcag gcattgagcca ccactcccag 60  
 gtggatcttt ttctttatac ttacttcata aggtttctgt tattcaagaa gtgtagtgggt 120  
 aaaagtcttt tcaatctaca tgyttaata atgatagcct gggaaataaa tagaaatttt 180  
 ttctttcacc ttttaggttga ataaaga agaaaaata gaacatactg aaaataatct 240  
 aagttccaac catagaagaa ctgcagaaga aatgaagaaa gtgatgatga tttagatttt 300  
 gatattgatt tagaagacac aggaggagac cactacgtcg ataca 345

<210> 225

<211> 347

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 225

tgtatcgacg tagtgggtctc caaactgagg tatgtgtgcc actagcacac aaagccttcc 60  
 aacagggacg caggcacagg cagtttaag ggaatctgtt totaaattaa ttccacctt 120  
 ctctaagtat tctttcctaa aactgatcaa ggtgtgaagc ctgtgctott tcccaactcc 180  
 cctttgacaa cagccttcaa ctaacacaag aaaaggcatg tctgacactc ttctgagtc 240  
 tgactctgat acgttggtct gatgtctaaa gagctccaga acaccaaggg gacaattcag 300  
 aatgctgggt tataacagac tccaatggag accactacgt cgataca 347

<210> 226

<211> 281

<212> DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1) ... (281)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 226

aggngnggga	ntgtatcgac	gtagtgggtct	cccaacagtc	tgtcattcag	tctgcagggtg	60
tcagtgtttt	ggacaatgag	gcaccattgt	caettattga	ctcctcagct	ctaaatgctg	120
aaattaaatc	ttgtcatgac	aagtctggaa	ttcctgatga	ggttttacaa	agtatttttg	180
atcaatactc	caacaaatca	gaaagccaga	aagaggatcc	tttcaatatt	gcagaaccac	240
gagtggattt	acacacctca	ggagaccact	acgtcgatac	a		281

&lt;210&gt; 227

&lt;211&gt; 3646

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 227

gggaaacact	tcctcccagc	cttghtaagg	ttggagccct	ctccagtata	tgctgcagaa	60
ttttttctctc	ggttttctcag	aggattatgg	agtcgcgcctt	aaaaaaggca	agctctggac	120
actctgcaaa	gtagaatggc	caaagttttg	agttgagtg	ccccctgaag	ggtcactgaa	180
cctcacaaatt	gttcaagctg	tgtggcgggt	tgttactgaa	actcccggcc	tcctgatca	240
gtttccctac	attgatcaat	ggctgagttt	ggtcaggagc	accccttcctg	tggtccact	300
catgcaccat	tcataatttt	acctccaagg	tcctcctgag	ccagaccgtg	ttttgcctc	360
gaccttcagc	cggttcggct	cgccctgtac	tgccctctctc	tgaagaagag	gagagtctcc	420
ctcaccacag	cccaccgct	taaaaccagc	ctactccctt	agggtcaccc	catgtctect	480
cggctatgtc	ccctgtaggc	tcatacccca	ttgcctcttg	gttgcaaccg	tggtgggagg	540
aagtagcccc	tctaactacca	ctgagagagg	cacaagtccc	tctgggtgat	gagtgtccca	600
cccccttct	ggtttatgtc	ccttctttct	acttctgact	tgtataattg	gaaaacccat	660
aatcctccct	tctctgaaaa	gccccaggct	ttgacctcac	tgatggagtc	tgtactctgg	720
acacattggc	ccacctggga	tgactgtcaa	cagctccctt	tgacctttt	cacctctgaa	780
gagagggaaa	gtatccaaag	agaggccaaa	aagtacaacc	tcacatcaac	caataggccg	840
gaggagggaag	ctagaggaat	agtgattaga	gacctcaatt	ggacctcaat	gggacccaaa	900
tttctcaagt	ggaggggagaa	cttttgacga	tttccaccgg	tatctctctg	tggttattca	960
gggagctgct	cagaaacctc	taaacttgct	taaggcgact	gaagtctgct	aggggcatga	1020
tgagtaccca	ggagtgtttt	tagagcacct	ccaggaggct	tatcagattt	acacctctt	1080
tgacctggca	gccccgaaa	atagccatgc	tcttaatttg	gcatttggtg	ctcaggcagc	1140
cccagatagt	aaaaggaaa	tccaaaaact	agagggtatt	tgctggaatg	aataccagtc	1200
agctttttaga	gatagcctaa	aagggttttg	acagtcaaga	ggttgaaaaa	caaaaacaag	1260
cagctcaggc	agctgaaaaa	agccactgat	aaagcatcct	ggagtatcag	agtttactgt	1320
tagatcagcc	tcatttgact	ttccctccca	catggtgttt	aaatccagct	acactacttc	1380
ctgactcaaa	ctccactatt	cctgttcctg	actgtcagga	actgttggaa	actactgaaa	1440
ctggccgacc	tgatcttcaa	aatgtgcccc	taggaaaggt	ggatgccacc	atgttcacag	1500
acagtagcag	cttctctgag	aagggaactac	gaaaggccgg	tgacgtgtgt	accatggaga	1560
cagatgtgtt	gtgggctcag	gctttaccag	caaacacctc	agcacaaaag	gctgaattga	1620
tcgccctcac	tcaggctctc	cgatggggta	aggatattaa	cgtaaacact	gacagcaggt	1680
acgcctttgc	tactgtgcat	gtacgtggag	ccatctacca	ggagcgtggg	ctactcacct	1740
cagcaggtgg	ctgtaatcca	ctgtaaagga	catcaaaaag	aaaacacggc	tggtgcccgt	1800
ggtaaccaga	aagctgattc	agcagctcaa	gatgcagtgt	gactttcagt	cacgcctcta	1860
aacttgctgc	ccacagtctc	ctttccacag	ccagatctgc	ctgacaatcc	cgcatactca	1920
acagaagaag	aaaactggcc	tcagaactca	gagccaataa	aaatcaggaa	ggttgggtgga	1980
ttcttctctga	ctctagaatc	ttcatacccc	gaactcttgg	gaaaacttta	atcagtcacc	2040
tacagtctac	cacctattta	ggaggagcaa	agctaacctca	gctcctccgg	agccgtttta	2100



agatccccca	tcttcaaagc	ctaacagatc	aagcagctct	ccggtgcaca	acctgcgccc	2160
aggtaaagtc	caaaaaaggt	cctaaaccca	gccaggcca	ccgtctcga	gaaaactcac	2220
caggagaaaa	gtgggaatt	gactttacag	aagtaaaacc	acaccgggt	gggtacaaat	2280
accttctagt	actggttagac	accttctctg	gatggactga	agcatttgct	acaaaaaacg	2340
aaactgtcaa	tatggtagtt	aagtttttac	tcaatgaaat	catccctcga	catgggctgc	2400
ctgtttgcca	tagggctcga	taatggaccg	gccttcgcct	tgtctatagt	ttagtcagtc	2460
agtaaggcgt	taaacattca	atggaagctc	cattgtgcct	atcgacccca	gagctctggg	2520
caagtagaac	gcatgaactg	caccctaata	aacactctta	caaaaattaat	cttagaaacc	2580
gggtgaaatt	gtgtaagtct	ccttccttta	gccctactta	gagtaagggt	cacccttac	2640
tgggctgggt	tcttaccttt	tgaatcatg	tatgggagg	tgctgcctat	cttgccctaa	2700
ctaagagatg	cccaattggc	aaaaatatca	caaactaatt	tattacagta	cctacagtct	2760
ccccacagg	tacaagatat	cactctgcca	cttgctcgag	gaacccatcc	caatccaatt	2820
cctgaacaga	cagggccttg	ccattcattc	ccgccagggt	acctgttggt	tgtaaaaaag	2880
ttccagagag	aaggactccc	tcctgcttgg	aagagacctc	acaccgtcat	cacgatgccca	2940
acggctctga	agggtggatg	cattcctgct	tggattcctc	actcccgcat	caaaaaggcc	3000
aacagagccc	aactagaaac	atgggtcccc	agggtgggt	caggccctt	aaaactgcac	3060
ctaagttggg	tgaagccatt	agattaattc	ttttctttaa	ttttgtaaaa	caatgcatag	3120
cttctgtcaa	acttatgtat	cttaagactc	aatataaccc	ccttggtata	actgaggaat	3180
caatgatttg	attcccccaa	aaacacaagt	ggggaatgta	gtgtccaacc	tggtttttac	3240
taacctgttt	tttagactct	ccctttcctt	taatcactca	gcttggttcc	acctgaattg	3300
actctccctt	agctaagagc	gccagatgga	ctccatcttg	gctctttcac	tggcagccgc	3360
ttcctcaagg	acttaacttg	tgcaagctga	ctcccagcac	atccaagaat	gcaattaact	3420
gataagatac	tgtggcaagc	tatatccgca	gttcccagga	attcgtccaa	ttgatcacag	3480
ccctctacc	cttcagcaac	caccaccttg	atcagtcagc	agccatcagc	accgaggcaa	3540
ggcctccac	cagcaaaaag	attctgactc	actgaagact	tggatgatca	ttagtatttt	3600
tagcagtaaa	gttttttttt	ctttttcttt	ctttttttct	cgtgcc		3646

<210> 228

<211> 419

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(419)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 228

taagagggtta	caagatctaa	gcacagccgt	caatgcagaa	cacagaacgt	agcctggtaa	60
gtgtgttaag	agtgggaatt	tttgagtag	agagtaaggc	acctaaccct	agctgggggtt	120
tggtgacggg	cccagatggc	ttacagaaga	aagtgtcctg	agatgagttt	ttaagaatga	180
ataaggatag	acacaagtga	ggactgactt	ggcagtgggt	aatgggtgggt	ggcaaaaaaac	240
ttcgcatgta	tggaaactgc	acgtacagga	atgaagaatg	agactgtgtg	gtgtttaatg	300
agctgcaaat	actaatttta	tcctgaaagt	tttgaagagt	taactaaaaa	gtatttttta	360
gtaaggaaat	aaccctacat	ttcagggtta	ttgtttgttt	anatattgaa	gggtgcccaa	419

<210> 229

<211> 148

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 229

aagagggtac	ctgtatgtag	ccatgggtggc	aatgagagac	tgattactac	ctgctggaga	60
ttgtttaagt	gagttaatat	attaaggata	aaggagacca	ggttttttga	ctgttggaga	120
aggaaattac	agatattgaa	ggtcccaa				148

<210> 230  
 <211> 257  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 230

taagagggtgta cmaaaaaaaaaaaa	aaaatagaac gaatgagtaa gacctactat ttgatagtag	60
aacagggtga ctatagtcas	tgataactta attatacatt taacatagag tgtaattgga	120
ttgtttgttaa ctcgaaggat	aaatgcttga gaggatggat accccattct ccatgatgta	180
cttatttcac attacatgcc	tgtatcsaag catctcatat accctataaa tatgtacacc	240
tactatgtac cctctta		257

<210> 231  
 <211> 260  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 231

taagagggtgta cgggtatttg	ctgatgggat ttttttttct ttctttttct ttggaaaaca	60
aaatgaaagc cagaacaaaa	ttattgaaca aaagacaggg actaaatctg gagaaatgaa	120
gtccctcac ctgactgcca	tttcattcta tctgaccttc cagtctaggt taggagaata	180
gggggtggag gggattaatc	tgatacaggt atattttaaag caactctgca tgtgtgccag	240
aagtccatgg taccctctta		260

<210> 232  
 <211> 596  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(596)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 232

tgctcctctt gccttaccaa	ccacaaatta gaaccataat gagatgtcac ctcatacctg	60
gtgggattaa cattatttaa	aaaatcagaa gtattgacaa ggatgtgaag aaatcagaac	120
atctgtgcac tgttggtggg	aatgtaaaaa aggtgtgycc actatgggtg acagcatgaa	180
ggttcctcaa aaaaaatttt	ttttaatcta ctctatgac gatcttgagg ttgtttatgc	240
aaaagaactg aaatcaggat	tttgaggaaa tattcacatt cccacatcca ttctcgcttt	300
attcataata ctcaagagat	ggauacaacc taaatgtcca tcccgggatg aatggataaa	360
cacagtgtgg tatatgcata	caatgyaata ttatttagtc tttaaaaaga aaaattctat	420
catatactac aacttanatn	aaccttgagg acacaatgct nagtgaaata agccacggaa	480
ggacgaatac tgcattattc	ccttatatga agtatctaaa gtgggtcaaac tcttanagca	540
naaagtaaaa atgggtgggt	gccanacagt tgggttaggcn agaaganaan cctant	596

<210> 233  
 <211> 96  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 233

tcttctgaag acctttcgcg	actcttaagc tctgtggttg taaggcaaga ggagcgttgg	60
taaggcaaga ggagcgttgg	taaggcaaga ggagca	96

<210> 234  
 <211> 313  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 234  
 tgtaagtcga gcagtgatgataaaaactt gaatggatca atagttgctt cttatggatg 60  
 agcaaagaaa gtatgtttctt gtatgggaat ctgtctctgg caaaaatgct gtgaacgttg 120  
 ttgaaaagac aacaaagagt ttatagtagt acataaattt agaatagtac ataaacttag 180  
 aatagtacat aaacttagta cataaataat gcacgaagca ggggcagggc ttgagagaat 240  
 tgacttcaat ttggaaagag tatctactgt aggttagatg ctctcaaaca gcacacact 300  
 gctcgactta caa 313

<210> 235  
 <211> 550  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 235  
 aacgaggaca gatccttaaa aagaatgttg agtgaaaaaa gtagaaaata agataatctc 60  
 caaagtccag tagcattatt taacatttt taaaaaatac actgataaaa attttgtaca 120  
 tttcccaaaa atacatatgg aagcacagca gcatgaatgc ctatgggrtt gaggataggg 180  
 gttgggagta gggatgggga taaaggggga aaataaaacc agagaggagt cttacacatt 240  
 tcatgaacca aggagtataa ttatttcaac tatttgtacc wgaagtccag aaagagtggg 300  
 ggcagaaggg ggagaagagg gcgaagaaac gtttttggga gaggggtccc asaagagaga 360  
 ttttcgcgat gtggcgctac atacgttttt ccaggatgcc ttaagctctg caccctattt 420  
 ttctcatcac taatattaga ttaaaccctt tgaagacagc gtctgtggtt tctctacttc 480  
 agctttccct ccgtgtcttg cacacagtag ctgttttaca agggttgaac tgactgaagt 540  
 gagattattc 550

<210> 236  
 <211> 325  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 236  
 tagactgact catgtccctt accagagtag ctagaattaa tagcacaagc ctctacaccn 60  
 aggaactcac tattgaatac ataatggaa tttattcagc cttaaaagt ttggaaggaa 120  
 attctgacat atgctaaaac atggatgaac cttgaagact ttatgataag taaaagaagc 180  
 cagtcataaa aggaaaaata ttgcatgatt ccacttatat gaggtaccta gagttagtcaa 240  
 tttcatagaa acacaaaata gaatgggtgt tgccagggct tttgaggaaa agggaatgac 300  
 aagttagggg acatgagtcg gtcta 325

<210> 237  
 <211> 373  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1) ... (373)  
 <223> n = A, T, C or G

<400> 237

```

tagactgact catgtccctt atctactcaa catttccact tgaagtctga taggcatctc      60
agacttatct tgtcccaaag caaactcttt atttcttttc atctagtctt ttatttcttg      120
tgctgtctta cccatctcaa aagagtgcc aatccacca agttgctgaa acagaaatct      180
aagaaatata cttgattctt ctttttccca tctacttcac ttctaattca ttagtaaata      240
atctgtttca gaaaaccaa cactcatgt tctactcat aagggggagt tgaacaatga      300
gaacacacag acacagggag gggaacatca cacaccagg cccgtcaggg agtangggag      360
atgagtcagt cta                                     373

```

&lt;210&gt; 238

&lt;211&gt; 492

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(492)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 238

```

tagactgact catgtccctt ataatgctcc caggcatcag aaagcatctc aaactggagc      60
tgacaccatg gcagagggtt caggtaagtc acaaaagggg tctaaagaa tttgccctca      120
atatcagagt gattagaaga agtggacaga gctaccaag ttaacatat gcgagataaa      180
aaaaatatgg cacttgtgaa cacacactac aggaggaaaa taagggaacat aatagcatat      240
tgtgtatta tgatgatgaa gaacctctct anaagaaaac ataaccaag aaacaaagaa      300
aattcctgcn aatgtttaat gctatagaag aaattaacaa aaacatatat tcaatgaatt      360
cagaaaagtt agcagggtcan aagaaaacaa atcaaagacc agaataatcc cattttagat      420
tgtcgagtaa actanaacag aaagaatacc actggaaatt gaattcctac gtangggaca      480
tgantcantc ta                                     492

```

&lt;210&gt; 239

&lt;211&gt; 482

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(482)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 239

```

tggaaagtat ttaatgatgg gcaacttgct gtttacttcc tacatatccc atcatcttct      60
gtattttttt aaataacttt tttttggatt tttaaagtaa ccttattctg agaggtaaca      120
tggattacat acttctaagc cattaggaga ctctatgtta aaccaaaaagg aaatgttact      180
agatcttcat ttgatcaata ggatgtgata atcatcatct ttctgcteta atggaaaagt      240
actanaaaca tggaaccata atcttagatg aacaacgtta gaatttgcac taattctacg      300
gaatttcagt aattcggtcaa atgtcgggca gtgacacaac atttcatgac ggggacgcac      360
ctaccaactt ctggcgataa gggccaccct tccctctgta cttacagtcc catttcatac      420
acagtctttg attaaatatt cacatttttt ctctacpcaa agaccttcaa gaccagtaag      480
ta                                     482

```

&lt;210&gt; 240

&lt;211&gt; 519

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(519)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 240

tgtatcgacg tagtgggtctc cccatgtgat agtctgaaat atagcctcat gggatgagag	60
gctgtgcccc agcccgacac ccgtaaaggg tctgtgctga ggtggattag taaaagagga	120
aagccttgca gttgagatag aggaagggca ctgtctctcg cctgcccctg ggaactgaat	180
gtctcggtat aaaaccgat tgtacatttg ttcaattctg agataggaga aaaaccaccc	240
tatggcggga ggcgagacat gttggcagca atgctgcctt gttatgcttt actccacaga	300
tgtttgggcg gagggaaaca taaatctggc ctacgtgcac atccaggcat agtacctccc	360
tttgaactta attatgacac agattccttt gctcacatgt ttttttgctg accttctcct	420
tattatcacc ctgctctcct accgcattcc ttgtgctgag ataatgaaaa taatatcaat	480
aaaaacttga nggaactcgg agaccactac gtcgataca	519

<210> 241  
 <211> 771  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(771)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 241

tgtatcgacg tagtgggtctc cactccccgc ttgacggggc tgctatctgc cttccaggcc	60
actgtcacgg ctccccggta gaagtcactt atgagacaca ccagtgtggc cttgttggct	120
tgaagctcct cagaggaggg tggaacaga gtgaccgagg gggcagcctt gggctgacct	180
aggacgggca gcttgggtccc tccgccaaac acgagagtgc tgctgcttgt atatgagctg	240
cagtaataat cagcctcgtc ctccagctgg agcccagaga tggtcaggga ggccgtgttg	300
ccanacttgg agccagagaa gcgattagaa acccctgagg gccgattacc gacctcataa	360
atcatgaatt tgggggcttt gectgggtgc tgttgggtacc angagacatt attataacca	420
ccaacgtcac tgctgggtcc antgcaggga aaatgggtga tcnaactgtc caagaaaacc	480
actacgtcca taccaatcca ctaattgccn gccgcctgca ggttcaacca tattggggaa	540
naactcccn ccgcgcttg ggattgncat naaccttga aattttttcc tattanttgt	600
ccccctaaaa taaacnttg ggcnttaate cattgggtcc atancttnt tncctgggtt	660
ttaaanttg tttatcccc cncctnattt ccccccaac tttccaaaac ccgaaacct	720
tnaaattnt tnaaacctg ggggggtccc nnaattnnan ttnaanctnc c	771

<210> 242  
 <211> 167  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 242

tgggcacctt caatatcggt ctcacgata acatcacgct gctgatgctg ctggtgctgg	60
tcctctctag gaacctctgg attttcaaatt tctttgagga attcatccaa attatctgcc	120
tctctcctt tctctctttt totaaggtct tctggtacaa gcggtca	167

<210> 243  
 <211> 338  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 243

ttggggcacct	tcaatatcta	ctgatctaaa	tagtgtgggt	tgaggcctct	tgttcctggc	60
taaaaatcct	tggcaagagt	caatctccac	tttacaatag	aggtaaaaat	cttacaatgg	120
atattcttga	caaagctagc	atagagacag	caattttaca	caagggtattt	ttcacctggt	180
taataacagt	ggtttttcta	cacccatagg	gtgccaccaa	gggaggagtg	cacagttgca	240
gaaacaaatt	aagatactga	agacaacact	acttaccatt	tcccgtatag	ctaaccacca	300
gttcaactgt	acatgtatgt	tcttatgggc	aatcaaga			338

&lt;210&gt; 244

&lt;211&gt; 346

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 244

tttttggctc	ccatacagca	cactctcatg	ggaaaatgtct	gttctaaggt	caaccataa	60
tgcaaaaatc	atcaatatac	ttgaagatcc	ccgtgtaagg	tacaatgtat	ttaatattat	120
cactgatata	attgatccaa	taccagtttt	agtctggcat	tgaatcaaat	cactgttttt	180
gttgataaaa	aagagaaata	tttagcttat	atttaagtac	catattgtaa	gaaaaaagat	240
gcttatcttt	acatgctaaa	atcatgatct	gtacattggg	gcagtgaata	ttactgtaaa	300
agggagaag	gaatgaagac	gagctaagga	tattgaaggt	gcccaa		346

&lt;210&gt; 245

&lt;211&gt; 521

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1) ... (521)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 245

accaatccca	cacggatact	gagggacaag	tatatcatcc	catttcatcc	ctacagcagc	60
aacttcatga	ggcaggagtt	attagtccca	ttttacagaa	gaggaaactg	agacttaggg	120
agatcaagta	atttgcccag	gtcgcacaat	tagtgataga	gccaggggctt	gaagcgcagct	180
ctgtcttaag	ccaatgacct	ctgcagatta	ttagagcaac	tggtctccac	aacagtgtaa	240
gcctcttgct	anaagctcag	gtccacaagg	gcagagattt	ttgtctggtt	tgctcattgc	300
tcttcccca	ttgcttagag	cagggctctgc	cacgaancag	gttctcaatg	catagttatt	360
aaatgtatat	aagagcaaac	atatgttaca	gagaactttc	tgtatgcttg	tcacttacat	420
gaatcacctg	tganatgggt	atgcttggtc	cccantgttg	cagatnaaga	tattgaangt	480
gcccaaatca	ctanttgagg	gcgcctgcan	gtccancata	t		521

&lt;210&gt; 246

&lt;211&gt; 482

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1) ... (482)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 246

tggaaccaat	ccaaataccc	atcaatgata	gactggataa	agaaaatttg	gcacatgttc	60
------------	------------	------------	------------	------------	------------	----

accatgaaat	actatgcagc	cataaaaaag	gatgagttca	tatcctttgc	agggacatgg	120
atgaagctgg	agaccatcat	tctcagcaaa	ctaacaaggg	aacagaaaac	caaacactgc	180
atgttctcac	tcttaagtgg	gagctgaaca	atgagaacac	atggacacag	ggaggggaac	240
atcacacagt	ggggcctgct	ggtgggtagg	ggtctagggg	agggatagca	ttaggagaaa	300
tacctaattg	agatgacggg	ttgatgggtg	cagcaaacca	ccatgacacg	tgtataccta	360
tgtaacaaac	ctgcatgttc	tgacatgta	ccccagaact	taaagtgtta	ataaaaaaat	420
taagaaaaaa	gttaagtatg	tcatagatac	ataaaatatt	gtanatattg	aaggtgcccc	480
aa						482

&lt;210&gt; 247

&lt;211&gt; 474

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(474)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 247

ttcgatacag	gcacagagta	agcagaaaaa	tggctgtggt	ttaaccaagt	gagtacagtt	60
aagttagaga	ggggcagaga	agacaagggc	atatgcaggg	ggtgattata	acaggtgggt	120
gtgctgggaa	gtgaggggtac	tcggggatga	ggaacagtga	aaaagtggca	aaaagtggta	180
agatcagtga	attgtacttc	tccagaattt	gatttctggn	ggagtcaa	aactatccag	240
tttgggtat	catanggcaa	cagttgaggt	ataggaggta	gaagtcncag	tgggataatt	300
gaggttatga	anggtttggt	actgactggt	actgacaang	tctgggttat	gaccatggga	360
atgaatgact	gtanaagcgt	anaggatgaa	actattccac	ganaaagggg	tcnnaaaact	420
aaaaannnaa	gnnnnngggg	aatattattt	atgtggatat	tgaangtgcc	caaa	474

&lt;210&gt; 248

&lt;211&gt; 355

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(355)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 248

ttcgatacag	gcaaacatga	actgcaggag	ggtggtgacg	atcatgatgt	tgccgatggt	60
ccggatggnc	acgaagacgc	actggancac	gtgcttacgt	ccttttgctc	tgttgatggc	120
cctgagggga	cgcaggaccc	ttatgacctt	cagaatcttc	acaacgggag	atggcactgg	180
attgantccc	antgacacca	gagacacccc	aaccaccagn	atatcantat	attgatgtag	240
ttcctgtaga	nggccccctt	gtggaggaaa	gtcccatnag	ttggtcatct	tcaacagyat	300
ctcaacagtt	tccgatggct	gtgatgggca	tagtcatant	taacntgtn	tcgaa	355

&lt;210&gt; 249

&lt;211&gt; 434

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 249

ttggattggt	cctccaggag	aacaagggga	aaaaggtgac	cgaggggtcc	ctggaactca	60
aggatctcca	ggagcaaaaag	gggatggggg	aattcctggt	cctgctggtc	ccttaggtcc	120

acctggctct	ccaggcttac	caggtcctca	aggcccaaag	ggtaacaaag	gctctactgg	180
acccgctggc	cagaaagggtg	acagtgggtct	tccagggcct	cctggggcctc	cagggtccacc	240
tggtgaagtc	attcagcctt	taccaatctt	gtcctccaaa	aaaacgagaa	gacatactga	300
aggcatgcaa	gcagatgcag	atgataatat	tcttgattac	tggatggaa	tggaagaaat	360
atttggttcc	ctcaattccc	tgaacaaga	catcgagcat	atgaaatttc	caatgggtac	420
tcagaccaat	ccaa					434

&lt;210&gt; 250

&lt;211&gt; 430

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(430)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 250

tggattggtc	acatggcaga	gacaggattc	caaggcagtg	agaggaggat	acaatgcttc	60
tcactagtta	ttattattta	ttttattttt	gagatgaagt	ctcgctttgt	ctcccaggct	120
ggagagcggg	ggtgcgatct	tggtctcttg	caacccccgc	ctcaagcaat	tctctgtct	180
tagcctcgcg	ggtagatgga	attacaggcg	cccacggcca	tgcccaacta	atttttttgt	240
gtcttcagta	gagacagggt	ttcgccatgt	tgggcaggct	ggtcttgaac	tcctgacctc	300
nagtgatctg	ccctcctcgg	cctcacaaag	tgctggaatt	acaggcatgg	gctgctgcac	360
ccagtcaact	tctcactagt	tatggcctta	tcattttcac	cacattctat	tggtccaaaa	420
aaaaaaaaan						430

&lt;210&gt; 251

&lt;211&gt; 329

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 251

tggtactcca	ccatyatggg	gtcaaccgcc	atcctcgccc	tcctcctggc	tggtctccaa	60
ggagtctgtg	ccgagggtgca	gctgrtgag	tctggagcag	aggtgaaaaa	gtccggggag	120
tctctgaaga	tctcctgtaa	gggttctgga	tacaccttta	agatctactg	gatcgccctg	180
gtgcgccagt	tgcccgaggaa	aggcctggag	tggtgggggc	tcattcttcc	tgatgactct	240
gataccagat	acagcccgtc	cttccaaggc	caggtcacca	tctcagtcga	taagtccatc	300
agcaccgect	atctgcagtg	gagtaccaa				329

&lt;210&gt; 252

&lt;211&gt; 536

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 252

tggtactcca	ctcagcccaa	ccttaattaa	gaattaagag	ggaacctatt	actattctcc	60
caggctcctc	tgctctaacc	aggcttctgg	gacagtatta	gaaaaggatg	tctcaacaag	120
tatgtagatc	ctgtactggc	ctaagaagtt	aaactgagaa	tagcataaat	cagaccaaac	180
ttaatggtcg	ttgagacttg	tgctcctggag	cagctgggat	aggaaaactt	ttgggcagca	240
agaggaagaa	ctgcctggaa	gggggcatca	tggttaaaaa	tacaagggga	acccacacca	300
ggcccccttc	ccagctctca	gcctagagta	ttagcatttc	tcagctagag	actcacaact	360
tcottgctta	gaatgtgcca	ccggggggag	tcctgtggg	tgatgaggct	ctcaagagtg	420
agagtggcat	cctatcttct	gtgtgcccac	aggagcctgg	cccagactt	agcaggtgaa	480
gtttctggtc	caggctttgc	ccttgactca	ctatgtgacc	tctggtggag	taccaa	536



<210> 253  
 <211> 507  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(507)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 253  
 ntgttgcatg cccagtaact cgggaagctg aggcgggagg atcacctgag ctcaggaggt 60  
 tgaggccgca gtgagccggg accacgccac tacactccag cctggggcat agagtgagac 120  
 cctccaagac agaaaagaaa agaaaggaag ggaaagggaa agggaaaagg aaaaggaaaa 180  
 ggaaaaggaa aaggaaaaga caagacaaaa caagacttga atttggtatc cctgacttca 240  
 attttatgtt ctttctacac cacaattcct ctgcttacta agatgataat ttagaaaccc 300  
 ctggttccat tctttacagc aagctggaag tttggtcaag taattacaat aatagtaaca 360  
 aatttgaata ttatatgcca ggtgttttct attcctgctc tcaacttaatt ctcaccactc 420  
 tgatataaat acaattgctg ccgggtgtgg tggctcatgc ctgtaatccc ggcactttgg 480  
 gagaccgagg tgggaggats gcaacaa 507

<210> 254  
 <211> 222  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(222)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 254  
 ttggattggc cactgtgagg aagccaaatc ggatccgaga gtctttttct aaaggccagt 60  
 actggccaca ctttctcctg cgccttccct caaagctgaa gacacacaga gcaaggcgct 120  
 tctgttttac tccccaatgg taactccaaa ccatagatgg ttagctnccc tgctcatctt 180  
 tccacatccc tgcatttcag tatagtcgg ggaccaatcc aa 222

<210> 255  
 <211> 463  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 255  
 tgttgcgac cataaatgct gaaatggaaa taaacaacat gatgaggag gattaagttg 60  
 gggagggagc acattaaggt ggccatgaag tttgttgga gaagtgactt ttgaacaagg 120  
 ccttggtgtt aagagctgat gagagtgtcc cagacagagg ggccactggt acaatagacg 180  
 agatgggaga gggcttgga ggtgtgcgaa ataggaagga gttgttctg gtatgagtct 240  
 agtgaacaca gaggcgagag gccctggtgg gtgcagctgg agagtattgc agaataacat 300  
 taggcctgt gggggactgt agactgtcag caataatcca cagtttggat ttattctaa 360  
 gagtgatggg aagccgtgga aaggggggta agcaaggagt gaaattatca gatttacagt 420  
 gataaaaata aattggtctg gctactgggg aaaaaaaaaaaa aaa 463

<210> 256  
 <211> 262

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 256

ttggattggt caacctgctc aactctacyt ttcctccttc ttcctaaaaa attaatgaat	60
ccaatacatt aatgccaaaa cccttggggt ttatcaatat ttctgtcaaa aagtattatc	120
cagaactgga cataatacta cataataata cataacaacc cttcatctg gatgcaaaca	180
tctattaata tagcttaaga tcactttcac ttacagaag caacatcctg ttgatgttat	240
tttgatgttt ggaccaatcc aa	262

&lt;210&gt; 257

&lt;211&gt; 461

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(461)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 257

gnngnnnnnnn nnncaattcg actengttcc cntggtance ggtcgacatg gccgcgggat	60
taccgcttgt mnetgggggt gtatggggga ctatgaccgc ttgtagctgg ggggtgtatgg	120
gggactatga ccgctttag mtggkgtgt atgggggact atgaccgctt gtcgggtggt	180
cggataaacc gacgcaaggg acgtgatcga agctgcgttc ccgctcttcc gcacggtag	240
ggatcatgga cagcaatata cgcattcgye tgaaggcgtt cgaccatcgc gtgctcgatc	300
aggcgaccgg cgacatcgcc gacaccgcac gccgtaccgg cgcgctcacc cgcgggccga	360
tcccgcttcc caccgcgcatc gagaagttca cgggtcaaccg tggcccgcac gtcgacaaga	420
agtcgcgcga gcagttcgag gtgcgtacct acaagcggtc a	461

&lt;210&gt; 258

&lt;211&gt; 332

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(332)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 258

tgaccgcttg tagctggggg tgtatggggg actacgaccg cttgttagctg ggggtgtatg	60
ggggactatg accgcttgta gctgggggtg tatgggggac tatgaccgct ttagctggg	120
ggtgtatggg ggactaggac cgcttgtagc tgggggtgtg tgggggacta tgaccgcttg	180
tagctggggg tgtatggggg actacgaccg cttgttagctg ggggtgtatg ggggactatg	240
accgcttgta nctgggggtg tatgggggac tatgaccgct tgtgctgctt gggggatggg	300
aggagagttg tgggtgggga aaaaaaaaaa aa	332

&lt;210&gt; 259

&lt;211&gt; 291

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

<222> (1) ... (291)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 259

taccgcttgt	gaccgcttgt	gaccgcttgt	gaccgcttgt	gaccgcttgt	gaccgcttgt	60
gaccgcttgt	gaccgcttgt	gaccgcttgt	gaccgcttgt	gaccgcttgt	gaccgcttgt	120
gaccgcttgt	gaccgcttgt	nacngggggt	gtctggggga	ctatgannga	ntgtactgg	180
gggtgtctgg	gggnctatga	nngantgtna	cnggggggtgt	ctgggggact	atganngact	240
gtgcnnccctg	ggggatcnga	ggagantngn	ggntagngat	ggttngggan	a	291

<210> 260

<211> 238

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 260

taagagggta	ctgggttaaaa	tacaggaat	ctggggtaat	gaggcagaga	accaggatac	60
tttgaggtca	gggatgaaaa	ctagaatttt	tttctttttt	tttgcttgag	aaacttgctg	120
ctctgaagag	gcccattgat	taattgcttt	gatcttcctt	ttcttacagc	cctttcaagg	180
gcagagccct	ccttatcctg	aagggaatctt	atccttagct	atagtatgta	ccctctta	238

<210> 261

<211> 746

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1) ... (746)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 261

ttgggcacct	tcaatatcaa	tagctaacat	ttattgagt	tttatcgat	cataaaacac	60
tggttctaagc	ctttaaacgt	actaattcat	ttaatgctca	taatcacttt	agaagggtggg	120
tactagtatt	agtctcattt	acagatgcaa	catgcaggca	cagagagggt	aattaacttg	180
cccaaggtaa	cacagctaag	aaatagaaaa	aatattgaat	ctggaaaagt	gggcttctgg	240
gtaaccacac	gagtcttcaa	tgagcctggg	gcctcactca	gtttgctttt	acaaagcgaa	300
tgagtaacat	cacttaattc	agtgagtagg	ccaaatggag	gtcagctacg	agtttctgct	360
gtttctgcag	tggaactgac	gatgtttaca	acgtctggcc	atcagtwaat	ggactgatta	420
tcattgggaw	gtgggtgggc	tgaatgttgg	ccagtgaagt	ttattcawgc	catattttta	480
tgtttaggat	gacttttggc	tggtcttagg	gcaagctctg	tctgscacgg	aacacagaat	540
wacacagggg	ccccctcaat	ttctgggtgtg	gctagaacca	tgaaccactg	gttgggggaa	600
caagcggtca	aaacctaaat	ggggcggct	ggcagggtcc	acccatatgg	ggaaaaactcc	660
cnacgcgttt	ggaatgcctn	agctngaatt	attctaanag	ttgtccnct	aaaattagcc	720
tgggcgttaa	tcangggctn	naagcc				746

<210> 262

<211> 588

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1) ... (588)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 262

tgaccgcttg	tcattctaca	tggggctctg	cacgcttttg	cctttgtagg	aaacctgaca	60
tttgtctgtt	tcttctttct	cttttcttct	ccatattctc	ctaatttacg	tttgacttgt	120
ttgctgagga	ggcaggagct	agagactgct	gtgagctcat	aggggtggga	agtttatcct	180
tcaagtcctg	cccactcatc	actgcttctc	accttccctc	gaccaggctt	acaagtgggt	240
tcttgctgct	tttccctttg	gacccaacaa	gccccgttaa	tgagtgtgca	tgactctgac	300
agctgtggac	tcagggtcct	tggctacagc	tgccatgtaa	aatatctcat	ccagttctcg	360
caaattgtta	aaataaccac	atttcttaga	ttccagtacc	caaatcatgt	ctttacgaac	420
tgctctcac	accagaagt	ggcacaataa	ttcttgggga	attattactt	tttttttct	480
ctctnttnc	gnnngnnng	gnnngnccag	gaattaccac	nttggaagac	ctggccngaa	540
tttattatan	aggggagccg	attnttttct	ctaacacaaa	gcgggtca		588

<210> 263

<211> 730

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1) ... (730)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 263

tttttttttt	tttggcctga	gcaactgaaa	ttatgaaatt	tcataact	caaaagagta	60
agactgcaaa	aagattaaat	gtaaaagttg	tcttgataac	agtaatgttt	aagataccta	120
ttanatttat	aaatggaaaa	ttagggcatt	tggatataca	agttgaaaat	tcaggagtga	180
ggttgggctg	gctgggtata	tactgaaaac	tgtagtaca	cagatgacat	ctaaaaccac	240
aaatctggtt	ttatttttagc	agtgatattg	gtcactccca	caaaagcctt	cccaattggc	300
ctcagcatac	acaacaagtc	acctccccac	agccctctac	acataaacia	attccttagt	360
ttagtccagg	aggaaatgct	cccttttctc	tccgctctag	gtgaccgcaa	ggcccagttc	420
tcgtcaccaa	gatgttaagg	gaagtctgcc	aaagaggcat	ctgaaaggaa	ataaggggaa	480
tgggagtgc	cacaaaggaa	agccaaggan	aaactttgga	gaccgtttct	aganccctgg	540
catttcacaa	caaaactcng	gaacaaacct	tgtctcatca	atcatttaag	cccttcgttt	600
ggannagact	ttctgaactg	ggcgctgaac	ataancctca	ttgaatgtct	tcacagtctc	660
ccagctgaag	gcacaccttg	ggccagaagg	ggaatcttcc	aggtctctca	nacagggtctc	720
gccctttgnc						730

<210> 264

<211> 715

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1) ... (715)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 264

tttttttttt	tttggccagt	atgatagtct	ctaccactat	attgaagctc	ttaggtcatt	60
tacaottaat	gtggttatag	atgctgttga	gcttacttct	accaccttgc	tatttctccc	120
gtctcttttt	tgttcctttt	ctcttctttt	cctcccttat	tttataattg	aatttttttag	180
gattctatct	tatatagatt	tatcagctat	aacactttgt	attcttttgt	tttgtgggtc	240
ttctgtcatt	tcaatgtgca	tcttaaactc	atcacatct	atcttcaa	aatatcatat	300
aaccttacat	ataatgtaag	aatctaccac	catatatttc	catttctccc	ttccatccta	360

tgtntgtcat attttttccct ttatatatgt tttaaagaca taatagtata tgggaggttt 420  
ttgcttaaaa tgtgatcaat attccttcaa ngaaacgtaa aaattcaaaa taaatntctg 480  
tttattctca aatnnaccta atatttccta ccatntctna tacntttcaa gaatctgaag 540  
gcattgggttt tttccggctt aagaacctcc tctaaagcac tctaagcaga attaagtctt 600  
ctgggagagg aattctccca agcttgggcc tthanntgta etccntnang gttaaanttt 660  
ggccgggaaa tagaaattcc aagttaacag gntanttttt nttttntn tncc 715

<210> 265

<211> 152

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 265

tttttttttt tttcccaaca caaagcacca ttatctttcc tcacaatttt caacatagtt 60  
tgattcccat gaagagggtta tgatttctaa agaaaacatg gctactatac tatcaatcag 120  
ggttaaattct tttttttttg agacggagtt ta 152

<210> 266

<211> 193

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)... (193)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 266

taaactccgt ccccttctta atcaatatgg aggetacca ctccacatta ccttcttttc 60  
aagggactgt ttcogtaact gttgtgggta ttcacgacca ggetttctaaa cctcttaaaa 120  
ctccccaatt ctggtgccaa cttggacaac atgctttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt 180  
gagacggagt tta 193

<210> 267

<211> 460

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 267

tggtgcgac ccttaagcat ggggtgctatt aaaaaaatgg tggagaagaa aatacctgga 60  
atttacgtct tatcttttaga gattgggaag accctgatgg aggacgtgga gaacagcttc 120  
ttcttgaaatg tcaattccca agtaacaaca gtgtgtcagg cacttgctaa ggatcctaaa 180  
ttgcagcaag gctacaatgc tatgggattc tcccaggag gccaatctct gagggcagtg 240  
gctcagagat gcccttcacc tcccatgac aatctgatct cggttggggg acaacatcaa 300  
gggtgtttttg gactccctcg atgcccagga gagagctctc acatctgtga cttcatccga 360  
aaaacactga atgctggggc gtactccaaa gttgttcagg aacgcctcgt gcaagccgaa 420  
tactggcatg acccataaaa ggaggatgtg gatcgcaaca 460

<210> 268

<211> 533

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1) ... (533)

&lt;223&gt; n = A, T, C or G

&lt;400&gt; 268

tgttgcgatc	cgttgataga	atagcgacgt	ggtaatgagt	gcatggcacg	cctccgactt	60
accttcgccc	gtggggaccc	cgagtacgtc	tacggcgctc	tcacttagag	taccctctgg	120
acgcccgggc	gcgttcgatt	taccggaagc	gcgagctgca	gtgggcttgc	gccccgggcc	180
aaattctttg	gggggtttaa	ggccgcgggg	aatttgaggt	atctctatca	gtatgtagcc	240
aagttggaac	agtcgccatt	cccgaaatcg	ctttctttga	atccgcaccg	cctccagcat	300
tgctcatte	atcaacctga	aggcacgcat	aagtgcgggt	tgtgtcttca	gcagctccac	360
tccataacta	gcgcgctega	cctcgtcttc	gtacgcgcca	ggtcgctgcg	tgcaaatcc	420
caactcgggt	gagttgcgca	tttcaagtn	cgaaactgtt	cgctccacn	atttggcatg	480
ttcacgcatg	acacggaata	aactcgtcca	gtaccgggaa	tgggatcgca	aca	533

&lt;210&gt; 269

&lt;211&gt; 50

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 269

tttttttttt	ttcgcctgaa	ttagctacag	atcctctca	caagcgggtca	50
------------	------------	------------	-----------	-------------	----

&lt;210&gt; 270

&lt;211&gt; 519

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 270

tgttgcgatc	caaataaccc	accagcttct	tgcacacttc	gcagaagcca	ccgtcctttg	60
gctgagtcac	gtgaacggtc	agtgaagca	gccgcgtgcc	agagcagagg	tgcagcatgc	120
tgcacaccag	ctcagggtcg	acctcctcca	gcaggatgga	caggatggag	ctgccgtacg	180
tgtccaccac	ctcctggcac	tcttcgaca	gggacttcgg	cagcttcgag	cacattttgt	240
caaaagcgtc	gagtatttct	ttctcagtc	tgttgttgc	aatcagcttg	gtcacctcct	300
tcaccaggaa	ttcacacacc	tcacagtaaa	catcagactt	tgcctgggacc	tcgtgcttct	360
taatgggctc	caccagttcc	agggcaggga	tgacattott	ggaggccact	ttggcgggga	420
ccagagtctg	catgggcac	tctttcacct	catcacagaa	cccaaccagc	gcacagatct	480
ccttgggttg	catgtgcac	atcatctggg	atcgcaaca			519

&lt;210&gt; 271

&lt;211&gt; 457

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 271

tttttttttt	ttcgggcggc	gaccggacgt	gcactcctcc	agtagcggct	gcacgtcgtg	60
ccaatggccc	gctatgagga	ggtgagcgtg	tccggcttcg	aggagtcca	ccgggcccgtg	120
gaacagcaca	atggcaagac	cattttcggc	tactttacgg	gttctaagga	cgcggggggg	180
aaaagctggg	gccccgactg	cgtgcaggct	gaaccagtcg	tacgagaggg	gctgaagcac	240
attagtgaag	gatgtgtgtt	catctactgc	caagtaggag	aagagcctta	ttggaaagat	300
ccaaataatg	acttcagaaa	aaacttgaaa	gtaacagcag	tgctacact	acttaagtat	360
ggaacacctc	aaaaactggg	agaatctgag	tgtcttcagg	ccaacctggg	ggaaatgttg	420
ttctctgaag	attaagattt	taggatggca	atcaaga			457

&lt;210&gt; 272

&lt;211&gt; 102

<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 272

tttttttttt	ttgggcaaca	acctgaatac	cttttcaagy	ctctggcttg	ggctcaagcc	60
cgcaggggaa	atgcaactgg	ccaggtcaca	gggcaatcaa	ga		102

<210> 273  
<211> 455  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(455)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 273

tttttttttt	ttggcaatca	acaggtttaa	gtcttcggcc	gaagttaatc	tcgtgttttt	60
ggcaatcaac	aggtttaagt	cttcggccga	agttaatctc	gtgttttttg	caatcaacag	120
gtttaagtct	tcggccgaag	ttaatctcgt	gtttttggca	atcaacaggt	ttaagtcttc	180
ggccgaagtt	aatctcgtgt	ttttggcaat	caacaggttt	aagtcttcgg	ccgaagttaa	240
tctcgtgttt	ttggcaatca	acaggtttaa	gtcttcggcc	gaagttaatc	tcgtgttttt	300
ggcaatcaag	aggtttaagt	cttcggccga	agttaatctc	gtgttttttg	caatcaacag	360
gtttaagtct	tcggccgaan	ttaatctcgt	gtttttggca	atcaacaggt	ttaantcttc	420
ggccgaagtt	aatctcgtgt	ttttggcaat	caana			455

<210> 274  
<211> 461  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 274

tttttttttt	ttggccaata	cccttgatga	acatcaatgt	gaaaatcctc	ggtaaaatac	60
tggcaaaacca	aatccagcag	cacatcaaaa	agcttatcca	ccatgatcaa	gtgggcttca	120
tccctgggat	gcaaggctgy	ttcaacataa	gaaaatcaat	aaatgtaatc	catcacataa	180
acagaaccaa	agacaaaaac	cacatgatta	tctcaataga	tgcagaaaag	gccttggaca	240
aattcaacag	cccttcatgc	taaacactct	taataaacta	gatattgatg	gaatgtatct	300
caaaataata	agagctatct	atgacaaacc	cacagccaat	atcatactga	atgggcaaag	360
actggaagca	ttccctttga	aaactggcac	aagacaagga	tgcctctctc	caccgctcct	420
attcaacata	gtattggaag	ttctggccag	ggcaatcaag	a		461

<210> 275  
<211> 729  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(729)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 275

tttttttttt	ttggccaaca	ccaagtcttc	cacgtgggag	gttttattat	gttttacaac	60
catgaaaaca	taggaaggty	gctgttacag	caaacatttc	agatagacga	atcgccaag	120

ctccccaaac	cccaccttca	cagcctcttc	cacacgtctc	ccanagattg	ttgtccttca	180
cttgcaaatt	canggatgtt	ggaagtngac	attnnagtn	gcnggaaccc	catcagttaa	240
ncantaagca	gaantacgat	gactttgana	nacanctgat	gaagaacacn	ctacnganaa	300
ccctttctnt	cgtgttanga	tctcnngtcc	ntcactaatg	cggeccccctg	cnggtccacc	360
atttgggaga	actccccccn	cgttggatcc	ccccttgagt	ntcccattct	ngtcccccan	420
accngncttg	ngngncantn	cnnctcnca	cctgttttcc	ctgnggtnaa	aatnngtttt	480
nccgcncccc	naattcccac	ccnaatcaca	gcgaancng	aaggecttcn	naagtgttta	540
angcccngng	gtttcctcnt	ntanttgacg	cctaccctcc	cnettnnnnt	tnogngttgg	600
tcggcccttg	gnncgcctn	gttcctcttt	nnggnnaca	cctngntcnn	nggcnctcn	660
nnctnttcc	tnnnactagc	tngcctntcc	ncnccnggn	ncanngcaca	ttncncnnac	720
tntgtnncc						729

&lt;210&gt; 276

&lt;211&gt; 339

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 276

tgacctgaca	tgtagtagat	acttaataaa	tatttgtgga	atgaatggat	gaagtggagt	60
tacagagaaa	aatagaaaag	tacaaattgt	tgctcagtgtt	ttgaaggaaa	attatgatct	120
ttcccaaagt	tctgacttca	ttctaagaca	gggttagtat	ctccatacat	aattttactt	180
gcttttgaaa	atcaaattag	ataatctatt	tagattgata	atttatttag	actggctata	240
aactattaag	tgctagcaaa	tatacatttt	aatctcattt	tccacctctt	gtgatatagc	300
tatgtagggtg	ttgactttaa	tggatgtcag	gtcaatccc			339

&lt;210&gt; 277

&lt;211&gt; 664

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1) ... (664)

&lt;223&gt; n = A, T, C or G

&lt;400&gt; 277

tgacctgaca	tccataacaa	aatctttctc	cattatatte	ttctagggga	atttcttgaa	60
aagcatccaa	aggaacaaa	tgatggtaag	accgtgccaa	gtggggagca	gacaccaaag	120
taagaccaca	gattttacat	tcaacaggta	gtcacagta	ctttgcccga	cactgtgggc	180
agaaatagcc	tcctaattga	agccctggct	cagtattgcc	atccaaatgc	gccatgctga	240
aagagggttt	tgcatcctgg	tcagatnaag	aagcaatggt	gtgctgagga	aatcccatac	300
gaataagtga	gcattcagaa	cttgagctag	caggaggagg	actaagatga	tgtgtgagca	360
actcttttga	atggctttca	tctaaaataa	catggtacgt	gccaccagtt	tcacgagcaa	420
gtacagtgea	aacycgaact	tctgcagaca	atccaataac	agatactcta	attttagctg	480
ccttttaggt	cttgattaaa	tcataaatat	tagatggatc	gcaagttgta	aggntgctaa	540
aagatgatta	gtacttctcg	acttgtatgt	ccaggcatgt	tgttttaaan	tctgccttag	600
nccctgetta	ggggaatttt	taaagaagat	ggctctccat	gttcanggtc	aatcacnaat	660
tgcc						664

&lt;210&gt; 278

&lt;211&gt; 452

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;



&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1) ... (452)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 278

tgacctgaca ttgaggaaga gcacacacct ctgaaattcc ttaggttcag aagggcattt	60
gacacagagt gggcctctga taattcatga aatgcattct gaagtcatcc agaatggagg	120
ctgcaatctg ctgtgctttg ggggttgect cactgtgctc ctggatatca cacaaaagct	180
gcaatccttc ttcttcaact aacattttgc agtattttgt gggattttta ctgcagacat	240
gatacatagc ccatagtgcc cagagctgaa cctctgggtg agagaagttg ccaaggagcg	300
ggaaaaatgt cttgaaagat ctatagggtca ccaatgctgt catcttataa cttgaacttg	360
gccaatctcg tatggttgca tgcagatctt ggagaagagt acgcctctgg aagtcacggg	420
atatccaaan ctgtctgtca gatgtcaggt ca	452

&lt;210&gt; 279

&lt;211&gt; 274

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 279

tttttttttt ttgggcaagg caaatttact tctgcaaaag ggtgctgctt gcacttttgg	60
ccactgagag agcacaccaa acaagtagg gaaggggttt ttatccctaa cgcggttatt	120
ccctggttct gtgtcgtgtc cccattggct ggagtcagac tgcacaatct aactgaccc	180
aactggctac tgtttaaat tgaatatgaa taattaggta ggaaggggga ggctgtttgt	240
tacggtacaa gacgtgtttg ggcattgtcag gtca	274

&lt;210&gt; 280

&lt;211&gt; 272

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 280

tacctgacat ggagaaataa cttgtagtat tttgcgtgca atggaatact atatgagggt	60
gaaaatgaat gaactagcaa tgcgtgtatc aacatgaata aatccccaaa acataataat	120
gttgaatgga aaaggtgagt ttcagaagga tatatatgcc ctctaaatcc atttatgtaa	180
acctttaaaa aactacatta tttatgggtca taagtccatc cagaaaatat ttaaaaacct	240
acatgggatt gataactact gatgtcaggt ca	272

&lt;210&gt; 281

&lt;211&gt; 431

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1) ... (431)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 281

tttttttttt ttggccaata gcatgattta aacattggaa aaagtcaa at gagcaatgcg	60
aatttttatg ttctcttgaa taatcaaaa agtaggcaac attggttctt cattcttgaa	120
tagcattaat cagaaaatat tgcatagcct ctagecctct tagagtaggt gtgctctctc	180
aaatatatca tagtcccaca gtttatttca tgtatatatt ctgcctgaat cacatagaca	240
tttgaatttg caacgcctga tgtaaatata taaattctta ccaatcagaa acatagcaag	300
aaattcaggg acttggtcat yatcagggtg tgacagcana tccctgtara aacactgata	360

cacactcaca cacgtatgca acgtggagat gtcgcyttww kkktywocwn rmrycrwecn 420  
aatcacttan n 431

<210> 282  
<211> 98  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 282  
attogattcg atgcttgage ccaggagttc aagactgcag tgagccactg cacttcagge 60  
tggacaacag agcgagtcce tgtgccaaaa aaaaaaaaa 98

<210> 283  
<211> 764  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)... (764)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 283  
tttttttttt ttgcgaagca cgtgcacttt attgaatgac actgtagaca ggtgtgtggg 60  
tataaactgc tgtatctagg ggcaggacca agggggcagg ggcaacagcc ccagcgtgca 120  
gggccascat tgcacagtgg astgcaaagg ttgcaggcta tgggcggcta ctavtaaccc 180  
cgttttttct gtattatctg taacataata tggtagactg tcacagagcc gaatwccart 240  
hacagatga atccaawggg caygaggatg ccasaaatca gggcccasat sttcaggcac 300  
ttggcgggtg gggcatasgc ctgkgecccg gtcacgtcsc caaccwtcty cctgtcccta 360  
cmcttgawtc cncnccttnn nntncctna tntgeccgce cncctctng ngteaaccng 420  
natctgcaat anctccctcn ccccttntgg antctctcc ttcaantaan attatccttn 480  
acneccccct cncctttccc ctncncncn tnaaccengn acncctatec ntentnccct 540  
cncntnctn cncatcgttc cncctntaa ctacncttn nacnancct cactnatncc 600  
ngnmanntct ttccttccct ccnaegcnn tgcgtgcycc cgtctngcct nnnctncgna 660  
cccnacttt atttaacttt ncacctagc nctctacttn acccancnc tctactctcc 720  
nggnccaccc nncctnate nctmctctn tcnctctnt cccc 764

<210> 284  
<211> 157  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 284  
caagtgtagg cacagtgatg aaagcctgga gcaaacacaa tctgtgggta attaacgttt 60  
atttctcccc ttccaggaac gtcttgcatg gatgatcaaa gatcagctc tggtaacat 120  
aaataagcta gttaagata cgttcccta cacttga 157

<210> 285  
<211> 150  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 285  
attogattgt actcagacaa caatatgcta agtggagaa gtcagtcaca aaagaccaca 60  
tactgtatga ctteatttac attaagtgtc cagaatagga aaatccgtag agacagaaag 120

tagatgagca gctgcctagg tctgagtaca

150

&lt;210&gt; 286

&lt;211&gt; 219

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 286

attcgatttt	tttttttttg	gccatgatga	aattcttact	ccctcagatt	ttttgtctgg	60
ataaatgcaa	gtctcaccac	cagatgtgaa	attacagtaa	actttgaagg	aatctcctga	120
gcaaccttgg	ttaggatcaa	tccaatatct	accatctggg	aagtcaggat	ggctgagttg	180
caggtcttta	caagttcggg	ctggattggg	ctgagtaca			219

&lt;210&gt; 287

&lt;211&gt; 196

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 287

attcgattct	tgaggctacc	aggagctagg	agaagaggca	tggaacaaat	tttccctcat	60
atccatactc	agaaggaacc	aacctgctg	acaccttaat	ttcagettct	ggcctctaga	120
actgtgagag	agtacatttc	tcttggttta	agccaagaga	atctgtcttt	tggtacttta	180
tatcatagcc	tcaaga					196

&lt;210&gt; 288

&lt;211&gt; 199

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 288

attcgatttc	agtcagtc	cagaacccac	attgtcaatt	actactctgt	araagattca	60
tttgttgaa	ttcattggc	aaaacattta	tgatccctta	atatatgcca	attaccatgc	120
taggtactga	agattcaagt	gaccgagatg	ctagcccttg	ggttcaagtg	atccctctcc	180
cagagtgcac	tggaactgaa					199

&lt;210&gt; 289

&lt;211&gt; 182

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 289

attcgattct	tgaggctaca	aacctgtaca	gtatgttact	ctactgaata	ctgtaggcaa	60
tagtaataca	gaagcaagta	tctgtatatg	taaacattaa	aaaggtaacg	tgaaacttca	120
gtattataat	cttagggacc	accattatat	atgtggtcca	tcattggcca	aaaaaaaaaa	180
aa						182

&lt;210&gt; 290

&lt;211&gt; 1646

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 290

ggcacgagga	gaaatgtaat	tccatatttt	atttgaaact	tattccatat	tttaattgga	60
tattgagtga	ttgggttatc	aaacacccac	aaactttaat	tttggttaaat	ttatatggct	120
ttgaaataga	agtataagtt	gctaccattt	tttgataaca	ttgaaagata	gtatttttacc	180

atctttaatc	atcttggaac	atacaagtc	tgtgaacaac	cactctttca	ccta	jca	240
tgaggccaaa	agtaaaggct	ttaaattata	acatatggga	ttcttagtag	tatgtttttt		300
tcttgaaact	cagtggctct	atctaaccct	actatctcct	cactctttct	ctaagactaa		360
actctaggct	cttaaaaaat	tgccacaccc	aactcttagaa	gctctgaaaa	gaatttgtct		420
ttaaatatct	tttaaatagta	acatgtattt	tatggaccaa	attgacattt	tcgactattt		480
tttccaaaaa	agtcagggtga	atttcagcac	actgagttgg	gaatttctta	tcccagaaga		540
ccaaccaatt	tcatatttat	ttagattga	ttccatactc	cgttttcaag	gagaatccct		600
gcagtctcct	taaaggtaga	acaaataact	tctatttttt	tttcaccatt	gtgggattgg		660
actttaagag	gtgactctaa	aaaaacagag	aacaaatatt	tctcagttgt	attaagcacg		720
gacccatatt	atcatattca	cttaaaaaaa	tgatttctct	tgacaccttt	ggcaacttct		780
cttttcaatg	taggggaaaa	cttagtcacc	ctgaaaaccc	acaaaataaa	taaaacttgt		840
agatgtgggc	agaagggttg	ggggtggaca	ttgtatgtgt	ttaaattaaa	ccctgtatca		900
ctgagaagct	gttgatggg	tcagagaaaa	tgaatgctta	gaagctgttc	acatcttcaa		960
gagcagaagc	aaaccacatg	tctcagctat	attattattt	attttttatg	cataaagtga		1020
atcatttctt	ctgtattaat	ttccaaaggg	ttttaccctc	tatttaaatg	ctttgaaaaa		1080
cagtgcattg	acaatgggtt	gatatttttt	tttaaaagaa	aaatataatt	atgaaagcca		1140
agataatctg	aagcctgttt	tattttaaaa	ctttttatgt	tctgtgggtg	atgttgtttg		1200
tttgtttgtt	tctattttgt	tgggtttttt	ctttgttttt	tgftttgttt	tgftttgttt		1260
kgcactactac	atgcagttct	ttaaaccaatg	tctgtttggc	taatgtaatt	aaagttgtta		1320
atttatatga	gtgcatttca	actatgtcaa	tgggtttotta	atattfattg	tgtagaagta		1380
ctggtaattt	ttttatttac	aatatgttta	aagagataac	agtttgatat	gttttcatgt		1440
gtttatagca	gaagttattt	atttctatgg	cattccagcg	gatattttgg	tgtttgcgag		1500
gcatgcagtc	aatattttgt	acagtttagtg	gacagtattc	agcaacgcct	gatagcttct		1560
ttggccttat	gttaataaaa	aagacctgtt	tgggatgtat	tttttatttt	taaaaaaaaa		1620
aaaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	aaaaaa					1646

&lt;210&gt; 291

&lt;211&gt; 1851

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 291

tcatacccat	tgccagcagc	ggcaccgtta	gtcaggtttt	ctgggaatcc	cacatgagta	60
cttccgtgtt	cttcattctt	cttcaatagc	cataaatctt	ctagctctgg	ctggctgttt	120
tcacttcctt	taagcctttg	tgactcttcc	tctgatgtca	gctttaagtc	ttgttctgga	180
ttgctgtttt	cagaagagat	ttttaacatc	tgtttttctt	tgtagtcaga	aagtaactgg	240
caaattacat	gatgatgact	agaaacagca	tactctctgg	ccgtctttcc	agatcttgag	300
aagatacatc	aacattttgc	tcaagtagag	ggctgactat	acttgcctgat	ccacaacata	360
cagcaagtat	gagagcagtt	cttccatate	tatccagcgc	atttaaattc	gctttttctt	420
tgattaaaaa	tttcaccact	tgctgttttt	gctcatgtat	accaagtagc	agtgggtgta	480
ggccatgctt	gttttttgat	tcgatatcag	caccgtataa	gagcagtgct	ttggccatta	540
atttatcttc	attgtagaca	gcatagtgta	gagtgggtatt	tccatactca	tctggaatat	600
ttggatcagt	gccatgttcc	agcaacatta	acgcacattc	atcttctctg	cattgtacgg	660
cctttgtcag	agctgtcttc	ttttgtttgt	caaggacatt	aagttgacat	cgtctgtcca	720
gcacgagttt	tactacttct	gaattcccat	tggcagaggc	cagatgtaga	gcagtcctct	780
tttgcctgtc	cctcttgttc	acatccgtgt	ccctgagcat	gacgatgaga	tcctttctgg	840
ggactttacc	ccaccaggca	gctctgtgga	gcttgtccag	atcttctcca	tggacgtggg	900
acctgggata	catgaaggcg	ctgtcatcgt	agtctcccca	agcgaccacg	ttgctcttgc	960
cgtcccccct	cagcagggga	agcagtgcca	gcaccacttg	cacctcttgc	tcccaagcgt	1020
cttcacagag	gagtcgttgt	ggctctccaga	agtgcaccag	ttgctcttgc	cgtctccctt	1080
gtccatccag	ggaggaagaa	atgcaggaaa	tgaaagatgc	atgcacgatg	gtatactcct	1140
cagccatcaa	acttctggac	agcaggtcac	ttccagcaag	gtggagaaag	ctgtccaccc	1200
acagaggatg	agatccagaa	accacaatat	ccattcacaa	acaaacactt	ttcagccaga	1260
cacaggtact	gaaatcatgt	catctgctgc	aacatgggtg	aacctaccca	atcacacatc	1320
aagagatgaa	gacactgcag	tatatctgca	caacgtaata	ctcttcatcc	ataacaaaat	1380

aatataattc	tcctctggag	ccatatggat	gaactatgaa	ggaagaactc	cccgaagaag	1440
ccagtcgcag	agaagccaca	ctgaagctct	gtcctcagcc	atcagcgcca	cggacaggar	1500
tgtgtttctt	ccccagtgat	gcagcctcaa	gttatcccga	agctgccgca	gcacacgggtg	1560
gctcctgaga	aacaccccag	ctcttcgggt	ctaacacagg	caagtcaata	aatgtgataa	1620
tcacataaac	agaattaaaa	gcaaagtcac	ataagcatct	caacagacac	agaaaaggca	1680
tttgacaaaa	tccagcatcc	ttgtatttat	tgttgcagtt	ctcagaggaa	atgcttctaa	1740
cttttcccca	tttagtatta	tgttggctgt	gggcttgtea	taggtgggtt	ttattacttt	1800
aaggtatgtc	ccttctatgc	ctgttttgct	gagggtttta	attctcgtgc	c	1851

<210> 292

<211> 1851

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 292

tcatacccat	tgccagcagc	ggcacggtta	gtcagggttt	ctgggaatcc	cacatgagta	60
cttcctgtgt	cttcattctt	cttcaatagc	cataaatctt	ctagctctgg	ctggctgttt	120
tcacttcctt	taagcctttg	tgactcttcc	tctgatgtca	gctttaagtc	ttgttctgga	180
ttgctgtttt	cagaagagat	ttttaacatc	tggttttctt	tgtagtcaga	aagtaactgg	240
caaattacat	gatgatgact	agaaacagca	tactctctgg	ccttcttccc	agatcttgag	300
aagatacatc	aacattttgc	tcaagtagag	ggctgactat	acttgctgat	ccacaacata	360
cagcaagtat	gagagcagtt	cttccatafc	tatccagcgc	atttaaattc	gcttttttct	420
tgattaaaaa	tttcaccact	tgctgttttt	gctcatgtat	accaagtagc	agtgggtgtga	480
ggccatgctt	gttttttgat	tcgatatcag	caccgtataa	gagcagtgct	ttggccatta	540
atttatcttc	attgtagaca	gcatagtgta	gagtgggtatt	tccatactca	tctggaatat	600
ttggatcagt	gccatgttcc	agcaacatta	acgcacatcc	atcttcctgg	cattgtacgg	660
cctttgtcag	agctgtcctc	tttttggtgt	caaggacatt	aagttgacat	cgtctgtcca	720
gcacgagttt	tactacttct	gaattcccat	tggcagaggc	cagatgtaga	gcagtcctct	780
tttgcttgte	cctcttggtc	acatccgtgt	ccttgagcat	gacgatgaga	tcctttctgg	840
ggactttacc	ccaccaggca	gctctgtgga	gcttgccag	atcttctcca	tggacgtgg	900
acctgggac	catgaaggcg	ctgtcatcgt	agtctcccca	agcgaccacg	ttgctcttgc	960
cgctcccctg	cagcagggga	agcagtgcca	gcaccacttg	cacctcttgc	tcccaagcgt	1020
cttcacagag	gagtcgttgt	ggtctccaga	agtgcacca	ttgctcttgc	cgctcccct	1080
gtccatccag	ggaggaagaa	atgcaggaaa	tgaaagatgc	atgcacgatg	gtatactcct	1140
cagccatcaa	acttctggac	agcaggtcac	ttccagcaag	gtggagaaa	ctgtccaccc	1200
acagaggatg	agatccagaa	accacaatat	ccattcacia	acaaacactt	ttcagccaga	1260
cacaggtact	gaaatcatgt	catctgcggc	aacatggtgg	aacctaccca	atcacacatc	1320
aagagatgaa	gacactgcag	tatatctgca	caacgtaata	ctcttcatcc	ataacaaaat	1380
aatataattt	tcctctggag	ccatatggat	gaactatgaa	ggaagaactc	cccgaagaag	1440
ccagtcgcag	agaagccaca	ctgaagctct	gtcctcagcc	atcagcgcca	cggacaggar	1500
tgtgtttctt	ccccagtgat	gcagcctcaa	gttatcccga	agctgccgca	gcacacgggtg	1560
gctcctgaga	aacaccccag	ctcttcgggt	ctaacacagg	caagtcaata	aatgtgataa	1620
tcacataaac	agaattaaaa	gcaaagtcac	ataagcatct	caacagacac	agaaaaggca	1680
tttgacaaaa	tccagcatcc	ttgtatttat	tgttgcagtt	ctcagaggaa	atgcttctaa	1740
cttttcccca	tttagtatta	tgttggctgt	gggcttgtea	taggtgggtt	ttattacttt	1800
aaggtatgtc	ccttctatgc	ctgttttgct	gagggtttta	attctcgtgc	c	1851

<210> 293

<211> 668

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 293

cttgagcttc	caaataayga	agactggccc	ttacacasgt	caatgttaaa	atgaatgcat	60
ttcagtattt	tgaagataaa	attrgtagat	ctataccttg	ttttttgatt	cgatatcagc	120

accrtataag	agcagtgett	tggccattaa	tttatctttc	atrttagaca	gcrtagtgya	180
gagtgggtatt	tcataactca	tctggaatat	ttggatcagt	gccatgttcc	agcaacatta	240
acgcacattc	atcttcctgg	cattgtacgg	cctgtcagta	ttagacccaa	aaacaaatta	300
catatcttag	gaattcaaaa	taacattcca	cagctttcac	caactagtta	tatttaaagg	360
agaaaaactca	tttttatgcc	atgtattgaa	atcaaaccca	cctcatgctg	atatagttgg	420
ctactgcata	cctttatcag	agctgtcctc	tttttggtgt	caaggacatt	aagttgacat	480
cgtctgtcca	gcaggagttt	tactacttct	gaattcccat	tggcagaggc	cagatgtaga	540
gcagtccat	gagagtgaga	agacttttta	ggaaattgta	gtgcactagc	tacagccata	600
gcaatgattc	atgtaactgc	aaacactgaa	tagcctgcta	ttactctgcc	ttcaaaaaaa	660
aaaaaaaa						668

&lt;210&gt; 294

&lt;211&gt; 1512

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 294

gggtcgccca	gggggsgcgt	gggctttcct	cggttgggtg	tgggttttcc	ctgggtgggg	60
tgggtctgggc	trgaatcccc	tgtctgggtt	ggcaggtttt	ggctgggatt	gacttttytc	120
ttcaaacaga	ttggaaaccc	ggagttacct	gctagtgggt	gaaactgggt	ggtagacgcg	180
atctgttggc	tactactggc	ttctcctggc	tgttaaaagc	agatgggtgg	tgaggttgat	240
tccatgcggg	ctgcttcttc	tgtgaagaag	ccatttggtc	tcaggagcaa	gatgggcaag	300
tgggtgctgc	gttgcttccc	ctgctgcagg	gagagcggca	agagcaacgt	gggcacttct	360
ggagaccacg	acgactctgc	tatgaagaca	ctcaggagca	agatgggcaa	gtgggtgccg	420
cactgcttcc	cctgctgcag	ggggagtggc	aagagcaacg	tgggcgcttc	tggagaccac	480
gacgagtctg	ctatgaagac	actnaggaa	aagtgggcca	agtgggtgct	ccactgcttc	540
ccctgctgca	gggggagcrg	caagagcaag	gtgggcgctt	ggggagacta	cgatgacagt	600
gccttcatgg	agcccaggtg	ccacgtccgt	ggagaagatc	tggacaagct	ccacagagct	660
gcctgggtggg	gtaaaagccc	cagaaaggat	ctcatcgtca	tgctcaggga	cactgacgtg	720
aacaagaagg	acaagcaaaa	gaggactgct	ctacatctgg	cctctgccaa	tgggaattca	780
gaagtagtaa	aactcstgct	ggacagacga	tgtcaactta	atgtccttga	caacaaaaag	840
aggacagctc	tgayaaaggc	cgtacaatgc	caggaagatg	aatgtgcgtt	aatgttgctg	900
gaacatggca	ctgatccaaa	tattccagat	gagtatggaa	ataccactct	rcactayget	960
rtctayaatg	aagataaatt	aatggccaaa	gcactgctct	tataygggtc	tgatatcgaa	1020
tcaaaaaaca	aggtatagat	ctactaattt	tatcttcaaa	atactgaaat	gcattcattt	1080
taacattgac	gtgtgtaagg	gccagtcttc	cgtatttggg	agctcaagca	taacttgaat	1140
gaaaatattt	tgaatgacc	taattatctm	agactttart	ttaaatatgt	ttattttcaa	1200
agaagcatta	gagggtacag	tttttttttt	ttaaatgcac	ttctggtaaa	tacttttggt	1260
gaaaacactg	aatttgtaaa	aggtaatact	tactattttt	caatttttcc	ctcctaggat	1320
ttttttcccc	taatgaatgt	aagatggcaa	aatttgccct	gaaatagggt	ttacatgaaa	1380
actccaagaa	aagttaaaca	tgtttcagtg	aatagagatc	ctgctccttt	ggcaagttcc	1440
taaaaaacag	taatagatac	gaggtgatgc	gcctgtcagt	ggcaagggtt	aagatatttc	1500
tgatctcgtg	cc					1512

&lt;210&gt; 295

&lt;211&gt; 1853

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 295

gggtcgccca	gggggsgcgt	gggctttcct	cggttgggtg	tgggttttcc	ctgggtgggg	60
tgggtctgggc	trgaatcccc	tgtctgggtt	ggcaggtttt	ggctgggatt	gacttttytc	120
ttcaaacaga	ttggaaaccc	ggagttacct	gctagtgggt	gaaactgggt	ggtagacgcg	180
atctgttggc	tactactggc	ttctcctggc	tgttaaaagc	agatgggtgg	tgaggttgat	240
tccatgcggg	ctgcttcttc	tgtgaagaag	ccatttggtc	tcaggagcaa	gatgggcaag	300

tggtgctgcc	gttgcttccc	ctgctgcagg	gagagcggca	agagcaacgt	gggcacttct	360
ggagaccacg	acgactctgc	tatgaagaca	ctcaggagca	agatgggcaa	gtgggtgccc	420
cactgcttcc	cctgctgcag	ggggagtggc	aagagcaacg	tgggcgcttc	tggagaccac	480
gacgaytctg	ctatgaagac	actcaggaac	aagatgggca	agtgggtgctg	ccactgcttc	
540ccctgctgca	gggggagcrg	caagagcaag	gtgggcgctt	ggggagacta	cgatgacagy	
600						
gccttcatgg	akcccaggta	ccadgtccrt	ggagaagatc	tggacaagct	ccacagagct	660
gcctgggtggg	gtaaagtccc	cagaaaggat	ctcatcgtea	tgctcagggg	cackgaygtg	720
aacaagargg	acaagcaaaa	gaggactgct	ctacatctgg	cctctgccaa	tgggaattca	780
gaagtagtaa	aactcstgct	ggacagacga	tgtcaactta	atgtccttga	caacaaaaag	840
aggacagctc	tgayaaaggc	cgtacaatgc	caggaagatg	aatgtgcgtt	aatgttgctg	900
gaacatggca	ctgatccaaa	tattccagat	gagtatggaa	ataccactct	rcactaygct	960
rtctayaatg	aagataaatt	aatggccaaa	gcactgctct	tataygggtg	tgatatcgaa	1020
tcaaaaaaca	agcatggcct	cacaccactg	ytacttggtr	tacatgagca	aaaacagcaa	1080
gtsgtgaaat	ttttaatyaa	gaaaaaagcg	aatttaaaat	gcrcctggata	gatatggaag	1140
ractgctctc	atacttgctg	tatgttgctg	atcagcaagt	atagtcagcc	ytctacttga	1200
gcaaaaatrtt	gatgtatctt	ctcaagatct	ggaaagacgg	ccagagagta	tgctgtttct	1260
agtcacatc	atgtaatttg	ccagttactt	ctgactaca	aagaaaaaca	gatgttaaaa	1320
atctcttctg	aaaacagcaa	tccagaacaa	gaactaaagc	tgacatcaga	ggaagagtca	1380
caaaggctta	aagggaagtga	aaacagccag	ccagaggcat	ggaaactttt	aaatttaaac	1440
ttttggttta	atgtttttrt	tttttgccct	aataatatta	yatagtccca	aatgaaatwa	1500
cctatgagac	taggctttga	gaatcaatag	attctttttt	taagaatctt	ttggctagga	1560
gcggtgtctc	acgcctgtaa	ttccagcacc	ttgagaggct	gaggtgggca	gatcacgaga	1620
tcaggagatc	gagactatcc	tggctaacc	ggtyaaaccc	catctctact	aaaaatacaa	1680
aaacttagct	gggtgtggtg	gggggtgcct	gtagtccag	ctactcagga	rgctgaggca	1740
ggagaatggc	atgaaccccg	gaggtggagg	ttgcagtgag	ccyagatccg	ccactacact	1800
ccagcctggg	tgacagagca	agactctgtc	tcaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	aaa	1853

&lt;210&gt; 296

&lt;211&gt; 2184

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 296

ggcacgagaa	ttaaaaccct	cagcaaaaaca	ggcatagaag	ggacatacct	taaagtaata	60
aaaaccacct	atgacaagcc	cacagccaac	ataatactaa	atgggggaaa	gttagaagca	120
tttctcttga	gaactgcac	aataaataca	aggatgctgg	attttgtcaa	atgccttttc	180
tgtgtctgtt	gagatgctta	tgtgaatttg	cttttaattc	tgtttatgtg	attatcacat	240
ttattgactt	gcctgtgtta	gaccggaaga	gctggggtgt	ttctcaggag	ccaccgtgtg	300
ctgcggcagc	ttcgggataa	cttgaggctg	catcactggg	gaagaaacac	aytccgtcc	360
gtggcgctga	tggctgagga	cagagcttca	gtgtggcttc	tctgcgactg	gcttcttcgg	420
ggagttcttc	cttcatagtt	catccatag	gctccagagg	aaaattatat	tattttgtta	480
tggatgaaga	gtattacgtt	gtgcagatat	actgcagtgt	cttcatctct	tgatgtgtga	540
ttgggtaggt	tccaccatgt	tgccgcagat	gacatgattt	cagtacctgt	gtctggctga	600
aaagtgtttg	tttgtgaatg	gatattgtgg	tttctggatc	tcactctctg	tggggtggaca	660
gctttctcca	ccttgcctga	agtacactgc	tgtccagaag	tttgatggct	gaggagtata	720
ccatcgtgca	tgcactcttc	atttccctga	tttcttcttc	cctggatgga	cagggggagc	780
ggcaagagca	acgtgggcac	ttctggagac	cacaacgact	cctctgtgaa	gacgcttggg	840
agcaagaggt	gcaagtgggtg	ctgccactgc	ttccctgct	gcagggggagc	ggcaagagca	900
acgtggtcgc	ttggggagac	tacgatgaca	gcgccttcat	ggatcccagg	taccacgtcc	960
atggagaaga	tccygacaag	ctccacagag	ctgcttggtg	gggtaaagtc	cccagaaagg	1020
atctcatcgt	catgctcagg	gacacggatg	tgaacaagag	ggacaagcaa	aagaggactg	1080
ctctacatct	ggcctctgcc	aatgggaatt	cagaagtagt	aaaactcgtg	ctggacagac	1140
gatgtcaact	taatgcctt	gacaacaaaa	agaggacagc	tctgacaaag	gccgtacaat	1200
gccaggaaga	tgaatgtycg	ttaatgttgc	tggaaacatgg	cactgatcca	aatattccag	1260

```

atgagtatgg aaataccact ctacactatg ctgtctacaa tgaagataaa ttaatggcca 1320
aagcactgct cttatcacggg gctgatatcg aatcaaaaaa caagcatggc ctcacaccac 1380
tgctacttgg tatacatgag caaaaacagc aagtgggtgaa atttttaatc aagaaaaaag 1440
cgaatttaaa tgcgctggat agatatggaa gaactgcfct catacttgct gtatgttgtg 1500
gatcagcaag tatagtcagc cctctacttg agcaaaatgt tgatgtatct tctcaagatc 1560
tggaagacg gccagagagt atgctgtttc tagtcatcat catgtaattt gccagttact 1620
ttctgactac aaagaaaaac agatgttaaa aatctcttct gaaaacagca atccagaaca 1680
agacttaaaag ctgacatcag aggaagagtc acaaaggctt aaaggaagtg aaaacagcca 1740
gccagaggca tggaaacttt taaatttaaa cttttgggtt aatgtttttt tttttgcct 1800
taataatatt agatagtccc aaatgaaatw acctatgaga ctaggctttg agaatcaata 1860
gattcttttt ttaagaatct tttggctagg agcgggtgtct caccgctgta attccagcac 1920
cttgagaggc tgaggtgggc agatcacgag atcaggagat cgagaccatc ctggctaaca 1980
cggtgaaacc ccattctctac taaaaataca aaaacttagc tgggtgtggg ggcgggtgcc 2040
tgtagtccca gctactcagg argctgaggc aggagaatgg catgaacccg ggaggtggag 2100
gttgcaagtga gccgagatcc gccactacac tccagcctgg gtgacagagc aagactctgt 2160
ctcaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaa 2184

```

&lt;210&gt; 297

&lt;211&gt; 1855

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(1855)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 297

```

tgcaacgcatc ggccagtgtc tgtgccacgt acactgacgc cccctgagat gtgcaacgccc 60
cacgcgcacg ttgcacgcgc ggcagcggct tggctggctt gtaacggctt gcacgcgcac 120
gccgcccccg cataaccgtc agactggcct gtaacggctt gcaggcgcac gccgcacgcg 180
cgtaacggct tggctgcect gtaacggctt gcacgtgcat gctgcacgcg cgttaacggc 240
ttggctggca tgtagcgcct tggcttggct ttgcattytt tgctkggctk ggcgttgkty 300
tcttggattg acgcttcttc cttggatkga cgtttcctcc ttggatkgaac gtttcytyty 360
tcgcgttctt ttgctggact tgacctttty tctgctgggt ttggcattcc tttgggggtgg 420
gctgggtgtt ttctccgggg gggkktgccc ttcttgggtt gggcgtgggk cgccccccagg 480
gggcgtgggc tttccccggg tgggtgtggg ttttcttggg gtgggggtggg ctgtgctggg 540
atccccctgc tgggggttggc agggattgac tttttcttc aaacagattg gaaacccgga 600
gtaacntgct agttgggtgaa actgggtggg agacgcgac tgctggtact actgtttctc 660
ctggctgtta aaagcagatg gtggtgagg ttgattcaat gccggctgct tcttctgtga 720
agaagccatt tggctctcagg agcaagatgg gcaagtgggt cgccactgct tcccctgctg 780
caggggggagc ggcaagagca acgtgggcac ttctggagac cacaacgact cctctgtgaa 840
gacgcttggg agcaagaggt gcaagtgggt ctgcccactg cttccccctgc tgcaggggag 900
cggcaagagc aacgtggkcg cttgggggaga ctacgatgac agcgccttca tggakcccag 960
gtaccacgtc crtggagaag atctggacaa gctccacaga gctgcctggg ggggtaaagt 1020
ccccagaaag gatctcatcg tcatgctcag ggacactgay gtgaacaaga rggacaagca 1080
aaagaggact gctctacatc tggcctctgc caatgggaat tcagaagtag taaaactcgt 1140
gctggacaga cgatgtcaac ttaatgtcct tgacaacaaa aagaggacag ctctgacaaa 1200
ggcgttaca tgcaggaag atgaatgtgc gttaatgttg ctggaacatg gactgatcc 1260
aaatattoca gatgagtatg gaaataccac tctacactat gctgtctaca atgaagataa 1320
attaatggcc aaagcactgc tcttatacgg tgctgatatc gaatcaaaaa acaagggtata 1380
gatctactaa ttttatcttc aaaatactga aatgcattca ttttaacatt gacgtgtgta 1440
agggccagtc ttccgtattt ggaagctcaa gcataacttg aatgaaaata ttttgaaatg 1500
acctaatat ctaagacttt attttaataa ttgttatttt caaagaagca ttagagggtta 1560
cagttttttt tttttaaatg cacttctggg aaatactttt gttgaaaaca ctgaatttgt 1620

```



```

aaaaggtaat acttactatt ttccaatttt tccctcctag gatttttttc ccctaataa 1680
tgtaagatgg caaaatttgc cctgaaatag gttttacatg aaaactccaa gaaaagttaa 1740
acatgtttca gtgaatagag atcctgctcc tttggcaagt tccataaaaa cagtaataga 1800
tacgaggtga tgcgcctgtc agtggcaagg ttttaagatat ttctgatctc gtgcc 1855

```

&lt;210&gt; 298

&lt;211&gt; 1059

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 298

```

gcaacgtggg cacttctgga gaccacaacg actcctctgt gaagacgctt gggagcaaga 60
gggtgcaagt gtgctgcccc ctgcttcccc tgctgcaggg gagcggcaag agcaacgtgg 120
gcgcttgrgg agactmcgat gacagygcct tcatggagcc caggtaccac gtccgtggag 180
aagatctgga caagctccac agagctgccc tgggtggggtta aagtccccag aaaggatctc 240
atcgtcatgc tcagggacac tgaygtgaac aagarggaca agcaaaagag gactgctcta 300
catctggcct ctgccaatgg gaattcagaa gtatgaaac tcstgctgga caaacgatgt 360
caacttaatg tecttgacaa caaaaagagg acagctctga yaaaggccgt acaatgccag 420
gaagatgaat gtgcgttaat gttgctggaa catggcactg atccaaatat tccagatgag 480
tatggaaata ccactctrca ctaygctrct tayaatgaag ataaattaat ggccaaagca 540
ctgctcttat ayygtgctga tatcgaatca aaaaacaagg tatagatcta ctaattttat 600
cttcaaaata ctgaaatgca ttcattttta cattgacgtg tgtaagggcc agtcttccgt 660
atgtggaagc tcaagcataa cttgaatgaa aatattttga aatgacctaa ttatctaaga 720
ctttatttta aatattgtta ttttcaaaga agcattagag ggtacagttt ttttttttta 780
aatgcacttc tggtaaatac ttttgttgaa aacactgaat ttgtaaaagg taatacttac 840
tatttttcaa tttttccctc ctaggatttt tttcccttaa tgaatgtaag atggcaaaat 900
ttgccctgaa ataggtttta catgaaaact ccaagaaaag ttaaacaatgt ttcastgaa 960
agagatcctg ctcttttggc aagttcctaa aaaacagtaa tagatacgag gtgatgcgcc 1020
tgtcagtggc aaggtttaag atatttttga tctcgtgcc 1059

```

&lt;210&gt; 299

&lt;211&gt; 329

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 299

```

Met Asp Ile Val Val Ser Gly Ser His Pro Leu Trp Val Asp Ser Phe
1          5          10          15
Leu His Leu Ala Gly Ser Asp Leu Leu Ser Arg Ser Leu Met Ala Glu
20          25          30
Glu Tyr Thr Ile Val His Ala Ser Phe Ile Ser Cys Ile Ser Ser Ser
35          40          45
Leu Asp Gly Gln Gly Glu Arg Gln Glu Gln Arg Gly His Phe Trp Arg
50          55          60
Pro Gln Arg Leu Leu Cys Glu Asp Ala Trp Glu Gln Glu Val Gln Val
65          70          75          80
Val Leu Pro Leu Leu Pro Leu Leu Gln Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val
85          90          95
Val Ala Trp Gly Asp Tyr Asp Asp Ser Ala Phe Met Asp Pro Arg Tyr
100         105         110
His Val His Gly Glu Asp Leu Asp Lys Leu His Arg Ala Ala Trp Trp
115         120         125
Gly Lys Val Pro Arg Lys Asp Leu Ile Val Met Leu Arg Asp Thr Asp
130         135         140
Val Asn Lys Arg Asp Lys Gln Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu His Leu Ala Ser

```

145                      150                      155                      160  
 Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser Glu Val Val Lys Leu Val Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys  
                                  165                      170                      175  
 Gln Leu Asn Val Leu Asp Asn Lys Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu Thr Lys Ala  
                                  180                      185                      190  
 Val Gln Cys Gln Glu Asp Glu Cys Ala Leu Met Leu Leu Glu His Gly  
                                  195                      200                      205  
 Thr Asp Pro Asn Ile Pro Asp Glu Tyr Gly Asn Thr Thr Leu His Tyr  
                                  210                      215                      220  
 Ala Val Tyr Asn Glu Asp Lys Leu Met Ala Lys Ala Leu Leu Leu Tyr  
 225                                   230                      235                      240  
 Gly Ala Asp Ile Glu Ser Lys Asn Lys His Gly Leu Thr Pro Leu Leu  
                                  245                      250                      255  
 Leu Gly Ile His Glu Gln Lys Gln Gln Val Val Lys Phe Leu Ile Lys  
                                  260                      265                      270  
 Lys Lys Ala Asn Leu Asn Ala Leu Asp Arg Tyr Gly Arg Thr Ala Leu  
                                  275                      280                      285  
 Ile Leu Ala Val Cys Cys Gly Ser Ala Ser Ile Val Ser Pro Leu Leu  
                                  290                      295                      300  
 Glu Gln Asn Val Asp Val Ser Ser Gln Asp Leu Glu Arg Arg Pro Glu  
 305                                   310                      315                      320  
 Ser Met Leu Phe Leu Val Ile Ile Met  
                                  325

&lt;210&gt; 300

&lt;211&gt; 148

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; VARIANT

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(148)

&lt;223&gt; Xaa = Any Amino Acid

&lt;400&gt; 300

Met Thr Xaa Pro Ser Trp Ser Pro Gly Thr Thr Ser Val Glu Lys Ile  
 1                                   5                                   10                                   15  
 Trp Thr Ser Ser Thr Glu Leu Pro Trp Trp Gly Lys Val Pro Arg Lys  
                                  20                                   25                                   30  
 Asp Leu Ile Val Met Leu Arg Asp Thr Asp Val Asn Lys Xaa Asp Lys  
                                  35                                   40                                   45  
 Gln Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu His Leu Ala Ser Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser Glu  
                                  50                                   55                                   60  
 Val Val Lys Leu Xaa Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys Gln Leu Asn Val Leu Asp  
 65                                   70                                   75                                   80  
 Asn Lys Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu Xaa Lys Ala Val Gln Cys Gln Glu Asp  
                                  85                                   90                                   95  
 Glu Cys Ala Leu Met Leu Leu Glu His Gly Thr Asp Pro Asn Ile Pro  
                                  100                                   105                                   110  
 Asp Glu Tyr Gly Asn Thr Thr Leu His Tyr Ala Xaa Tyr Asn Glu Asp  
                                  115                                   120                                   125  
 Lys Leu Met Ala Lys Ala Leu Leu Leu Tyr Gly Ala Asp Ile Glu Ser  
                                  130                                   135                                   140  
 Lys Asn Lys Val  
 145

<210> 301  
<211> 1155  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 301

atggtggttg	aggttgattc	catgccggct	gcctcttctg	tgaagaagcc	atttgggtctc	60
aggagcaaga	tgggcaagt	gtgctgccgt	tgcttccct	gctgcaggga	gagcggcaag	120
agcaacgtgg	gcacttctgg	agaccacgac	gactctgcta	tgaagacact	caggagcaag	180
atgggcaagt	ggtgccgcca	ctgcttcccc	tgctgcagg	ggagtggcaa	gagcaacgtg	240
ggcgcttctg	gagaccacga	cgactctgct	atgaagacac	tcaggaacaa	gatgggcaag	300
tggtgctgcc	actgcttccc	ctgctgcagg	gggagcggca	agagcaagg	ggcgcttgg	360
ggagactacg	atgacagtgc	cttcatggag	cccagggtacc	acgtccgtgg	agaagatctg	420
gacaagctcc	acagagctgc	ctggtgggg	aaagtcccca	gaaaggatct	catcgctcatg	480
ctcagggaca	ctgacgtgaa	caagaaggac	aagcaaaaaga	ggactgctct	acatctggcc	540
tctgccaatg	ggaattcaga	agtagtaaaa	ctcctgctgg	acagacgatg	tcaacttaat	600
gtccttgaca	acaaaaagag	gacagctctg	ataaaggccg	tacaatgcc	ggaagatgaa	660
tgtgcgttaa	tggtgctgga	acatggcact	gatccaaata	ttccagatga	gtatggaaat	720
accactctgc	actacgctat	ctataatgaa	gataaattaa	tggccaaagc	actgctctta	780
tatggtgctg	atatcgaatc	aaaaaacaag	catggcctca	caccactgtt	acttgggtgta	840
catgagcaaa	aacagcaagt	cgtgaaattt	ttaatcaaga	aaaaagcgaa	tttaaatgca	900
ctggatagat	atggaaggac	tgctctcata	cttgcgtgat	gttgtggatc	agcaagtata	960
gtcagccttc	tacttgagca	aaatattgat	gtatcttctc	aagatctatc	tggacagacg	1020
gccagagagt	atgctgtttc	tagtcatcat	catgtaattt	gccagttact	ttctgactac	1080
aaagaaaaac	agatgctaaa	aatctcttct	gaaaacagca	atccagaaaa	tgtctcaaga	1140
accagaaata	aataa					1155

<210> 302  
<211> 2000  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 302

atggtggttg	aggttgattc	catgccggct	gcctcttctg	tgaagaagcc	atttgggtctc	60
aggagcaaga	tgggcaagt	gtgctgccgt	tgcttccct	gctgcaggga	gagcggcaag	120
agcaacgtgg	gcacttctgg	agaccacgac	gactctgcta	tgaagacact	caggagcaag	180
atgggcaagt	ggtgccgcca	ctgcttcccc	tgctgcagg	ggagtggcaa	gagcaacgtg	240
ggcgcttctg	gagaccacga	cgactctgct	atgaagacac	tcaggaacaa	gatgggcaag	300
tggtgctgcc	actgcttccc	ctgctgcagg	gggagcggca	agagcaagg	ggcgcttgg	360
ggagactacg	atgacagtgc	cttcatggag	cccagggtacc	acgtccgtgg	agaagatctg	420
gacaagctcc	acagagctgc	ctggtgggg	aaagtcccca	gaaaggatct	catcgctcatg	480
ctcagggaca	ctgacgtgaa	caagaaggac	aagcaaaaaga	ggactgctct	acatctggcc	540
tctgccaatg	ggaattcaga	agtagtaaaa	ctcctgctgg	acagacgatg	tcaacttaat	600
gtccttgaca	acaaaaagag	gacagctctg	ataaaggccg	tacaatgcc	ggaagatgaa	660
tgtgcgttaa	tggtgctgga	acatggcact	gatccaaata	ttccagatga	gtatggaaat	720
accactctgc	actacgctat	ctataatgaa	gataaattaa	tggccaaagc	actgctctta	780
tatggtgctg	atatcgaatc	aaaaaacaag	catggcctca	caccactgtt	acttgggtgta	840
catgagcaaa	aacagcaagt	cgtgaaattt	ttaatcaaga	aaaaagcgaa	tttaaatgca	900
ctggatagat	atggaaggac	tgctctcata	cttgcgtgat	gttgtggatc	agcaagtata	960
gtcagccttc	tacttgagca	aaatattgat	gtatcttctc	aagatctatc	tggacagacg	1020
gccagagagt	atgctgtttc	tagtcatcat	catgtaattt	gccagttact	ttctgactac	1080
aaagaaaaac	agatgctaaa	aatctcttct	gaaaacagca	atccagaaca	agacttaag	1140
ctgacatcag	aggaagagtc	acaaagggtc	aaaggcagtg	aaaatagcca	gccagagaaa	1200
atgtctcaag	aaccagaaat	aaataaggat	ggtgatagag	aggttgaaga	agaaatgaag	1260

aagcatgaaa	gtaataatgt	gggattacta	gaaaacctga	ctaattggtgt	caactgctggc	1320
aatggtgata	atggattaat	tctcaaagg	aagagcagaa	cacctgaaaa	tcagcaattt	1380
cctgacaacg	aaagtgaaga	gtatcacaga	atttgogaat	tagtttctga	ctacaaagaa	1440
aaacagatgc	caaaatactc	ttctgaaaac	agcaaccag	aacaagactt	aaagctgaca	1500
tcagaggaag	agtcacaaag	gcttgagggc	agtgaanaatg	gccagccaga	gctagaaaat	1560
tttatggcta	tcgaagaaat	gaagaagcac	ggaagtactc	atgtcggatt	ccagaaaaac	1620
ctgactaatg	gtgccactgc	tggcaatggt	gatgatggat	taattcctcc	aaggaagagc	1680
agaacacctg	aaagccagca	atttctcgac	actgagaatg	aagagtatca	cagtgcagaa	1740
caaaatgata	ctcagaagca	attttgtgaa	gaaagagaac	ctggaatatt	acacgatgag	1800
attctgattc	atgaagaaaa	gcagatagaa	gtggttgaaa	aaatgaattc	tgagctttct	1860
cttagttgta	agaaagaaaa	agacatcttg	catgaaaata	gtacgttgcg	ggaagaaatt	1920
gccatgctaa	gactggagct	agacacaatg	aaacatcaga	gccagctaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	1980
aaaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa					2000

&lt;210&gt; 303

&lt;211&gt; 2040

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 303

atggtggttg	aggttgattc	catgccggct	gcctctctctg	tgaagaagcc	atgtggtctc	60
aggagcaaga	tgggcaagtg	gtgctgccgt	tgcttccct	gctgcagga	gagcggcaag	120
agcaacgtgg	geacttctgg	agaccacgac	gactctgcta	tgaagacact	caggagcaag	180
atgggcaagt	ggtgccgcca	ctgcttcccc	tgctgcaggg	ggagtggcaa	gagcaacgtg	240
ggcgcttctg	gagaccacga	cgactctgct	atgaagacac	tcaggaacaa	gatgggcaag	300
tggtgctgcc	actgcttccc	ctgctgcagg	gggagcggca	agagcaaggt	gggcgcttgg	360
ggagactacg	atgacagtgc	cttcattggg	cccaggtacc	acgtccgtgg	agaagatctg	420
gacaagctcc	acagagctgc	ctggtggggg	aaagtcccca	gaaaggatct	catcgctcatg	480
ctcagggaca	ctgacgtgaa	caagaaggag	aagcaaaaga	ggactgctct	acatctggcc	540
tctgccaatg	ggaattcaga	agtagtaaaa	ctctgctgg	acagacgatg	tcaacttaat	600
gtccttgaca	acaaaaagag	gacagctctg	ataaaggccg	tacaatgcca	ggaagatgaa	660
tgtgcgttaa	tgttgctgga	acatggcact	gatccaaata	ttccagatga	gtatggaaat	720
accactctgc	actacgctat	ctataatgaa	gataaattaa	tggccaaagc	actgctctta	780
tatggtgctg	atatcgaatc	aaaaaacaag	catggcctca	caccactggt	acttgggtgta	840
catgagcaaa	aacagcaagt	cgtgaaattt	ttatcaaga	aaaaagcgaa	tttaaatgca	900
ctggatagat	atggaaggac	tgctctcata	cttgctgtat	gttggtggatc	agcaagtata	960
gtcagccttc	tacttgagca	aaatattgat	gtatcttctc	agatctatc	tggacagacg	1020
gccagagagt	atgctgttct	tagtcatcat	catgtaattt	gccagttact	ttctgactac	1080
aaagaaaaac	agatgctaaa	aatctcttct	gaaaacagca	atccagaaca	agacttaaaag	1140
ctgacatcag	aggaagagtc	acaaagggtc	aaaggcagtg	aaaatagcca	gccagagaaa	1200
atgtctcaag	aaccagaaat	aaataaggat	ggtgatagag	aggttgaaga	agaaatgaag	1260
aagcatgaaa	gtaataatgt	gggattacta	gaaaacctga	ctaattggtgt	caactgctggc	1320
aatggtgata	atggattaat	tctcaaagg	aagagcagaa	cacctgaaaa	tcagcaattt	1380
cctgacaacg	aaagtgaaga	gtatcacaga	atttgogaat	tagtttctga	ctacaaagaa	1440
aaacagatgc	caaaatactc	ttctgaaaac	agcaaccag	aacaagactt	aaagctgaca	1500
tcagaggaag	agtcacaaag	gcttgagggc	agtgaanaatg	gccagccaga	gaaaagatct	1560
caagaaccag	aaataaataa	ggatgggtgat	agagagctag	aaaattttat	ggctatcgaa	1620
gaaatgaaga	agcacggaag	tactcatgtc	ggattccag	aaaacctgac	taatggtgcc	1680
actgctggca	atggtgatga	tggattaatt	cctccaagga	agagcagaac	acctgaaagc	1740
cagcaatttc	ctgacactga	gaatgaagag	tatcacagtg	acgaacaaaa	tgatactcag	1800
aagcaatttt	gtgaagaaca	gaacactgga	atattacacg	atgagattct	gattcatgaa	1860
gaaaagcaga	tagaagtggg	tgaanaaatg	aattctgagc	tttctcttag	ttgtaagaaa	1920
gaaaagaca	tcttgcatga	aaatagtacg	ttgcgggaag	aaattgccat	gctaagactg	1980
gagctagaca	caatgaaaca	tcagagccag	ctaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	2040

&lt;210&gt; 304

&lt;211&gt; 384

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 304

Met Val Val Glu Val Asp Ser Met Pro Ala Ala Ser Ser Val Lys Lys  
 1 5 10 15  
 Pro Phe Gly Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Cys Arg Cys Phe  
 20 25 30  
 Pro Cys Cys Arg Glu Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val Gly Thr Ser Gly Asp  
 35 40 45  
 His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp  
 50 55 60  
 Cys Arg His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val  
 65 70 75 80  
 Gly Ala Ser Gly Asp His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Asn  
 85 90 95  
 Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Cys His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser  
 100 105 110  
 Gly Lys Ser Lys Val Gly Ala Trp Gly Asp Tyr Asp Asp Ser Ala Phe  
 115 120 125  
 Met Glu Pro Arg Tyr His Val Arg Gly Glu Asp Leu Asp Lys Leu His  
 130 135 140  
 Arg Ala Ala Trp Trp Gly Lys Val Pro Arg Lys Asp Leu Ile Val Met  
 145 150 155 160  
 Leu Arg Asp Thr Asp Val Asn Lys Lys Asp Lys Gln Lys Arg Thr Ala  
 165 170 175  
 Leu His Leu Ala Ser Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser Glu Val Val Lys Leu Leu  
 180 185 190  
 Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys Gln Leu Asn Val Leu Asp Asn Lys Lys Arg Thr  
 195 200 205  
 Ala Leu Ile Lys Ala Val Gln Cys Gln Glu Asp Glu Cys Ala Leu Met  
 210 215 220  
 Leu Leu Glu His Gly Thr Asp Pro Asn Ile Pro Asp Glu Tyr Gly Asn  
 225 230 235 240  
 Thr Thr Leu His Tyr Ala Ile Tyr Asn Glu Asp Lys Leu Met Ala Lys  
 245 250 255  
 Ala Leu Leu Leu Tyr Gly Ala Asp Ile Glu Ser Lys Asn Lys His Gly  
 260 265 270  
 Leu Thr Pro Leu Leu Leu Gly Val His Glu Gln Lys Gln Gln Val Val  
 275 280 285  
 Lys Phe Leu Ile Lys Lys Lys Ala Asn Leu Asn Ala Leu Asp Arg Tyr  
 290 295 300  
 Gly Arg Thr Ala Leu Ile Leu Ala Val Cys Cys Gly Ser Ala Ser Ile  
 305 310 315 320  
 Val Ser Leu Leu Leu Glu Gln Asn Ile Asp Val Ser Ser Gln Asp Leu  
 325 330 335  
 Ser Gly Gln Thr Ala Arg Glu Tyr Ala Val Ser Ser His His His Val  
 340 345 350  
 Ile Cys Gln Leu Leu Ser Asp Tyr Lys Glu Lys Gln Met Leu Lys Ile  
 355 360 365  
 Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu Asn Val Ser Arg Thr Arg Asn Lys  
 370 375 380

<210> 305  
 <211> 656  
 <212> PRT  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 305

Met	Val	Val	Glu	Val	Asp	Ser	Met	Pro	Ala	Ala	Ser	Ser	Val	Lys	Lys
1				5					10					15	
Pro	Phe	Gly	Leu	Arg	Ser	Lys	Met	Gly	Lys	Trp	Cys	Cys	Arg	Cys	Phe
			20					25					30		
Pro	Cys	Cys	Arg	Glu	Ser	Gly	Lys	Ser	Asn	Val	Gly	Thr	Ser	Gly	Asp
		35					40					45			
His	Asp	Asp	Ser	Ala	Met	Lys	Thr	Leu	Arg	Ser	Lys	Met	Gly	Lys	Trp
	50					55					60				
Cys	Arg	His	Cys	Phe	Pro	Cys	Cys	Arg	Gly	Ser	Gly	Lys	Ser	Asn	Val
65					70				75					80	
Gly	Ala	Ser	Gly	Asp	His	Asp	Asp	Ser	Ala	Met	Lys	Thr	Leu	Arg	Asn
				85					90					95	
Lys	Met	Gly	Lys	Trp	Cys	Cys	His	Cys	Phe	Pro	Cys	Cys	Arg	Gly	Ser
			100					105					110		
Gly	Lys	Ser	Lys	Val	Gly	Ala	Trp	Gly	Asp	Tyr	Asp	Asp	Ser	Ala	Phe
		115					120					125			
Met	Glu	Pro	Arg	Tyr	His	Val	Arg	Gly	Glu	Asp	Leu	Asp	Lys	Leu	His
	130					135					140				
Arg	Ala	Ala	Trp	Trp	Gly	Lys	Val	Pro	Arg	Lys	Asp	Leu	Ile	Val	Met
145					150					155				160	
Leu	Arg	Asp	Thr	Asp	Val	Asn	Lys	Lys	Asp	Lys	Gln	Lys	Arg	Thr	Ala
				165					170					175	
Leu	His	Leu	Ala	Ser	Ala	Asn	Gly	Asn	Ser	Glu	Val	Val	Lys	Leu	Leu
		180					185						190		
Leu	Asp	Arg	Arg	Cys	Gln	Leu	Asn	Val	Leu	Asp	Asn	Lys	Lys	Arg	Thr
	195						200					205			
Ala	Leu	Ile	Lys	Ala	Val	Gln	Cys	Gln	Glu	Asp	Glu	Cys	Ala	Leu	Met
	210					215					220				
Leu	Leu	Glu	His	Gly	Thr	Asp	Pro	Asn	Ile	Pro	Asp	Glu	Tyr	Gly	Asn
225					230						235			240	
Thr	Thr	Leu	His	Tyr	Ala	Ile	Tyr	Asn	Glu	Asp	Lys	Leu	Met	Ala	Lys
				245					250					255	
Ala	Leu	Leu	Leu	Tyr	Gly	Ala	Asp	Ile	Glu	Ser	Lys	Asn	Lys	His	Gly
		260					265						270		
Leu	Thr	Pro	Leu	Leu	Leu	Gly	Val	His	Glu	Gln	Lys	Gln	Gln	Val	Val
	275						280					285			
Lys	Phe	Leu	Ile	Lys	Lys	Lys	Ala	Asn	Leu	Asn	Ala	Leu	Asp	Arg	Tyr
	290					295					300				
Gly	Arg	Thr	Ala	Leu	Ile	Leu	Ala	Val	Cys	Cys	Gly	Ser	Ala	Ser	Ile
305					310					315				320	
Val	Ser	Leu	Leu	Leu	Glu	Gln	Asn	Ile	Asp	Val	Ser	Ser	Gln	Asp	Leu
				325					330					335	
Ser	Gly	Gln	Thr	Ala	Arg	Glu	Tyr	Ala	Val	Ser	Ser	His	His	His	Val
			340					345					350		
Ile	Cys	Gln	Leu	Leu	Ser	Asp	Tyr	Lys	Glu	Lys	Gln	Met	Leu	Lys	Ile
	355						360					365			
Ser	Ser	Glu	Asn	Ser	Asn	Pro	Glu	Gln	Asp	Leu	Lys	Leu	Thr	Ser	Glu
	370					375					380				
Glu	Glu	Ser	Gln	Arg	Phe	Lys	Gly	Ser	Glu	Asn	Ser	Gln	Pro	Glu	Lys

385 390 395 400  
Met Ser Gln Glu Pro Glu Ile Asn Lys Asp Gly Asp Arg Glu Val Glu  
405 410 415  
Glu Glu Met Lys Lys His Glu Ser Asn Asn Val Gly Leu Leu Glu Asn  
420 425 430  
Leu Thr Asn Gly Val Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asn Gly Leu Ile Pro  
435 440 445  
Gln Arg Lys Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Asn Gln Gln Phe Pro Asp Asn Glu  
450 455 460  
Ser Glu Glu Tyr His Arg Ile Cys Glu Leu Val Ser Asp Tyr Lys Glu  
465 470 475 480  
Lys Gln Met Pro Lys Tyr Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu Gln Asp  
485 490 495  
Leu Lys Leu Thr Ser Glu Glu Glu Ser Gln Arg Leu Glu Gly Ser Glu  
500 505 510  
Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Leu Glu Asn Phe Met Ala Ile Glu Glu Met Lys  
515 520 525  
Lys His Gly Ser Thr His Val Gly Phe Pro Glu Asn Leu Thr Asn Gly  
530 535 540  
Ala Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asp Gly Leu Ile Pro Pro Arg Lys Ser  
545 550 555 560  
Arg Thr Pro Glu Ser Gln Gln Phe Pro Asp Thr Glu Asn Glu Glu Tyr  
565 570 575  
His Ser Asp Glu Gln Asn Asp Thr Gln Lys Gln Phe Cys Glu Glu Gln  
580 585 590  
Asn Thr Gly Ile Leu His Asp Glu Ile Leu Ile His Glu Glu Lys Gln  
595 600 605  
Ile Glu Val Val Glu Lys Met Asn Ser Glu Leu Ser Leu Ser Cys Lys  
610 615 620  
Lys Glu Lys Asp Ile Leu His Glu Asn Ser Thr Leu Arg Glu Glu Ile  
625 630 635 640  
Ala Met Leu Arg Leu Glu Leu Asp Thr Met Lys His Gln Ser Gln Leu  
645 650 655

<210> 306

<211> 671

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 306

Met Val Val Glu Val Asp Ser Met Pro Ala Ala Ser Ser Val Lys Lys  
1 5 10 15  
Pro Phe Gly Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Cys Arg Cys Phe  
20 25 30  
Pro Cys Cys Arg Glu Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val Gly Thr Ser Gly Asp  
35 40 45  
His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp  
50 55 60  
Cys Arg His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val  
65 70 75 80  
Gly Ala Ser Gly Asp His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Asn  
85 90 95  
Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Cys His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser  
100 105 110  
Gly Lys Ser Lys Val Gly Ala Trp Gly Asp Tyr Asp Asp Ser Ala Phe

		115					120					125				
Met	Glu	Pro	Arg	Tyr	His	Val	Arg	Gly	Glu	Asp	Leu	Asp	Lys	Leu	His	
	130					135					140					
Arg	Ala	Ala	Trp	Trp	Gly	Lys	Val	Pro	Arg	Lys	Asp	Leu	Ile	Val	Met	
145					150					155					160	
Leu	Arg	Asp	Thr	Asp	Val	Asn	Lys	Lys	Asp	Lys	Gln	Lys	Arg	Thr	Ala	
				165					170					175		
Leu	His	Leu	Ala	Ser	Ala	Asn	Gly	Asn	Ser	Glu	Val	Val	Lys	Leu	Leu	
			180					185				190				
Leu	Asp	Arg	Arg	Cys	Gln	Leu	Asn	Val	Leu	Asp	Asn	Lys	Lys	Arg	Thr	
	195						200					205				
Ala	Leu	Ile	Lys	Ala	Val	Gln	Cys	Gln	Glu	Asp	Glu	Cys	Ala	Leu	Met	
	210					215					220					
Leu	Leu	Glu	His	Gly	Thr	Asp	Pro	Asn	Ile	Pro	Asp	Glu	Tyr	Gly	Asn	
225					230					235					240	
Thr	Thr	Leu	His	Tyr	Ala	Ile	Tyr	Asn	Glu	Asp	Lys	Leu	Met	Ala	Lys	
				245					250					255		
Ala	Leu	Leu	Leu	Tyr	Gly	Ala	Asp	Ile	Glu	Ser	Lys	Asn	Lys	His	Gly	
			260					265					270			
Leu	Thr	Pro	Leu	Leu	Leu	Gly	Val	His	Glu	Gln	Lys	Gln	Gln	Val	Val	
	275						280					285				
Lys	Phe	Leu	Ile	Lys	Lys	Lys	Ala	Asn	Leu	Asn	Ala	Leu	Asp	Arg	Tyr	
	290					295					300					
Gly	Arg	Thr	Ala	Leu	Ile	Leu	Ala	Val	Cys	Cys	Gly	Ser	Ala	Ser	Ile	
305					310					315					320	
Val	Ser	Leu	Leu	Leu	Glu	Gln	Asn	Ile	Asp	Val	Ser	Ser	Gln	Asp	Leu	
				325					330					335		
Ser	Gly	Gln	Thr	Ala	Arg	Glu	Tyr	Ala	Val	Ser	Ser	His	His	His	Val	
			340					345					350			
Ile	Cys	Gln	Leu	Leu	Ser	Asp	Tyr	Lys	Glu	Lys	Gln	Met	Leu	Lys	Ile	
	355						360					365				
Ser	Ser	Glu	Asn	Ser	Asn	Pro	Glu	Gln	Asp	Leu	Lys	Leu	Thr	Ser	Glu	
	370					375					380					
Glu	Glu	Ser	Gln	Arg	Phe	Lys	Gly	Ser	Glu	Asn	Ser	Gln	Pro	Glu	Lys	
385					390					395					400	
Met	Ser	Gln	Glu	Pro	Glu	Ile	Asn	Lys	Asp	Gly	Asp	Arg	Glu	Val	Glu	
				405					410					415		
Glu	Glu	Met	Lys	Lys	His	Glu	Ser	Asn	Asn	Val	Gly	Leu	Leu	Glu	Asn	
			420					425					430			
Leu	Thr	Asn	Gly	Val	Thr	Ala	Gly	Asn	Gly	Asp	Asn	Gly	Leu	Ile	Pro	
	435						440					445				
Gln	Arg	Lys	Ser	Arg	Thr	Pro	Glu	Asn	Gln	Gln	Phe	Pro	Asp	Asn	Glu	
	450		</													



Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asp Gly Leu Ile Pro Pro Arg Lys Ser Arg  
 565 570 575  
 Thr Pro Glu Ser Gln Gln Phe Pro Asp Thr Glu Asn Glu Glu Tyr His  
 580 585 590  
 Ser Asp Glu Gln Asn Asp Thr Gln Lys Gln Phe Cys Glu Glu Gln Asn  
 595 600 605  
 Thr Gly Ile Leu His Asp Glu Ile Leu Ile His Glu Glu Lys Gln Ile  
 610 615 620  
 Glu Val Val Glu Lys Met Asn Ser Glu Leu Ser Leu Ser Cys Lys Lys  
 625 630 635 640  
 Glu Lys Asp Ile Leu His Glu Asn Ser Thr Leu Arg Glu Glu Ile Ala  
 645 650 655  
 Met Leu Arg Leu Glu Leu Asp Thr Met Lys His Gln Ser Gln Leu  
 660 665 670

<210> 307  
 <211> 800  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 307  
 atkagcttcc gcttctgaca acactagaga tccctcccct ccctcagggt atggccctcc 60  
 acttcatttt tggtagataa catctttata ggacaggggt aaaatcccaa tactaacagg 120  
 agaatgctta ggactctaac aggtttttga gaatgtgttg gtaagggcca ctcaatccaa 180  
 tttttcttgg tctccttgt ggtctaggag gacaggcaag ggtgcagatt ttcaagaatg 240  
 catcagtaag ggccaataaa tccgaccttc ctggttcttc cttgtggtct gggaggaaaa 300  
 ctagtgtttc tgttgctgtg tcagttagca caactattcc gatcagcagg gtccaggggac 360  
 cactgcagggt tcttgggcag ggggagaaac aaaacaaacc aaaaccatgg gcrgttttgt 420  
 ctttcagatg ggaacactc aggcataaac aggcacacct ttgaaatgca tcctaagcca 480  
 atgggacaaa ttgacccac aaaccctgga aaaagagggtg gctcattttt tttgcactat 540  
 ggcttggccc caacattctc tctctgatgg ggaataatgg ccacctgagg gaagtacaga 600  
 ttacaatact atcctgcagc ttgacctttt ctgtaagagg gaaggcaaag ggagtgaat 660  
 accttatgtc caagctttct tttcattgaa ggagaatata ctatgcaaag cttgaaattt 720  
 acatcccaca ggaggacctc tcagcttacc cccatatact agcctcccta tagctccctc 780  
 tctattagt gataagcctc 800

<210> 308  
 <211> 102  
 <212> PRT  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> VARIANT  
 <222> (1)...(102)  
 <223> Xaa = Any Amino Acid

<400> 308  
 Met Gly Xaa Phe Val Phe Gln Met Gly Asn Thr Gln Ala Ser Thr Gly  
 1 5 10 15  
 Ser Pro Leu Lys Cys Ile Leu Ser Gln Trp Asp Lys Phe Asp Pro Gln  
 20 25 30  
 Thr Leu Glu Lys Glu Val Ala His Phe Phe Cys Thr Met Ala Trp Pro  
 35 40 45  
 Gln His Ser Leu Ser Asp Gly Glu Lys Trp Pro Pro Glu Gly Ser Thr  
 50 55 60

gggtatacatg agcaaaaaa gcaagtgggtg aaattttttaa tcaagaaaaa agcgaattta 720  
aatgcgctgg atagatatgg aagaactgct ctcatacttg ctgtatggtg tggatcagca 780  
agtatagtca gccctctact tgagcaaaat gttgatgtat cttctcaaga tctggaaaga 840  
cggccagaga gtatgctggt tctagtcatc atcatgtaa 879

&lt;210&gt; 315

&lt;211&gt; 293

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapiens

&lt;400&gt; 315

Met His Leu Ser Phe Pro Ala Phe Leu Pro Pro Trp Met Asp Arg Gly  
5 10 15

Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val Gly Thr Ser Gly Asp His Asn Asp Ser Ser  
20 25 30

Val Lys Thr Leu Gly Ser Lys Arg Cys Lys Trp Cys Cys His Cys Phe  
35 40 45

Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val Val Ala Trp Gly Asp  
50 55 60

Tyr Asp Asp Ser Ala Phe Met Asp Pro Arg Tyr His Val His Gly Glu  
65 70 75 80

Asp Leu Asp Lys Leu His Arg Ala Ala Trp Trp Gly Lys Val Pro Arg  
85 90 95

Lys Asp Leu Ile Val Met Leu Arg Asp Thr Asp Val Asn Lys Arg Asp  
100 105 110

Lys Gln Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu His Leu Ala Ser Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser  
115 120 125

Glu Val Val Lys Leu Val Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys Gln Leu Asn Val Leu  
130 135 140

Asp Asn Lys Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu Thr Lys Ala Val Gln Cys Gln Glu  
145 150 155 160

Asp Glu Cys Ala Leu Met Leu Leu Glu His Gly Thr Asp Pro Asn Ile  
165 170 175

Pro Asp Glu Tyr Gly Asn Thr Thr Leu His Tyr Ala Val Tyr Asn Glu  
180 185 190

Asp Lys Leu Met Ala Lys Ala Leu Leu Leu Tyr Gly Ala Asp Ile Glu  
195 200 205

Ser Lys Asn Lys His Gly Leu Thr Pro Leu Leu Gly Ile His Glu  
210 215 220

Gln Lys Gln Gln Val Val Lys Phe Leu Ile Lys Lys Lys Ala Asn Leu  
225 230 235 240

Asn Ala Leu Asp Arg Tyr Gly Arg Thr Ala Leu Ile Leu Ala Val Cys  
245 250 255

Cys Gly Ser Ala Ser Ile Val Ser Pro Leu Leu Glu Gln Asn Val Asp  
260 265 270

Val Ser Ser Gln Asp Leu Glu Arg Arg Pro Glu Ser Met Leu Phe Leu  
275 280 285

Val Ile Ile Met  
290

<210> 316

<211> 584

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 316

```
agttgggcca aattcccctc cccctacagc ttgaagggga cataaccaat agcctgggggt 60
ttttttgtgg tcctttggag atttctttgc ttattttctt ctgggtgggg gtgattagag 120
gaggcttata actaatagga aggggagcta tagggaggct aggatatggg ggtaagctga 180
gaggctctcc tgtgggatgt aaatttcaag ctttgcatag tgtattctcc ttcaatgaaa 240
agaaagcttg gacataaggt atttcaactc atttgccttc cctcttacag aaaagggtcaa 300
gctgcaggat agtattgtaa tctgtacttc cctcaggtgg ccatttttcc ccatcagaga 360
gagaatgttg gggccaagcc atagtgcaga aaaaaaaatg agccacctct tttccagggt 420
tttgtgggtc aaatttgtcc cattggctta ggatgcattt caaagggtgag cctgttgatg 480
cctgagtgtt tcccatctga aagacaaaac tgcccatggg ttgtgtttgt tttgtttctc 540
cccctgcccc agaactatca aactcctgag ccaacaacta aaaa 584
```

<210> 317

<211> 829

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 317

```
attagcttcc gcttctgaca acactagaga tccctcccct cctcaggggt atggccctcc 60
acttcatttt tggtagataa catctttata ggacaggggt aaaatcccaa tactaacagg 120
agaatgctta ggactctaac aggtttttga gaatgtgttg gtaagggcca ctcaatccaa 180
tttttcttgg tcctccttgt ggtctaggag gacaggcaag ggtgcagatt ttcaagaatg 240
catcagtaag ggccactaaa tccgaccttc ctctgtcttc cttgttgtct gggaggaaaa 300
ctagtgtttc tgttgctgtg tcagtgcaga caactattcc gatcagcagg gtccaggggac 360
cactgcagggt tcttgggcag ggggagaaac aaaacaaacc aaaaccatgg gcagttttgt 420
ctttcagatg ggaaacactc aggcataaac aggtcacct ttgaaatgca tccaaagcca 480
atgggacaaa tttgacctac aaaccctgga aaaagagggt gctcattttt tttgcactat 540
ggcttggccc caacattctc tctctgatgg ggaaaaatgg ccacctgagg gaagtacaga 600
ttacaatact atcctgcagc ttgacctttt ctgtaagagg gaaggcaaag ggagtgaat 660
accttatgtc caagctttct tttcattgaa ggagaataca ctatgcaaag cttgaaat 720
acatcccaca ggaggacctc tcagcttacc cccatatact agcctcccta tagctccctc 780
tcctattagt gataagctc ctctaatac cccacccag aagaaaata 829
```

SECRET

MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR, FBI



FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-100000)

SUBJECT: [Illegible]

100-100000

DATE: [Illegible]

RE: [Illegible]

TO: [Illegible]

[Illegible text block]

[Illegible text block]

[Illegible text block]

[Illegible text block]

[Illegible text block]

[Illegible text block]

[Illegible text block]

[Illegible text block]

[Illegible text block]

[Illegible text block]

[Illegible text block]

(19) World Intellectual Property Organization  
International Bureau



(43) International Publication Date  
19 October 2000 (19.10.2000)

PCT

(10) International Publication Number  
**WO 00/61753 A3**

(51) International Patent Classification<sup>7</sup>: C12N 15/12,  
C07K 14/47, 16/18, 19/00, C12N 15/62, A61K 38/17,  
39/395, 48/00, C12N 5/08, G01N 33/574, C12Q 1/68

(74) Agents: POTTER, Jane, E., R.; Seed Intellectual Prop-  
erty Law Group PLLC, Suite 6300, 701 Fifth Avenue, Seat-  
tle, WA 98104-7092 et al. (US).

(21) International Application Number: PCT/US00/09312

(81) Designated States (*national*): AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU,  
AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE,  
DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU,  
ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS,  
LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ,  
PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT,  
TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW.

(22) International Filing Date: 7 April 2000 (07.04.2000)

(25) Filing Language: English

(26) Publication Language: English

(30) Priority Data:  
09/289,198 9 April 1999 (09.04.1999) US  
09/429,755 28 October 1999 (28.10.1999) US  
09/534,825 23 March 2000 (23.03.2000) US

(84) Designated States (*regional*): ARIPO patent (GH, GM,  
KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent  
(AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent  
(AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU,  
MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM,  
GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

(71) Applicant: CORIXA CORPORATION [US/US]; Suite  
200, 1124 Columbia Street, Seattle, WA 98104 (US).

Published:

— With international search report.

(72) Inventors: FRUDAKIS, Tony, N.; 7937 Broadmoor Pines  
Boulevard, Sarasota, FL 34243 (US). SMITH, John, M.;  
208 - 116th Place S.E., Everett, WA 98208 (US). REED,  
Steven, G.; 2843 - 122nd Place N.E., Bellevue, WA 98005  
(US). MISHNER, Lynda, E.; 6251 53rd Avenue N.E., Seat-  
tle, WA 98115 (US). RETTER, Marc, W.; 33402 N.E.  
43rd Place, Carnation, WA 98014 (US). DILLON, Davin,  
C.; 21607 N.E. 24th Street, Redmond, WA 98053 (US).

(88) Date of publication of the international search report:  
28 June 2001

For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guid-  
ance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the begin-  
ning of each regular issue of the PCT Gazette.

(54) Title: COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS FOR THE TREATMENT AND DIAGNOSIS OF BREAST CANCER



cDNA PREPARED FROM  
NORMAL BREAST TISSUE  
FROM THE SAME PATIENT

cDNA PREPARED  
FROM BREAST TUMOR

B18Ag1

(57) Abstract: Compositions and methods for the detection and therapy of breast cancer are disclosed. The compounds provided include nucleotide sequences that are preferentially expressed in breast tumor tissue, as well as polypeptides encoded by such nucleotide sequences. Vaccines and pharmaceutical compositions comprising such compounds are also provided and may be used, for example, for the prevention and treatment of breast cancer. The polypeptides may also be used for the production of antibodies, which are useful for diagnosing and monitoring the progression of breast cancer in a patient.

## A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC 7 C12N15/12 C07K14/47 C07K16/18 C07K19/00 C12N15/62  
 A61K38/17 A61K39/395 A61K48/00 C12N5/08 G01N33/574  
 C12Q1/68

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

## B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC 7 C12N C07K A61K G01N C12Q

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

EPO-Internal

## C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	WO 98 45328 A (CORIXA CORPORATION) 15 October 1998 (1998-10-15) page 2, line 7 -page 5, line 22 page 7, line 23 -page 24, line 11; examples 1-4 sequence listing SEQ ID NOs:1, 3-10, 227 ---	1,2,4-60
X	WO 97 25426 A (CORIXA CORPORATION) 17 July 1997 (1997-07-17) page 2, line 8 -page 5, line 11 page 7, line 14 -page 23, line 2; example 1 sequence listing SEQ ID NO:1, 3-10, 227 --- -/-	1,2,4-60

☒ Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.

☒ Patent family members are listed in annex.

## \* Special categories of cited documents:

"A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance  
 "E" earlier document but published on or after the international filing date  
 "L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)  
 "O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means  
 "P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed

"T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention  
 "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone  
 "Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art.  
 "&" document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search

8 August 2000

Date of mailing of the international search report

08.11.00

Name and mailing address of the ISA

European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2  
 NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk  
 Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl,  
 Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016

Authorized officer

MONTERO LOPEZ B.

## C.(Continuation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	WO 97 25431 A (CORIXA CORPORATION) 17 July 1997 (1997-07-17) page 2, line 3 -page 3, line 25 page 4, line 12 -page 17, line 18; examples 1-4 sequence listing SEQ ID NOs:1, 3-10 -----	1,2,4-10

**Box I Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of item 1 of first sheet)**

This International Search Report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:

1. ☒ Claims Nos.:  
because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:  
**Although claims 21, 22, 29-31 34 37-39 are directed to a method of treatment of the human/animal body, the search has been carried out and based on the alleged effects of the compound/composition.**
2. ☐ Claims Nos.:  
because they relate to parts of the International Application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meaningful International Search can be carried out, specifically:
3. ☐ Claims Nos.:  
because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).

**Box II Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)**

This International Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this International application, as follows:

**see additional sheet**

1. ☐ As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers all searchable claims.
2. ☐ As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.
3. ☐ As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:
4. ☒ No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this International Search Report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.:

**Claims 1, 2, 4-60 Partially.**

**Remark on Protest**

- ☐ The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest.  
☐ No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.



## FURTHER INFORMATION CONTINUED FROM PCT/ISA/ 210

This International Searching Authority found multiple (groups of) inventions in this international application, as follows:

1. Claims: Partially 1, 2, 4-60

Breast cancer related polypeptide B18Ag1, corresponding polynucleotides comprising SEQ ID NOs:1, 3-10, or 227, and derived oligonucleotides; variants thereof, expression vector and host cell comprising the same; antibody and diagnostic kit containing it, fusion protein comprising the polypeptide; pharmaceutical composition and vaccine comprising any of the above and use therefor in the treatment of cancer, and for removing tumor cells from a sample; use of the polypeptides for stimulating and expanding T-cells and use of such T-cells for inhibiting cancer development; use of the polypeptides for determining the presence of cancer or monitoring the progression of cancer in a patient.

2. Claims: Partially 1-60

Idem as subject 1 for Breast cancer related polypeptide and polynucleotide B21GT2 (B311D) comprising SEQ ID NOs:56, 307, 308, 316 or 317.

3. Claims: Partially 1, 2, 4-60

Idem as subject 1 for Breast cancer related polypeptide and polynucleotide B15Ag1 comprising SEQ ID NOs:27 or 290.

4. Claims: Partially 1, 2, 4-60

Idem as subject 1 for Breast cancer related polypeptide and polynucleotide B31GA1b comprising SEQ ID NOs:148.

5. Claims: Partially 1, 2, 4-60

Idem as subject 1 for Breast cancer related polypeptide and polynucleotide B38GA2a comprising SEQ ID NOs:157.

6. Claims: Partially 1-60

Idem as subject 1 for Breast cancer related polypeptide and polynucleotide B11Ag1 (B305D) and its isoform A comprising SEQ ID NO:292-306, or 309-315.

7. Claims: Claims: Partially 1, 2, 4-60,  
all as far as applicable

FURTHER INFORMATION CONTINUED FROM PCT/ISA/ 210

Breast cancer related polypeptides, corresponding polynucleotides comprising SEQ ID NOs:11-26 (inventions 7-22), 28-55 (inventions 23-50), 57-86 (inventions 51-80), 142-147 (inventions 81-86), 149-156 (inventions 87-94), 158-226 (inventions 95-163), 228-253 (inventions 164-189), or 255-291 (inventions 190-226), and derived oligonucleotides; variants thereof, expression vector and host cell comprising the same; antibody and diagnostic kit containing it, fusion protein comprising the polypeptide; pharmaceutical composition and vaccine comprising any of the above and use therefor in the treatment of cancer, and for removing tumor cells from a sample; use of the polypeptides for stimulating and expanding T-cells and use of such T-cells for inhibiting cancer development; use of the polypeptides for inhibiting or monitoring the progression of cancer in a patient, as far as applicable.

# INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

Int. Application No

PCT/US 00/09312

Patent document cited in search report	Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
WO 9845328 A	15-10-1998	AU 6956098 A EP 0975666 A NO 994932 A PL 336349 A ZA 9802968 A	30-10-1998 02-02-2000 07-12-1999 19-06-2000 27-10-1998
WO 9725426 A	17-07-1997	AU 1697497 A BR 9707125 A CA 2242340 A CN 1211279 A EP 0874902 A NO 983183 A	01-08-1997 20-07-1999 17-07-1997 17-03-1999 04-11-1998 10-09-1998
WO 9725431 A	17-07-1997	AU 1575697 A	01-08-1997

**PCT**

To:

SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW  
GROUP PLLCAttn. Potter, Jane E.  
Suite 6300701 Fifth Avenue  
Seattle, WA 98104-7092

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY  
LAW GROUP PLLC

## INVITATION TO PAY ADDITIONAL FEES

(PCT Article 17(3)(a) and Rule 40.1)

Date of mailing  
(day/month/year)

01/02/2002

Applicant's or agent's file reference

210121.41930

PAYMENT DUE

within 45 ~~xxxx~~ days  
from the above date of mailing

International application No.

PCT/US 01/ 16776

International filing date  
(day/month/year)

22/05/2001

Applicant

CORIXA CORPORATION

## 1. This International Searching Authority

- (i) considers that there are
- 255
- (number of) inventions claimed in the international application covered by the claims indicated
- ~~xxxx~~
- on the extra sheet:

and it considers that the international application does not comply with the requirements of unity of invention (Rules 13.1, 13.2 and 13.3) for the reasons indicated ~~xxxx~~ on the extra sheet:

- (ii)
- ☒
- has carried out a partial international search (see Annex)
- ☐
- will establish the international search report on those parts of the international application which relate to the invention first mentioned in claims Nos.:

1-17 partially

- (iii) will establish the international search report on the other parts of the international application only if, and to the extent to which, additional fees are paid

## 2. The applicant is hereby invited, within the time limit indicated above, to pay the amount indicated below:

EUR 945,00	x	254	=	EUR 240.030,00
Fee per additional invention		number of additional inventions		total amount of additional fees

Or, \_\_\_\_\_ x \_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_

The applicant is informed that, according to Rule 40.2(c), the payment of any additional fee may be made under protest, i.e., a reasoned statement to the effect that the international application complies with the requirement of unity of invention or that the amount of the required additional fee is excessive.

- 3.
- ☒
- Claim(s) Nos.
- further info
- have been found to be unsearchable under Article 17(2)(b) because of defects under Article 17(2)(a) and therefore have not been included with any invention.

Name and mailing address of the International Searching Authority

European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2  
NL-2280 HV Rijswijk  
Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl,  
Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016

Authorized officer

Henriëtte Huysing-Solles

1. The present communication is an Annex to the invitation to pay additional fees (Form PCT/ISA/206). It shows the results of the international search established on the parts of the international application which relate to the invention first mentioned in claims Nos.:

see 'Invitation to pay additional fees'

2. This communication is not the international search report which will be established according to Article 18 and Rule 43.

3. If the applicant does not pay any additional search fees, the information appearing in this communication will be considered as the result of the international search and will be included as such in the international search report.

4. If the applicant pays additional fees, the international search report will contain both the information appearing in this communication and the results of the international search on other parts of the international application for which such fees will have been paid.

#### C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category °	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	WO 97 25431 A (CORIXA CORP) 17 July 1997 (1997-07-17) see SEQ ID NO: the whole document ---	1-17
X	WO 97 25426 A (CORIXA CORP) 17 July 1997 (1997-07-17) see SEQ ID NO: 1 and 2 (pp. 34-37) page 1 -page 23; claims 1-42; figures 1,4,6; examples 1-4 ---	1-17
X	WO 98 45328 A (CORIXA CORP) 15 October 1998 (1998-10-15) see SEQ ID NO: 1 and 2 (pp. 34-36) page 1 -page 33; claims 1-49; figures 1,4,6; examples 1-4 ---	1-17
P,X, L	WO 00 61753 A (CORIXA CORP) 19 October 2000 (2000-10-19) L: priority page 1 -page 33; claims 1-60; examples 1-4 -----	1-17



Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.



Patent family members are listed in annex.

#### ° Special categories of cited documents :

"A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance

"E" earlier document but published on or after the international filing date

"L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)

"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means

"P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed

"T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention

"X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone

"Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art.

"&" document member of the same patent family

Patent document cited in search report		Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
WO 9725431	A	17-07-1997	AU 1575697 A WO 9725431 A1	01-08-1997 17-07-1997
WO 9725426	A	17-07-1997	AU 728777 B2 AU 1697497 A BR 9707125 A CA 2242340 A1 CN 1211279 A EP 0874902 A2 JP 2001501447 T NO 983183 A WO 9725426 A2 US 6225054 B1	18-01-2001 01-08-1997 20-07-1999 17-07-1997 17-03-1999 04-11-1998 06-02-2001 10-09-1998 17-07-1997 01-05-2001
WO 9845328	A	15-10-1998	US 6225054 B1 AU 6956098 A BR 9808509 A EP 1127893 A2 EP 0975666 A2 JP 2001521384 T NO 994932 A PL 336349 A1 TR 9903154 T2 WO 9845328 A2 ZA 9802968 A HU 0001270 A2	01-05-2001 30-10-1998 18-09-2001 29-08-2001 02-02-2000 06-11-2001 07-12-1999 19-06-2000 21-08-2000 15-10-1998 27-10-1998 28-07-2000
WO 0061753	A	19-10-2000	AU 4213000 A EP 1169444 A2 NO 20014805 A WO 0061753 A2	14-11-2000 09-01-2002 06-12-2001 19-10-2000